JAIMINISUTRAS

ENGLISH TRANSLATION WITH

FULL NOTES AND ORIGINAL TEXTS IN SANSCRIT AND TRANSPITERATION

By

B SURYANARAIN RAO, BA, MRAS, FRHS. Member of the Medico Logal Society of New York, Member of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Diplomed Bio Chemist, Author of the Never To Be Forgotten Empire; Haider Ali or Sultan of Mysore; The Astrological Self Instructor; Astrological Mirror; Astrological Primer; Karma and Chemistry. An Introduction to the Study of Astrology in the

> Light of Modern Sciences . · English Translator of Sarvarthachintaman. Bribat Jataka,

REVISED AND EDITED BY HIS GRANDSON

B. V RAMAN, D SC., FR A.S., M.R A.S., Editor, The Astrological Magazine

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BANGALORE-S

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BY B V RAMAN, DSC, FRAS, MRAS, Editor, The Astrological Magazine

I have the pleasure to present herewith the third and revised edition of the English Translation of JAIMINI SUTRAS by my revered grandfather late Professor B. Surya narain Rao.

Jamini is held in very great esteem throughout India not only for his philosophical aphorisms but for his astrological writings also

JAIMINISUTRAS as presented in these pages deals with a system of astrology that has no parallel in the existing methods. The Setras are hard nuts to crack and Professor Rao has tried his atmost to explain the aphotisms as clearly and convincingly as possible.

I have not inderfered with either the translation or the notes as given by Prof Reo for fear of affecting the sense. I have however added my own remarks by way of annota tions wherever I felt that an aphorism or aphorisms required further elucidation

Professor Rao is the only scholar in India to have attempted an English Translation of Jaimini. Therefore the cultured public should feel grateful to him for having enabled them to have access to a system of astrological literature which is unique in its own way. My own publication STUDIES IN JAIMINI ASTROLOGY is under preparation and it deals with the Jaimini system in an exhaustive manner.

The Translation herewith presented has been thoroughly revised by me and it is hoped reacers will be highly benefited by a careful study of his book.

BANGALORE }

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PREFACE

The best Indian sciences, religion, philosophy, dramas literature politics and epics are the productions of the Maharishis. These are intellectual giants like the Hima layan Mountains and all others in the world are pigmies before them. The why of this may not be known to us, but the facts are there. Works, therefore, from the brains of the Maharishis stand unrivalled and they are colossal in nature. Maharishi Jaimini is a great intellect and his sutras are very valuable. I make no apology to introduce them to the public in the simplest, English garb. The sutras will and have to speak for themselves. They are more than five thousand years old and valuable to command attention and respect from all classes of readets. Indian or Foreign Those which have stood brilliantly for 5 or 10 thousand years old without losing their brilliancy are real intellectual gem which everybody should covet to possess. These five thousand years instead of diminishing their lostre, have added further brills ancy to the sutres. The commentators have done invaluble service and all their extensive interpretations and clear arguments, cannot be incorporated or embodied in short notes of mine If they are to be assimilated into the real explana tions of the sutras, the bulk of the present volume would increase by ten fold and cause tremendous discouragement to the students who would like to pursue the easiest way, and learn something of Jaimini sutras, which have been sealed letters to the Fuglish knowing public Even the great Sanskrit scholars find the sufras hard nuts to crack and often they give them up for want of patience, devotion and tech nical difficulties in the way. I have been only a student in Astrology and kindred sciences, although I have had 55 years of study and practice. Astrology is a grand ocean, contain-

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ing four hundred thousand stanzas or verses, and require, certainly centuries for its grasp and comprehension. After all our brains can take in only a few stanzas from the extensive literature, but for brilliant intellects, a knowledge of the few fundamental principles, will enable them to grasp the sciences and make good progress in the course of a few years I have done my best in this English Translation. and I leave the readers to judge of my horest labours in propounding sutraic principles. Within my humble knowledge none of our learned scho'ars seem to have taken the trouble, or made attempts to translate these aphorisms of Maharishi laimini and I am proud to say I am the first in the field of translation to have undertaken this difficult task. Constructive criticisms are always welcome and I shall be grateful to them who offer such observations. Destructive criticisms must be treated with supreme contempt. One who is not an adept in a subject will be a sorry critic. He can be left alone.

INTRODUCTION

An Introduction to the valuable lauminishtras will be an uncalled for luxury The profundity and brevity of these sutras have called forth the highest admiration from all readers during the last fully centuries. My pen is too humble to do them justice or bring their majesty before the public in that dignified form in which the original sutras stand in Sanskrit They eloquently speak for their intrinsic value. To frame short sutras with comprehensive meanings is not given to ordinary mortals Maharishis of Araya vartha alone have framed sutras. None else could do them No one has done them in the world. It requires not only the command over the Sanskrit language but it also requires consummate scholarship in the Science of Astrology and kindred subjects to frame sutras The readers should parti cularly remember that Jyothisha in Sanskrit means light and the cense which sees and feels the light. It is the clear vision of the Vedas. Of the Vedic shadangas this is the most important. Without the help of Ivotisha. Vedas would be blind. We want clear Light over all our events, nast, present, and the most desirable future What other sciences can pretend or have pretended to do this service for mankind? From where and from what previous states of existence have we come? What will be our success and failures in the p esent state and where are we going to live after the senaration of Jeeva from the Deha or the Life from the physical structure? What are our thoughts, deeds and aspirations in this life, and how far do we succeed in our aims and in what manner can we do so? Do the planets influence us and are we directed under their command? If not, what have they to do with us? How do they exercise their influences over us? and how can we correctly calculate them and guide our destinies in their light, averting evils and enhancing good. Who are the most famous writers on Astrology, and what are their pretentions? Are there any other sciences which can help us in these directions?

All these and many more pertinent and relevent questions are asked both by believers and non believers of this science Such questions are no doubt very important and are to the point I am proud to say that almost all-such relevent or irrelevent questions on Astrology and remedies prescribed by Astrology and Dharmasastras, have been clearly and convincingly answered by me in my Introduction to the Study of Astrology in the Light of Modern Sciences The Introduction extends over 78 pages of closely printed matter and I must refer my readers to that for fuller details and information. Jaiminisutras have not been translated into English by any body in India, so far as my knowledge goes Neither is it so very easy to translate cutras into proper English The meaning of a small satra cometimes may be developed into stout printed volume English language is incapable of framing sutras and much less for their being translated into concise and short sentences. In its present form and construction the English language is quite unfit for framing sutras These sutras are profound scholarly and unique in their composition and defy all competition. They comprehend a vast amount of knowledge in the shortest forms possible and have been frame I graciously by Maharishi Jaimini, for the benefit of the world He openly 13 so In the end of these sutras the author remarks that all that he has written is quite true, as these truths have been propounded by the still earlier Manatishis Pitar aha or Brahma, Vyasa, Parasara, Vas sta, Girge Bhrigu Surya, Chandra, Bribaspathi, Sukra,

M sharishi has explained the Astrological principles, will surely make the students masters in this line

æ.

The sutras being short and sweet can easily be committed to memory and this is the greatest advantage San-krit sutras possess over other languages in the wold I have quoted the original sutras in the transliteration system so that those who know Sanskrit may easily follow the sutras and my translation and notes and correct any mistakes, which may have crept into my translations either through ignorance or oversight. I have given the original Sanskrit words and have explained them in easy Logi sh as I have understood them Sanskrit alone commands sutras We have Brahmasutras or Uttara Mimamsa by Vyasa, Jaimini sutras or Poorva Mimamea Gribvasutra. Vvakarana-utras. and other sutras on various subjects by Maharishia Such wonderful display of sutras is quite peculiar to Sanskrit and I have not heard of the existence of such a system of sutras in any other language in the world

Those who are better scholars than myeel in Astrology Astronomy, Sankrit and English may point out my inaccu racies correct them for the benefit of the world and thus earn not only my gratitude but also of the cultivited huma mity in general. Since this translation is the first of its kind in the field on Jaminisutras. I recommend this work to all lovers in astrology. Those who do not believe in Astrology will do well to read the translation and apply the principles to their own horoscopes and see how betutifully the results agree with the positions of plants. Pully to s-nenes and literalure requires every sensible man, vho has the good of humanity at heart, not no neglect any I ranch of knowledge, without fair red reasonable trials. We have no reason to

Marichi, Palaha, Pulisa, Maya and other eminent scientists. The treatment of the different Bhavas, Rasis and Planets will be found a little confusing in the beginning but with some nationce, diligence and practise the peculiarities of his system readily yield themselves to our comprehension and enable us to read the full horoscopes in the light in which Jaimini has explained them for our benefit. He gives various Lagnas. Hora Lagna, Ghatika Lagna, Upapada Lagna, Varnada Lagna and so forth His Dasas are mostly founded on Rasis and Navamsas. The calculations backwards and forwards for odd and even signs trouble the reader to some extent. The extent of Dasas differs from the ordinary conceptions as explained by the general principles of Astrology. Constellations have not been given prominence Brahma, Rudra and Maheswara Dasas are peculiar in these sutras. While the language is graceful, the interpretations are taxing, difficult and suff. A vast amount of general knowledge is needed for the proper interpretations and comp chension of these sutras. It is ascerted by so e that Jaiminisutras extend over 8 Adhyayas I have seen only four and have not come across the rest I am on the look out for them and by chance I may have the good lack to discover them in some old palace or private libraries* I shall trans'ate the other two Adhyayas at an early date. The two Adhyayas, I have now translated, are complete in themselves and will be found to be of the highest "valueto the students in astrology. The masterly way in which the

Prof B Suryanaran Rao tried his utmost to secure the other two
chapters his could not succeed. However I am on the look-out
and hope to be successful o my attempts. I am incorporating a
lot of useful information hear of on Jamessur's as in my forthcomme hook S weeks in Jamess Africa's.

PRELIMINARY OBSERVATIONS.

The name of Mahatishi Jaimini is held in high esteem and reverence among the Sanskrit writers of eminence and probably he is held only next to Maharishi Vedayyasa. Taiming is the disciple of Vyasa, and desides being a writer of various treatises and the Emc Jaimini Bharata, he is the famous author of Poorya Mimamsa Sastra, and these able aphorisms in Astrology called after his name as the Jaiminisufras. The Maharishis, so far as their intellectual development was concerned, stood altogether on an unique pedastal unapproached by any other authors in the world They expanded their intellects not by ordinary study, patient labour and devotion but by the mystic processes of Yega. Thus expanding their mental vasion by a po pliar process still naknowa to the greatest Scholars of the present day, they were able to grasp the causes and effects of the celestral and terrestrial passamena with the greatest case and on a scale of understanding and comprehension of facts at which the present generations, stand surprised and wonderstrock. Take Maha ishi Velavyasa the great grand-son of Vasista, the grand son of Sakis, the son of Parasara and the father of Mahanshi Shuka who is held in the highest esteem by the great Rashis themselves for his piety. Brahmagnana, and unalloyed parity of life. Vy a has written 13 Puranas including the Mah bharata, encloing the immortal Bhagayadgita. great Siddhanta after his name on Astronomy, several works on Astrology and the most profound Brahmasutras, called Uttara Mimarisa. This colossal collection of literature relating to all branches of human knowledge stands as a monument to the grandeur of his glorious intellect and it will be a real surprise to the cultured public, if any other name in the world could be compared to this intellectual giant. In be the meaning, and I can assure my readers that in the translation of these difficult sutras I have taken the greatest care to bring out the correct meaning of the Maharishi in his inimitable work the J iminisutras. Everyone cannot compose a sutra A sutra, to be a sound one, must have certain characteristic features and unless these conditions are satisfied they cannot pass muster under the heading of a sutra. In English, so far as my humble knowledge and practical experience go, it looks impo sible to frame a sutra as the Sanskrit authors have composed and conceived it. The defects of languages cannot be set right, by cidinary men and it is hopeless to make such attempts. Jaiming through his great sympathy and love for the people framed these sufras and they have to be interpreted on certain principles which the Sanskrit writers have laid down for our guidance and education. The brievity of a sutra is its distinguishing feature, and it can easily be committed to memory even by the ordinary students. Somehow or other, Sanskrit language seems to have a close affinity to strengthen and improve memory. Have we ever seen an advocate or a judge, who is able to repeat a few sections of any legal book? Is there any English knowing person who can repeat a play of Shakespeare or a few pages of any dictionary? In Sanskrit, Dasopanishads are easily committed to memory. There are Dwivedis and Thrivedis who easily commit to memory one, two and three Vedas and repeat them with an ease which surprises the hearers. There are many who have committed to memory the Sanskiit lexicon "Amara" and quote its stanzas offhand with the greatest ease. Bhagavata, Bhagavata, Ramayana and other extensive works are easily committed to memory. havias and Natakas. Emics and Dramas forming exception. memories?

Astrological literature, whether it be astronomical calculation or astrological Phalabhaga, has been committed to memory

and I can repeat more than 2 or 3 thousand slokas, without any paper or pencil. The discussion of the learned Brahmin Pandits, is a source of great delight to the audience. They bring neither books, nor notes, nor papers, nor any references when they come for great assemblies where their knowledge in the several branches of Sanskrit will be tested and where they receive due rewards. The greatest Indian Pandit has hardly anything which deserves the name of a library, where as the poorest equipped English reader kee s up a decent library. Are not then the heads of these Pandits more valuable than the heads of the greatest English schoars who have to refer to books for constant renewal of their

JAIMINISŪTRAS

ENGLISH TRANSLATION

ВУ

Professor B SURYANARAIN RAO, BA, MRAC

ADHYAYA 1—Pada 1.

॥ सूत्रशासम् ॥

१. उपदेशं व्याख्यास्यामः॥

Su. 1 - Upadésam Vyakhyasyamah

I shall now explain my work for the benefit of the readers and shall give them proper instructions to understand the subject

NOTES

Upadesa means literally bringing one close to the object and make him understand the truth Upi samip disantic cause to sit—taking one close to the true object of his search, making him sit there and see clearly with himmental vision, the truths of the Science Jamini observes that he will take the subject of Astrology in Phalabbaga or Predictive portion, introduce the readers and disciples to the principles of Astrology and make them see the truths and realise their grundeur by personal experiences. He expands the subject in his own in mutable style and trues his best to put yast quantities of Astrological knowledge in the fewest possible Aphorisms calle the Sutros This word Upa occurs in Upanajana as making a man see the grundeur of Parabrahma, and Upanishod or taking one nearer to God and

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Urosana carrying the same idea and making the person see the object of his search and bring him into closer contact with it

- २. अभिषद्भंति ऋदाणि ॥
- Su. 2.—Abhipasyantı rılshanı.

The zodiacal signs aspect each other (in their front).

३. पार्श्वभेच॥

SU 3 - Parswibhe cha.

Excepting the next zodiacal signs to them.

४. तिन्नष्टाथ तहन्॥ -

Su. 4 -Thunnishthascha tadi at.

Those planets which occupy such signs will also aspect the planets found in such houses.

also aspect the planets found in such hou

noris

Unless easy explanations are offered and illustrations are given the nearings of these Sarakit Sutres will sot become intelligible and convincing to the readers.

JAIMINISUTRAS

Mithuna as the signs in front and daspect them. From the 3rd sutra it is signified that the zodiacal sign next to Aries, 112, Vrishabha is not aspected the sign Mithuna is not aspected by Vrishibha, Kataka is not aspected by Mithuna, Simha is not aspected by Kataka and so forth Following this rule all the Charagans or movable signs aspect all the Shira rasis or fixed signs excepting that which is next to it and all the fixed signs aspect the movable sums exc pling that which is next to it. The double bodied signs aspect each other. In none of the current astrological b oks is mentioned the fact of the aspecting of zodiscal signs of the planets which are in them in this particular manner In the 4th Isutra, reference is made to planets o cupying those houses, and exercising a pectal influences as the houses themselves are said to do I will give a few illustrations to exemplify if the above enunciated principles

HUST12		o exemp	only dru
Vicena	\ esha		
Kum bha	DIAC	L VAN	<u>kı</u>
Maka ra	1-		Sim³ i
D1a nts	Vris chika	Thula	Kany
fired s	izn atr	ects th	• mora

*Contar rass aspect Mirro rass spect Cl tra rass, Safer rass spect Cl tra rass aspect the District rass aspect Metha is morable and Vrishabha next to it is fixed Metha is said to aspect the fixed signs except the one which is next to it Metha aspects the fixed signs except the one which is next to it Metha aspects the fixed signs except Simba Vrishelka and hum bha but not Vrishelba which is close to it Vrishabha, a

fixed sign aspects the morable signs Kataka, Thula and

चर घा त्रिना स्थास्तु विश्वासत्त विना चरम् ॥ सुरम स्वेन विषा सुग्न पर्यक्षत्यवसायसः ॥ Makera but nct Mesha which is close to it. Mithuna, Kanya, Dhanus and Meena the four double bodied or common house-aspect each other and there is no difficulty about them Kataka, a movable sign, aspects Vrischika, Kumbha and Vri-habha, but not Simha which is close to it. Thula a movable sign aspects Kumbha, Vrishabha and Simha but not the fixed sign Vrischika next to it.

Virichika a fixed sign aspects Makata, Mesha and Kataka lut not Thula which is close to it. Makara a movable sign aspects these fixed signs Vrishabha, Simha and Virichika but not Kumbha which is close to it. These aspects of Rasis have peculiar influences and they are taken into consideration in these Jaminisutras.

	Ravi	Budha	Sukra	l
Chan dri, Kuji	EYA	MPLC	,	
	Sar	 	Guru	

According to the above surror and the explanations as understood by me, the following aspects have to be noted in the example marginally given Ravi is in a movable sign and does not aspect Budhi but aspects Simha, Virischika and the planet Sam in it and Kum bha and Chai drain it Budha aspects Katika, Thula and Makara and Kun whols in

that sign. As per above principles, Rasia aspect, each other and also the platets in them. The planets aspect each other art Islica tile Rasis, incutional in the Sutrai. In the above il unitation Sokra are ets Kanja with Guru in it, Dhanus and Meera and Gittu aspects, I harous, Yeena and Mithura with Sokra in it. As per general principles in use in astrology, the aspects of planets in the above disgram are thus

'determined-B dha and Sani aspect each other Sani aspects Kuja and Simba, 3rd and 10th Guru aspects Kuja, Meena and Budha, toe 5th, 7th and 9th, Kuia aspects Mesha with Ravi in it. Kataka and Simha or the 4th 7th and 8th houses and planets in them Chandra aspects Simha These are details which have to be borne in mind by the readers, who are anxious to master the technicalities of these Sutras Jaimini is very cautious in his statements. He asks his readers to study the general principles of astrology, and along with their applications to the practical side of horos copes he directs them to remember the general and special principles which he has explained in his learned work and make predictions taking both the influences mentioned in the general works and also the principles he has explained with particular care and on his own responsibility, into consideration. Rays and Sans in the diagram according to ordinary astrology do not aspect each other, but in making predictions, ve have not only to ascribe the gene at 6th and 8th positions, of the Sun and Saturn from each other but also the special aspect influences which laimin has named here For a novice in general astrology, these observations of the Maharishi may appear quite novel but a little practice of these principles along with those of the general principles current with the astrologers, will show that there will be no difficulty and the predictions based on these combined influences will be found to be more accurate and to the point. The preliminaries should be carefully studied and remembered and the readers should put them cautiously into practice. Theory and practice will make a man perfect

५. दारमाग्यश्क्रस्थार्गला निष्यातुः ॥

6

Su. 5 — Darabhagyas ilasthargala nidhy ituh The fourth, second and eleventh places (or planets in them) from the aspecting body are Argalas

कामस्यातु भूयसा पापानाम् ॥

Su 6 -- Kamasthathu bhunasa yayanam

Malefics in the third from the aspecting planet give rise to evil Argala

७. रिफर्जिचकामध्या विरोधिनः ॥

Su 7-Rihpha neecha kamastha 1110dhinah Planets in the tenth twelfth and third from

Argala cause obstruction to such Argala ८. न न्यूना र्विवलाश्च ॥

Su 8-Na nyuna ubalascha

If planets obstructing argala are fewer or less powerful than those causing Argala then the power of the Argala cannot be affected

८ प्राप्त्रक्षिकोणे ॥

Su. 9 -Pragvattril one

The houses or planets in thrikonas (5 and 9) similarly influence the Argala

१० विषरीतं केतोः ॥

Su. 10 Viparectam kethoh

In the case of Kethu the formation of Argala and obstruction to it must be cilculated in the reverse order.

NOTES

These sutras require elaborate notes as they are highly technical in nature Unless these are properly under stood, further progress in Jaiminisutras will become difficult and doubtful. In Sanskrit Mathematics, pneumonics of a peculiar land are used and these must be properly mastered.

In Sutras 22 and 33 of this Pads, Jaimint gives a clue to the decipherment of his Sutras 1 have to anticipate a few of the future Sutras here, for the great author himself does so

St 32 — Sarvatra savarna Bhava Rasayah

Su 33 — Ila grahah

In the in heration or designation of the Rasis and the Bhanas, (Signs and Significations) the author has used for the sake of ubbreviation turnas or single letters. But in the case of planets he has not done so, which means, he has used the proper names of the planets and rot any letters to indicate them. I shall explain these differences in the notes below. We have in Sanskirt a subra called \$Ka\$, Ta, Pir Yadi—These are also called the Vargas—Lavarga, Tanarba, Pararga and Yavarga haverga contains Aadi.

[&]quot;Thought for fill Survanora also last clue date! the abbre at one used by Jamin to mply numerals I propose to make some of ersations for the lenefit of the reasor. The system of paramon of crystals are stated by the same transfer of the Sankit alphabetials cleen used in the place of the numbers 1-0 soil eroto expressional ero. The care different variants of it assister but I had leaf an other stoomoulya cepted method of () act 197 (and the works de error. The letters in succession beginning with 1 a (8), Ta (7), Ta (9) and had (9) denote the defining a connection of the connection of the stoom of the connection of t

Nava or nine letters commencing from Ka thus—Ka, Kha, Ga, Gha, Jna, Cha, Chha, Ja, Jha, or nine letters

Tavarga or Tadinava—nine letters beginning with Ta—Ta Tia, Da 'Dha, Na, Tha, Thha Da, Dha, Of the mne letters of Ta verga. Paverga or! Padi Pancha—five letters commencing liftom Pa They are Pa, Pha, Ba, Bha, Ma five letters Yaverga yadjashkua or eight letters itom Ya They are Ya Ra, La, Va, Ssa, Sha, Sa and Ha for the 8 letters of Ya verga Atch having learnt these the next suira in Sanskirit Mathematics is Ankanam Vamato gatihi. All figures in Astronomy, Inscriptions and Mathematics is should be read in the reverse order of as the Mohammedans read from right to left. The explanations of the following suiras make these aphorisms easy to under stand

denotes a number. According to this system therefore the letters

denotes a 2	amber Mee	orang to the	o system in	erefore the	ibireta
<i>ta</i> (45)	ta (*)	pa (¶)	ya (4)	denotes	1
kha (ਓ)	tta (উ)	pha (%)	ra (f)		2
ga (ग)	da (3)	ba (*)	la (₹)		3
gha (U)	dha (8)	bha (4)	ra (₹)		4
nga (T)	n_3 (q_1)	ma (17)	552 (A)		5
cha (F)	tha (4)		sl a (7)		6
chha (3)	thha (4)		sz ({₹})		7
ja (司)	da (1)		1 a (T)		8
tha (SI)	dha (17)				3

Ar 5 it to left arrangement is employed in the formation of chronograms is the letter denot in units form a first vittlen then follows the letter lenoting the tens fluto and so on a c.

ra ma 2 5=5

Jamn dv les the figure so obta ac l by loan l takes the remander as denot no a part cular ago of the rod ac as reckened from Mesha Jaimini uses the word Argala to Imean a sort of obelectron or impediment for the free flow of sign or plane
tary influences. A planet in a critain house from any desired
Bhina or signification or planet, prevents or obstructs the
progress of the influence and thereby diminishes its value and
usefulness. These five Satras give explanations about these
Argala influences and obstructions and they must be carefully
treasured up

There are two varieties of Argua shubba or beneficial, and papa—or malefi

Data contains two Sarskitt leters do and ra Datac cording to Trataging enables, represents the 8th letter in the group and hence stends for the figure 8 Par represents the 2nd letter in the Yiergi, and hence stands for the digit 2—thus we have by it word data 82.

Reading this by the above multientalical Sutra in the reverse order we get 28. There are 12 signs or rasis and when 28 is divided by 12, we git 4 as the remander. Therefore Orra meros the fourth houle, representing the Argala from any desired significance or planet. Now the peoplicity is this Dara in Surskitt language means wife and in general astrology, when we say Dara or Darastana, we signify the 7th house from Logica for a male horoscope. But Dara in Jaminia by the rules he has laid down means feur and not State.

Bhopp., By the letter interpretation process—Bha, is the fourth in the Paranys and stands therefore for 4 Gys in Sanskiri is composed of Gs, and Ya the letter underneath the former Gs, and in all compound or conjoined letters the lover letter has to be taken into account and not the upper Thus we have here Is and it is the first letter in I sanses.

and stands for 1. We have therefore 41 Reading in the reverse order we get 14 and this divided by 12 will give us a temsinder of 2 Bhagya-2 Therefore the 2nd house or Planet from any given Bhava-ilso becomes an Argala planet or obstruction. Sala is composed of Sas and La. In the Yavarya, Sas stan Is as the fifth letter and represents 5 La represents the 3rd letter in Yavarya and therefore stands for 3 We thus get the figure 53. But reading in the reverse order we have 35. Divided by 12 we get a remainder of 11 and thersfore Sala stands for 11 Those planets which are in 4, 2 and 11 from any Planet or Bhava in question or under consideration, become classified as Argala and obstruct their influences.

In Sutra 6 if many evil planets more than two as the plural is used, are found in Kama or 3rd house, they also then become Argala Ka stands as in Kayarga and Ma stands as 5 in the Pavarga Therefore we have 15 Reading in the reverse order we get 51. Divide this by 12 and we have the remainder 3 Therefore Kama stands for the 3rd house Kama in Sanskrit means Cunid, passions, wife and desires. In the coneral astrological literature Kama means the 7th house representing husband or sufe as the horoscope may belong to a female or a male human being. But by the interpretation by letters as directed by the author, it means the third. As it is stated here, the planets become Aragla in the 3rd only when there are more than 2 evil planets in the 3rd from the nuestioning planets or Bhava But suppose there is only one evil planet in the 3rd house, then by implication it does not become Argala for the planet or Bhaya

In Sutra 7, Ripha meins 10 Ra in Yatarga stands for 2 as it is the second letter from Ya and Pha is the second letter in the Pavarga and therefore represents 2, putting

together w. get 22. Divide this by 12 we have a balance of 10. Neerha stands for 12 Vi, represents O in the Tayarga as it stands as the 10 h from Ta and therefore represents a cipher. We have only 9 And as or digits and the 10th shows a zero Cha stands as the 6th letter from Tavarga and represents 6, putting together we have 06 Reading in the reverse order we have 60 Divided by 12 there will be no balance but the author asks the readers to take always the last balance and woen 60 is divided by 12 it goes four times (43) and the last bilance is 12 Therefore Neecha stands for 12. Kama, we have already seen means 3 Those planets which are in 10, 12 and 3 form an obstruction to the Argala mentioned in Su'ra 5 Here pro bably the meaning is that the Argala influences, formed by planets mentioned in Su'ra 5, good or bad, are them selv-s modified or obstructed by the plan-tary positions mentioned in this Sutra Those planets which are in the 5th and 9th or Totikonas counteract the influences of the Argala planets as explained before It has been already stated that certain planets in certain houses cause Argala or obstruction and taose which are in the 5th and 9th counteract these Argala influences

Coming to Sutra 8 if fener planels or powerless or disabled planets cause obstruction in Sutra 7 to the Argala generated in Stira 5, then they will not affect the power of that Argala. Here it means that the obstructure 'regala created in Sutra 7, unless the planets are strong, will not be able to obstruct the Argala influences caused by plinetary positions mentioned in Stata 2

Sutra 9 is clear and needs no further explanation

With reference to Ketou the order must be reversed (Sutra 10) The 9th from Kethu becomes Argala and the 5th from him becomes Pratiba dhaka or obstruction. The name of Rahu is not mentioned in the original, but some commentators two do po non that the mention of Kethu is enough to include Richi Suras are short and certainly require clearer explanations. Those b neficial planets who are in Direc 4, Bhraya 2 and Shalir II from Kethu co not form Argala. In mice is in 3rd and 8th from Kethu do not form Pipingals or evil obstruction. Argala seems to be a sort of force or energy, clus d by certain positions of the planets, and this energy may be benefit into or malicious Power may be good or bud as it is used.

In the case of Rshu and kethu the Argala results must be calculated in the reverse order. From the 11th must be successful and a successful and the student in determining the lord-ship of the various relations and events, which have to be taken into consideration, in the enter of an individual.

११. आत्मादिकः कलादिभिर्न भोगः मप्तानामष्टानावा ॥

Su 11—Atmadhikaha kaladibhir nabhogassaitanamashtanamvi

Of the seven planets from the Sun to Saturn, or the eight planets from the Sun to Rahu, which ever gets the highest number of degrees becomes the Atmological.

NOTES

The word Ashtansmva is emphasised because Rahu, instead of being mixed with other planets, see 1-x to have been "eparated for a certain set purpose. The meaning becomes evident when we refer to Parusara ac ording to whom also, Rahu fills up the gap—when two planets (of the seven) possess the same number of degrees.

If two or three planets obtain the same Kalas or degrees and minutes, they are all merged into one Karala or Lord ship over some event in the himan life. The vacarcies caused by the merges of two or three planets into one have to be supplied by Rahu in the reverse of order. The other Karaka will be supplied by the Naisargila harakas or permanent Lords. This is a difficult Sutra and requires some clear explanations. While all the planets have got movements from left to ng t or direct, Rahu and Ketu move in the reverse order or from right to left. The first is called the Sarram or Pradok-hiram dextral) and the other is called the Atasarvam or Attradal hinam (s nistral) Rahur and Kethu have no houses but Jaimini gives lord-nip of Kumbna to Rahu and Vnechika to Kethu. They have been given lordships over some human events. In any horoscope, the first duty of an honest astrologer is to find out, the exact positions of all the planets. This implies a good knowledge in Astronomy and astrolog co-mathematics. Then the degrees, minutes and seconds of the positions of the planet are calculated and placed correctly hen the student will be able to find cut which plane has got the highest number of Kalas or degrees in a horoscope. Whoever has got the highest number of halas, becomes the Alma K rel : These Karalatwas or Lordships, therefore can be acquired according to these Satras by any planet Whereas in Naisargika Karakas or permanent lordships are fixed for ever. In Nassargika, the Karakas or Lordships are thus detailed -

In Brihat Jataka, Ravi, Crandra Sani and Sukra are given different Karakaships Dira arl isukrov pitru matru jounganilmi. This means that persons born during the day have the Sua and Venus as fords of the Jather and mother tors, by a judic ois use of them suitable to times and con ditions of life Maharishis by their expanded vision, watched and recorded their experiences from different mental visions, and gave principles in all such surfaces, which, though con tradictors on the surface, will be found to be agreeable on a deeper analysis. Different systems have ment oned different periods for death and o ber important events of human life. Bhattotpala, the great commentator of Varahamibira's works, hits on a nice system of reconciliation and I refer my readers for clearer explanations on my notes to Dissantardasa chapter in Brithat Jula's. A man may like to to 70 or 80 years and may have passed through various critical conditions. He will be killed in the period of the strongest death inflicting planet and have critical dangers during others and periods.

Take the longevity question. We have the Udu Dava or length of life measured by the planets according to the constellations ruling at birth. We have secondly kalachakra Dassa and the longevity given by them. Third, we have the Graha Dit a p n.layurjogi or the term of life given by all the planets to the Foetus a the time of conception. Fourth,

lives for 50 years and gets various periods of longevity from 3 years to 50 years. The suggestion of Bhattotpala stands to reason. Suppose the eight systems give the following terms of life-3, 10 15, 20, 27, 35, 40 and 50, we are asked to prescribe the longest term obtained as the longevity, and the terms indicated by the other systems will be periods in the life of the person which will be very critical and during which he will suffer from severe diseases dangers or accidents, but he will manage to get over them and live up to the longest term, viz. 50 years as shown by one of those systems. Jaiministicas offer the same evolunations. In the typical case of Sani, Chandra and Rays, representing a father in the case of a single person then the age and prosperity of the

father will be determined by the most powerful among them It may also lappen that by the three systems Ravi may become the lord of father. Then he will live longer and be

more prosperous and happy

plied by Rahu. As Rahu and Kethu move in the reverse, they will be considered as getting the highest number of degrees when they are at the beginning of a sign. In the above illus tration, suppose Sani has 29° and 10' in Aries as also Chandra Then they will naturally have travelled all over Mesha and will be within fifty minutes from Vrishabha Sani and other planets move from Mesha to Vrishabha Mithuna, Kataka, and so forth. Whereas Rahu moves in the reverse order, viz . from Vrishabha to Mesha and Mesha to Meena Rahu will have obtained 29° and 10", when he is 50' from Meena, for Rahu gains each degree as he enters Mesha from Vrishabha and moves on to the 1st degree of Mesha before he enters into the next s gn Meena Here as Chandra has merged into Sani, Rahu takes that karakat va which Chandra as a separate planet wull have taken Sut pose Bulha also gets the same degrees, and these three represent one karakatwa or signifi-Suppose now brothers have to be represented Then Jai nini says take the Nisarga Karaka. Kuja and give him the control over brothers, etc. attributed to huja in the general literature in Astrology

१२. मईप्रेबंधमोतयोः ॥

Su 12 -Saceshlau bandha Wolshanoh

Atmakaraka gives bad and good results by virtue of malefic and benefic dispositions such as debility, exaltation, etc.

NOTES

When the Atmaharaka is in exaltation or in b-nesscial Rasis or conjunctions shouth the person is imprisoned he will be lib-rated, will live in holy places and will have Molado or final Emincipation. But when he is in Neecha Rass or with evil conjunctions and aspects he will be impair somed, will suffer from chains and other tortures, and will not have Moksha. But if this debilitated planet has beneficial aspects or conjunctions, he will be liberated. The idea seems to be the securing of final salvation. If the Atma karaka is evalted and has beneficial aspects and conjunctions without any miliciouslindinences the man will get the final Bliss called Moksha, so ardently covered by all devotees and the yogis. They desire nothing more than this state of Bliss. Here Bandha and Moksha may be interpreted as makefic and benefic results.

१३. तस्यानुसरणादमात्यः ॥

Su 13 -Thasyanusaranadamatyaha

The planet who is next in kilus or degrees to the Atmakaraka will become Amatuakaraka

NOTES

By careful mathematical calculations the student should first find out the positions of planets correctly in degrees and minutes. Then fix them up in the horoscope and place the Lagna also in degrees and minutes. It will be very easy to fix all the planets and also the Lagna in their vergas or minute divisions by proper calculations. Unless this part of the work is done satisfactorily the application of the pinciples of Astrology, cumunitated by Jamilin or other Maharichis will not be possible. And when the foundation is not nell laid and solidly built, the superstructure can never be durable or latting. After the planets are placed correctly in their degrees and minutes, if becomes easy for a student to find out who gets the highest number of degrees or Ka'as. Whover gets the largest number take him as

the Atmakaraka. The planet who gets the next highest degrees will be Amatyakaraka. Probably when the Amatya or Mantrilaraka is powerful and well combined and aspected the person will become a great Minister or Councillor. But when he is ill combined and badly aspected and debilitated he becomes an evil councillor or an advisor who brings digardee on himself and also on those to whom he offers his counsel.

१४. तस भाता ॥

Sv. 14.—Tasya bhratha.

The planet who gets the highest number of degrees next to Amatyakaraka becomes Bhratruka. raka or gets lordship over brothers.

NOTES

If the Biratrukaraka is deblitated, joins evil placets and has malicious aspects then there will be ruination to brothers. He will have no brothers or, if he gets them, they will die or become wretched, poor and disgraceful. If on the other hand, the Bhratrukaraka is exalted, well combined and well aspected there will be plenty of brothers and prosperity and, success will attend on them. In the world we have experience of various sorts and all these are indicated by the astrological authors.

१५. तस्य माता ॥

Sv. 15 .- Tasya matha

The planet who gets the highest number of degrees next to Bhratrukaraka becomes lord of the mother or Matrukaraka.

१६. तस्य प्रत्रः ॥

Su. 16 .- Tasua putraha

The planet who is next in power in degrees to Matrukaraka becomes the lord of the children or Putral araka

NOTES

The Sanskrit Sciences have attached the greatest importance to the birth of children. Without children a home is designated as a burial ground or smasana or cemetry Aputrasya gaternasts observe the Vedas. This means that a man who has no children will have no heaven or Moksha There is a special Hellish River called the Put One Who. has no Putra will not be able to cross this river Put. He is called a Potra who enables the parents to cross this river. If he does not cross it he will have no salvation and he cannot go to regions of bliss. In this world what can give a person greater pleasure than the possession of healthy, intelligent obedient and prosperous children. What can dleight the hearts of the parents more than the claving round about the n of their happy children. Cut the work of creation continue without children ? If there are no children then the human species n ust cease to exist an i the world will be depopulate i Children thus become an absolute necessity, for the continuation of the human species. But in getting children there is a very great variety. Temperaments are virious and curi us. It is no doubt a source of great pleasure for a man to have children but viat is the good of getting bad, defoured, repulsive, ungrateful, deprayed and rescally children who are untazonistic to ti eir parents, who are im noral cleats and otherwise quite undesirable to soci tv. to the ration and to the family. Where the Putrakaraka is well situated. exalted, in good Shadvergas, in beneficial conjunctions and aspects, the children will be blessed with all the virtues which make them agreeable happy, prosperous and dutiful to parents. The greatest Epic in India, viz., Ramayana teaches the excellent duties of children towards their parents and Sri Rama is the noblest conception and embodiment of the duties towards the parents, relations, friends and the public citizens under his royal care.

It is better to have no children than to have bad and ungrateful ones

१७ तस्य ज्ञातिः॥

Su 17 —Thasya gnathihi

The planet who gets less degrees than those of Putrakaraka becomes Gnathikaraka or Lord of the cousins

Among all the nations of the world, cousirs form one important item, in making the domestic circle-happy or un-happy. This is specially so among the Hindus, whose laws of inheritance and succession to property are peculiar and very complicated. There are maternal and paternal cousins and nephews. The last are the most formidable when they are adversely situated and most favourable when they are sympathetic and loving. The condition of the plauets who become Gnathikarakis will determine the attitude of the cousins and the rules for judging of these, have already been laid down in the previous notes and explanations.

१८. तस दाराश्र ॥

Su 19 - Thasya darascha

The planet who gets less degrees than the gnathikaraka becomes Darakaraka of Lord of wife. karaka becomes Matrukaraka, and the planet next in degrees to Matrukaraka becomes putrakaraka. What Jaimini appa entity means is that by the planet next in degrees to Bhratru karaki, may be forefold about the prospority and adversity of the mothers and the ichildren. Since Jaimini gives pida, gbatika and upapada Lagnas as also the Lagon for the consultation for results, difficulties and confusion have been removed and the welfare and misfortunes of mather and children may be easily analysed and predicted.

२०. भगिन्यारतस्थालः कनीया जननी चेति ॥

Su 20 —Bhaginyarathissyalaha kiniyaji jananeecheti

Some say that from Kuja should be ascertained particulars regarding brothers and sisters, brother-in-law, younger brothers and step mothers Some others hold that predictions relating to step mother should be made from the 8th house However this latter view is not approved by all

NOTES

From Ara or Luja the sisters, wife s brothers, younger brothers and mother must be examined In Sutras 15 and 16 reference to find out the lord of mother has been made Why then again mention about mother Here from Mars we have to find elder and younger sixters, brothers of wife, younger brother, step mother and the maternal aunts Ara or Kuja is the permanent or Naisargika Bhratrel araka or lord of brothers Som-authors by pronouncing Arathia in short A, make it A=0, Ra=2 and Tha 5=0 26 and reading it in the

reverse order we get 620. This divided by 13 will give us remainder 8. And ask the readers to find out the above events from the 8th house from Lagna. Jaimin does not approve of it.

२१. मातुलादयो वंधवोमातृसज्ञातीया इत्युत्तरतः ॥

Sv. 21.—Mathuladayo bandharo matru sayatiya ittyuttarataha.

From Mercury should be ascertained details relating to maternal uncles, maternal aunts and other maternal relations.

NOTES

Take the planet next to Ara or Koja and he will be Bodha. The order of the planets roust always be remembered as in the week days—Ravi, Chandra, Mangyla, Budha, Guru, Sukra and Sani Therefore when the author says Utrariacha or take the next planet, it clertly means Budha. From Budha, maternal aunts, maternal uncles and other maternal relations like step mothers should be found out Thus says ome others. This means that Jaimini is to the agreement with the views of these writers. Like Kichit in Brihat Jatika, Eley in Jaimini is used to indicate other schools of thought in Astrofysical productions.

२२. वितामहा पविषुत्रातिति गुरुषुम्वादेव जानीयात्।। Su. 22-Pulamahou pathunutanati guru-

Su. 22-Pitamahou pathiputraciti gurumukhadera janiyyat.

From Guru the spaternal grand-mother and grand-father, the husband and children must be found out.

२३. पारनीपितरी श्रशुरी मातामहा इत्यंतेवामिनः॥

Sv. 23.—Patnipitarau swasuron matamaha, ityante rasinaha.

From the next planet from Guru, viz.. Sukra, the parents of the wife, or parents-in.13w, paternal and maternal aunts, maternal grand-father and grand-mother, and Ante Vasina or disciples must be found out.

NOTES

If two or three planets get the lordship by getting the same degrees, then find out who has got the greater number of minutes and seconds, and if the planets are equal in all these degrees and minutes and seconds then we are recommended to take the Nisarga or permanent lords for the welfare of the particular events. I shall give here the Nairargika lordships of planets.

Rave-Atmaprabhavasakti or soul force, reputation, vitality and father.

Chandra Manas, Matru, Man, or Mind, Mother and

Gems
Kuja-Bhumi, Satwa, Bhratru, or Lands, Strength and
Brothers.

Budha--Pragnya, Matula, Buddhi, Vacha or intelligence, uncle, wisdom and speech.

Garu-Putra, Vid; a, Dhana, Gnana, or Children, Education, Wealth and Spiritual development.

Salra-Kama, Indriasukha, Kalatra-passion, tense pleasures and wife-

Sam-Ayushyam, Jeevinopayam, Maranam-longevity, means of livelihood and death

Rahu-Matamaha or maternal grand father, Vishakaraka or lord governing poison-

Kethu-Pitamaha or paternal grand father and Kaivalya karaka or one who gives final bliss

I have given here only the most salient points, and for greater details I refer my readers to my English translation of Sarwirthachintemans

२४. मंदोज्यायान ग्रहेषु ॥

St 24 - Mandonjijam Graheshu

Among all the planets, Ravi, Chandra, Kuja, Budha, Guru, Sukra and Sani, Saturn is the least powerful

NOTES

Varaha Mihira observes in acribing the Veeryabala thus—Sa, Ku, Bu, Gu, Su, Cha, Ra meaning Sani is the least powerful in Veeryabala, next comes Kuja, then Budha, then Guru, then Sukra, then Chandra and Ravi represents the strongest in Veeryabala Some writers and commentators give the following interpretation which may also acceptable Mandejjayan Itiyutiarataha Next to Sukra comes Sau in Suita 23 Therefore from Sani must be found out the prosperity and misfortures of the elder brothers

२५ प्राचीयृत्तिर्विषमभेषु ॥

Su. 25 — Pracherruthhrvishama bheshu In all odd signs the counting must be in the right direction.

NOTES

Mesha, Mithuna, Sima, Thula, Dhanas and Kumbha are odd sigas. In all these signs the counting must be from left to right. I will explain in clearer terms. Say we want the 5th from Mesha. Then count as Mesha, Vrishabha, Mithuna, Kataka, Simha and so forth.

२६. पराष्ट्रत्योत्तरेषु ॥

Su. 26.—Paravratyouttareshu.

In even signs the counting must be in the reverse order.

NOTES

Take Vishabha and we want the 6th from it. There we get Virshabha, Mesha, Meeua, Kumbha, M kara and Dhanas Take Thula. It is an odd sign, suppose we want the 4th. Then Thula. Virschika, Dhanas and Makara. Take Virschika, Thula, Kanya, Simha, Kataka and Mithuna. In fact in all odd signs the procedure is in the right direction, In even signs we count backwards like the movements of Rabu and Kethu in reverse order. Then follows a short but very difficult Sutra. Brevity may be the soul of composition, but it will be the thorny path to the commentators and readers, with ordnary utelligence and education

२७. नकचित्॥

Su. 27.-Nahwachit.

In some places or signs this does not apply.

NOTES

Here the brevity of the Sutra offers the greatest confusion. What are the places or signs where these rules do not apply When a general principle is Inid down why should there be any exceptions. If we had not excellent commenta tors, who were almost equal to the original authors and some of whom were even superior to their originals, many of the Sanskrit Sciences would have been sealed letters and none of the modern scholars though brilliant, have got that spiritual capacity and concentration of mind to enable them to go beyond the screens and find out the literary gems which were hidden in the deep mines of Sanskrit Literature, If the ancient authors have been held as great benefactors to the literary world, the commentators for those works, should be considered even as greater benefactors. What would have been the use of the Vedas, if they had not been handled by the renowned two commentators Rhatta Rhaskers and Vidvaranva Sanskrit Sciences a e put in technical styles and suiras and unless the commentators are scholars of great genius and of equal capacity, the original works would have remained almost and inaccessible unintelligible to the modern generation For in this suira there are two words Na nega tive and Kvachit, at times or occasions We have no clue to when and how these two words have to be used or interpreted. Gathering information from the aucient commentators. this sutra signifies while the general rule is to count regularly in all odd signs and in the reverse order in the even signs. this rule does not apply to Vrishabla and Vrischika and to Kumbba and Simba. Here it means that in the even signs of Vrishabba and Vrischika, instead of counting to the reverse order we have to count in the right way and in Kumbha and Simha instead of counting in the right way, we have to count in the reverse order. In other signs where such exceptions obtain they will be pointed out in their proper pices

२८. नाथान्ताः समाप्रायेण ॥

Su 28 -Nathaanthassamaprayena.

Many of the writers are of opinion, that the *Rasi Diea (Period of the sign) extends over such number of years which are counted from the Rasi to the place where its lord is located.

ETTO/

Take Mesha, its lord is Kuji San he is in Simba Count from Mesha to Simha we get 5. This will be the number of years of Rasi Dasa given by Mesha In all other works, Dasas and Bhukties (Periods and sub-periods) are given only to plucets but never to the zeducial signs, Jamini gives Rasi Dasas as a poculiar feature of his immortal works. I shall it to explain this sutra in full as otherwise my readers will be surrounded by many deubts and difficulties and may understand the sutra altogether in a very priverted series. The number of years of the Rasi Dasa is determined by the number of Rasi which its lord has travelled from it at birth. Take a horo cope and follow the research of

	dra Lagna Rahu	Sanı	
Ravi Budha Guru	RISI		
Sukra	kuja Ketha		

We want to find out the Dasa periol of years given by Mesha. Its lord is huja He is found in he 7th house from Mesha. Therefore Me shi Davin extends for 7 years. We want the Dasa period given by Dhunis. He lord in the 3rd house from Dinnas' rate diversione the length of Dasa of Dhanas wil be 3 years. This points row clear in the property of the period of the period of Dasa will be 3 years.

[&]quot;I have it curred I' is Disa at considerable length in my book & coursely Jamen da rough

Jaminisutras the lords of the houses are those which are recognised by the astrological works in general and I presume the possession of this elementary knowledge in my readers The lords of the 12 godineal signs are the following regularly from Mesha, viz., Kshitija Kuja, Sita Sukra, Gna Budha, Chandra Moon, Ravi Sun, Soumya Budha, Sita Sukra, Avanij .- Kuis, Suraguru-Inniter, Manda Sani, Souri-Sani, Guru-Inputer-Vide my translation of Brihat Jataka, These same planets are also lords of the Amsas or other minuter divisions like Drekkana, Navamsi and Dwadasamsa Diffe rences of opinion obtain in all branches of knowledge These differences may arise from various causes. World presents such a complicated and comprehensive phenomena that two observers trying in different directions may find different results from the same re earch or one result from different substance. Take one illustration Two doctors. men of high culture with ting s of original genius, far re noved from each other and quite strangers may go on experiment ing to find out the best anti-late for fever. Each may deal with different sets of articles and find a resultant, which will have the eft acy of completely curing fever and all such disorders Similals in Astrology. Comperaments differ so radically in so re cases that those who watch them I conly get ourgled over them and faul to account for such structe pheromena.

If the lord of the Rasi is in bis own house, the sign gives 12 years of life. If he is in the 12th house the Rasi cives a similar period. If he is in the scond house he gives one year. Some say he gives two years. The word protyres expelles a great deal. If the lord of the Ramins is in excitation be will add

one more year to the number he gives by his position Take Vrischika and Kuia in Makara Here he is in the 3rd house from Vrischika and therefore gives 3 years But as he is in evaltation one more year is to be added and thus the Rasi gives four years. But if he is in debilitation he takes away one year Thus if we take Mesha and find Kuja in Kataka, then he will have to cive four years as Kataka is the fourth from Mesha but his debilitation has taken away one year and instead of four years he gives only three years. There are two signs according to Jaimini which have two lords instead of one granted by the rules of general astrology. Vrischika has two lords, viz, Kuja and Kethu and Kumbha has Sam and Rabu. In this case if the two lords are in the sign, then the Rasi gives 12 years of Dasa. If one of them is not there then the presence of the other gives no years. When both of them are not in the Rasi, then find out tht Dasa years by the stronger of the two planets. Suppose one of these two one is in his own house, and the other in a different house, then count up and take the planet in his own house in preference to the other who is in a different house Take Kumbha, It has two lords Rahu and Sini. Sami is in Makara and Rabu is in Mesha. Here we have to prefer S m to Rahu as he is in his own house and therefore the longevity or Dasa given by Kumbha will be 12 years as Makara is the 12th from Kumbha.

If out of the two lords, in other houses one is with an other planet or planets and the second is not with a planet then take the planet who is in conjunction with another planet Suppose both of them are with other planets. Then take the lord who is in conjunction with a larger number of planets Suppose both of them are with the same rumber of planets,

Then find out the strengh of the Rass and whichever is more powerful take the planet in it. Here I shall evplain what is meant by the strength of the Rasi. The fixed signs are stronger than movable signs. The double bodied signs are stronger than the fixed ones. If even here the strength of the two lords is the same then take that lord who gives the larger number of years. In this way we have to find out who is the more powerful of the two lords and ascribe the Rasi Dasa accordingly. If one of them is in exaliation he should be preferred. In this way find out the causes of strength to the planet and then pre-cube the Rasi Dasa years to it.

२९. यावदीशाश्रयं पदमृक्षाणाम् ॥

Su 29 - Yaradeesasrayam padamrukshanam

Arudha lagna is the point obtained by counting as many signs from the place of lord of lagna as the lord of lagna is removed from lagna

NOTES

Here Arudha or pida Lagoz is explained. The lord of the Lagoz at birth must occupy some house. The sign which measures from him in the same number as he is from the Lagoz will be called Pada Lagoz. Take an example.

	Chan dra Rabu Lagna	Sam
Ravi Bhdha Guru	RASI	
Sukra	Kujs Kethu	

Here we have to find out the Pads Light. The lord of Lagna in Saltra He is in the 8th house from Lagna. The 8th from Sultra becomes pada. Here the 8th from Sultra is hatala. Therefore it becomes the Aradha valte and Lagna. The uses for which these various I salter on Jain Lagna are enumerated here will be explained in the property of the salter on Jain which the various I salter on Jain which the various I salter on Jain which the property of the property of

३० स्रस्पेदाराः॥

St. 30 -Smithe daraha.

If Lagnadhipathi is in 4, then the 7th becomes Pada Lagna.

NOTES

Dara as we have seen is 23, d vided by 12 giving a remalider 4. If Mesha is Lagna and Kuja occupies. Kataka, he will be in the 4th from it. The 4th from Kataka, viz., Toula will be the Pada Lagna.

३१. सुतस्ये अन्म ॥

Su. 31,-Sutastejanma

If lord of Lagan is in the 7th from Lagan, then Lagan itself becomes Arudha Lagan.

NOTES

His gives another example. If the lord of Lagar is one to 7th, the 7th from it will be Lagar its 1 and this become paid or Aradia Lagar 52/4 mer represents 7 and 12 and cates 6. This will be 67. Divided by 12 we get the remainder 7 and the slate the 7th house is in heated. The Mitharism gives those two examples so that his reafers may make 70 mistakes or misinterpretation about the Suters. I hope my readers now have fally understood what is meant by Parla Lagar. In this suter, as the lord of the Lagar is in the 7th, the 7th from it will be Lagar its 11. In this case both Lagar and Parla Larna are one and the same.

३२. मर्वत्रमवर्णा मात्राराद्ययः ॥

SJ. \$2 - Sarvatrasat ura Uhat trusajaha.

All Rasis and Bhavas are studied by Varnada Lagni Hence it will be explained in this aphorism.

Raghavabhatta, Pantha, Nilakanta and other older commentators have given the fullest notes and details on this sutra and I have to take the readers along those intricate paths They have introduced Varnada Lazna, Ghatika Lagna, Hord Lague and other details The following is the full exposition for all these. Readers are advised to have large fund of patience and devote some time to master these In all the following satrus of Jaimini, Varnas or details Katapayadı letters are used to ind cate Bhavas and Rasis. But for clanets their various names are used and they should not be interpreted with the help of such le ters. For those who are born in odd signs count from Mesha in the regular order, for those who are born in even signs count from Meena backwards till we get to Busya Lagny and keep these figures on one side. Again count for those who are born in odd signs from Mesha to Hora Lagna in the regular order and for those born in even signs count from Meena to Janma Lagos in the reverse order, and deduct the smaller figures from the larger and counting again from Mesha forwards to the number of remain ler, and fix that Rasi as the Varnada Rass for old signs and for persons born in even signs count ing back from Meens to the number of Rasis given by the fgare, take that Lagna as the Partada Ligar. This will certainly be not intell and , unl sa a few examples are gi en here to i'u trate the principles involved Varieties of Larras will to explained here

like: It was used in Jamini means the ordinary Lagra as is mertioned in the ordinary books on Astrology. The a so that rises at birth on any particular day.

Chandra Lagna-or the Janua Rasi, is that sign in which Chandra is stuited at the time of birth. This is determined by the constellation ruling on that day.

Pada Lagna—means that sign in number again from the position of the Lord of Lagna which he occupies from Lagna.

Hora Lajna—Take the time of birth from the sunrise and fixit in ghitis. Then divide this number by 23 which is called a Hora and the number thus, obtained represents the Hora Lugni. Take an excuple. A man was born on the 3rd of the solar month Kumbha at 14 ghitis after source.

Now 14½ ghatis divided by 2½ will give us 5 and 2 ghatis as a remainder. Therefore the Hora Ligas falls in the 6th from Kumbha — Kanya. Take a person born on the 2nd of the solar month. Verschika at about 29 ghatis aft it successful to the solar month. Verschika at about 29 ghatis aft it successful to the solar month. Verschika at about 29 ghatis aft it successful falls in 5 brain so coupled by the San, ers., Verschika or it falls in Thula the 12th from it. If, suppose the man is born on that day at 48 ghatis after the sanrise then divid this by 2½ ghatis. We get 19 and a remainder of ½ ghati. Therefore the Hora Lagaa falls in the 20th. As there are only 12 signs, deduct this figure from 21 and w. girl. Therefore the Norw Verschika will be the Hora Lagaa and it falls in Michana. Here also the order, already named for old and leven sign, should be observed.

Ghaliki Layar—From the suarise to the time of birth find out how mins givithan hive passed and find out the R isi which falls at the time, and this will be easy to understand. Say a man is born at 25 ghalis after success on the 2nd of Vishthan Miss. Then take 25 gives a logarif from

Imagine here the conception of the minuteness of time by the Maharshis and their intellect. A day in the culculation of Hindu astronomers contains the above number of Tatpiras. This can possibly be conceived by the highest, human intellect under the highest page and experienced Dirtys Drists of Diring Nation and can never be the work of ordinary mortals however high their genus may be I leave my reafers to judge of these facts with their own intelligence and not be guided by the stayal theory of Hindus burrowing their Astrology from the barbarous Greeks and Chaldeans. Has any mun in the world conceived divisions of time more minute? If so, who is he and where can we find him.

३३. नग्रहाः ॥

Sa. 33 -Nagrahaha

Varnada is not to be applied for the planets but only for Rasis

In all the sutras of Jarman the Kr. To, Po., Yadi sutra of interpreting the Larguige should not be applied to the planets. The author means that the grahas or the planets are designated by their various names and never by the letter, system.

३४. याबद्धिवेकमात्रुत्तिमानाम् ॥

Su 34 - Yaradwivekamavrittirbhanam. .

Divide Rasi Dasas by 12 and distribute the same to the 12 Rass in proportion to the Rasi Dasa periods to get sub-periods. The counting should be from right to left if lagna is odd sign and vice versa if even.

NOTES

Interpreting of Viveka—Va ‡ Va.+ Kn.1—or 441 or reading in the reverse order we get 114. All the Raisi put together at 12 each will come up to 144. Take the Rais Dass years and divide that into 12 bhagas, multiply the Mesha Data Rais by 12 Then divide the total by 12 and the quotient will represent the Untardasa years. Even here the readers are edvised to count and follow the odd and even the targets and the right and 1-ft diections as has been already explained. Surais are meant really for those who have bright Bargain.

३५ होरादयः मिद्धाः ॥

Sa 35 -Horala and laha

From the g nerd literature of Astrology learn all the details ab w Hora, Drellana, Saplamsa, Natumsi, Divilasimsi, Teimsimsi, Shistiamsa,

NOTES

Where the Maharishi does not differ from the ordinary rules of Astrology, he says siddaha, meaning they are ready at hand from able astrologers. Wherever he cuts a new path he indicates the lines of research on which be proceeds. These commentaries are written by Neelakanta and go under the name of Subola The term Subola means that the commentaries are written in such an easy and convincing style that even ordinary readers and stadents can easily grasp the ideas explained by the levrned commentator. I have also consulted other learned commentators.

End of First Pada of the First Adhyaya ॥ इति प्रथमाध्याये प्रथमपादः ॥

11 सम्रमास्म ॥

ADHYAYA 1-PADA 2

१. अधसाँशोग्रहाणाम् ॥

Su. 1-Athasuamsograhanam.

Having determined the Atmakaraka from among the several planets, ascertain the results of his Navamsa position

NOTES

Among all the planets commenting from Ravi find out who gets the greatest number of degrees and minutes and determine, as per pinciples alreally explained, who becomes the Atmakraka. In Sutri 11 of the first pads it has been clearly enumerated that whichever planet gets the highest

number of degrees and minutes, he becomes the Atmakaraka, Such a plane, whoever he may be among the nine planets, must occupy some Navamsa. In all the future sutras, the effects of such Navamsa occupied by the Atmakaraka, the planets who are there and the planets wan aspect such Navam a, will be clearly detailed. Find out by mithe initical calculations the position of all the planets in degrees and minutes and then the results can easily b foretold in the light of the following sutra. Find out the Atmakaraka and place him in the proper Navamsa.

Prepare also the Navamsa

२. पंचमूपिकमार्जाराः ॥

Su 2.—Pancha mwshika marjaraha

If the atmakaraka occupies Mesha Navamsa, then the person will be subjected to the fears and bites of rats, cats and other similar animals.

NOTES

Partial mans one or Mesha. Partiands for 1 marger. Class ands for 6 in the Tavarge. Thus we get 16, realing in the reverse order weight 10. Divide the by 12 weight the remainder 1 and this stands for the first aton in the Zod are of Mesha Navanes.

३. तत्र पत्रपादः॥

Sv. 3 -Tathrach stushpadah 1

If Atmakaraka is in Taurus Navamsa, there whibe fear from quadru rds

NOTES

house from Mesha or Vrishabha Navamsa If Atmakaraka occupies Vrishabha Navamsa the person will have gains and bappiness from quadrupeds like cattle, horses, elephanta, etc. Some commentators say he will have troubles and worries through them. I think when Atmakaraka is weak or has evil aspects or associations troubles should be predicted. Others write prosperity from them.

४. मृत्यों कंडू: स्वीरवं च ॥

Su 4 -Mrithyow kandustoulyancha

If Atmakaraka occupies Mithuna the person will suffer from corpulence, itches and cutaneous eruptions.

NOTES

Ms represents a and Ya represents 1 or 51 reading inversely we get 15 Divided by 12 we ha e the balance of 3 and this represents the 3rd Navamsa from Mesha or Mithuna

५ द्रे जलइष्टादिः ॥

Su 5-Durejalakusladı

If the Atmakaraka occupies Kitaka Navamsa, dangers and troubles come from watery places and leprosy.

NOTES

Ds stands for 8 and Rs represents 2 or 82 Reversing it, we have 28 Divided by 12 we get the balance of 4 and this refers to hatakn as the fourth from Mesha. Dirty form of leprosy or watery disease rises from blood corruption and the use of fifthy water

६. शेषाः श्वापदानि ॥

Su 6 Seshaswapadarı

If the Atmakaraka joins Simha Navamsa, troubles will come through dogs and such canine animals

NOTES

San represents 5 and Sha indicates 6 or 56 reading back wards we have 65 Divided by 12 we get 5 remainder and Simba counts as the 5th from Mesha Here in all these Sutras the class of animals or diseases is indicated and the reader has to use his intelligence.

७. मृत्युवज्ञायाविकणश्च ॥

Su 7 Mrithyuvajayagnikanascha

If Atmakaraka is in Kanya Navamsa, the native will suffer from fire, itches, and corpulence

NOTES

At represents 8 and 3a denotes 1 We get 81, in the reverse order we get 18, divided by 12 we have the balance 6
and hanya Navamas represents the 6th from Me ha 11 the
Atmakaraka joins Kanya Navamsa the person will suffer
from the troubles ind catted by the 3rd Rasi or Mithuna and
also from fres But in M thuna the author only said that
suffering will come from corpulence and itches

I rom the Sutra it means that in the Mithunamea there will also be trouble from fires

८. लाभे वाणिज्यम् ॥

Su. 8 Labheranijjyam

If the Atmakaraka joins Thula Navamsa the person will nake much money by merchandise

NOTES

La denotes 3 and Bha stands for 4, this stands as 34. In the reverse order it is 43, divided by 12 we get 7 as the remainder. Thula stands as the 7th Navamsa from Mesha. The various kinds of articles in merchandise have to be found out by the nature of the Rasi, its lord, the planets who are in conjunction and the aspects they have

९. अत्र जलसरीसृपाः स्तन्यहानिश्व ॥

Sv. 9. Atra jalasarisrupa sthanyahanischa.

If the Atmakaraka joins Vrischikamsa, the person will have fears and dangers from watery animals, snakes and he will also have no milk from his mother.

Alra Aa O-Ra 2 02, reversed it means 20 divided by 12 we get a balance of 8 which signifies Vrischika counting from Mesha Navamsa. When he is a child he will have to be nursed and suckled by others for want of milk in his mother's breast. There are some women who have plenty of milk in their breasts and who norse their children with their own milk and sometimes the milk will be sufficient for even two or three children. Their breasts may not be large or heavy but their lacteal glands do make brisk work and secrete milk. There are, on the other hand, a large number of women who have large lumns of breasts without any milk but full of flesh and making the breasts attractive and heavy. The author apparently considers that the absence of milk in the mother will be a musfortune for the child. The artificial feed ug of children from nupples attached to feeding bottles has removed this misfortune, to some extent. Remember it is not the mather who feeds the infant. A rubber battle is not a mother's

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hely breast. Nor does it contain the natural milk of the mother with the maternal love and affection pervading throughout its contents.

१०. समे वाहनादुचाच क्रमात्पतनम् ॥

Su. 10 Same vahanaduchacha kramat

If the Atmakaraka joins the Navamsa of Dhanas, the person will have suffering and dangers from falls, from conveyances, horses, etc., and also from elevated places like trees, houses, hills and mountains.

NOTES

Sa denotes 7, Ma shows 5, 75 reading reversely we have 57, divided by 12 will give us a balance of 9 and Dhanas is the 9th Navamsa from Mesha. Aeroplanes may be safely included in these falls. Dangers are indicated by these falls.

११. जजचर खेचर खेट कष्ट्र दुष्टग्रंथयश्च रिष्के॥

Su. 11. Jalacharakhechara k hetakan du dustagrandhayascha riphay.

If the Atmakaraka joins Makara the person will have troubles and sorrows from aquatic animals, from fierce birds, skin diseases, large wounds and glandular expansions.

NOTES

Rt 2 and Pha 2=22, divide this by 12 we have a remainder of 10, meaning Makaraman as it is the 10th from Meshamsa.

There will be troubles from Khetas Grahas have two important's gnifications, viz, planets and evil spirits some read the sutra as Bhuchara instead of Khechara, and include such wild animals as lions, tigers boars and other ferce animals found windering on the earth Planets and evil spirits occupy the higher regions. Kha means the sky or the higher sphere

१२. तटाकादयो धर्मे ॥

Su 12 Tatukadayo dharmay

If the Atmakaraka occupies Kumbha Navamsa, the person will do charities in the shape of constructing wells, tracks, topes or gardens, temples and dharmasaks or chair ins

NOTES

Dha stands for 9 and Ma denotes 5, thus we get 95, reversing we get 59. Divided by 12 we get remainder 11, denoting Kumbha, the Navamsa 11th from Mesha.

१३. उचे धर्मनित्यता कैनल्यं च ॥

Su 13 Uchhe dhamanityata kanalyancha

If the Atmakaraka occupies Meenamsa the person will be fond of virtuous deeds and chanties, and will take residence in Swargadi Logas or will attain to the Final bliss or what is called by the Sanskrit writers Moksha or final emancipation or freedom from rebirths

NOTES

U stands for C. Chr. denotes 6, we get 05, read ng in the reverse order weig t 6). Div lot tue by 12 the biland will

be 12 and therefore Meena Navamsa is indicated by the term uchcha.

Among the Yogis and real Vedantists their sole aim or final goal is to get rid of these runarjannas or constant births and get final assimilation with ParaHrahma. The old commentators have offered some valuable suggestions I shall quote them here for ready reference.

If the Atmakaraka is in a beneficial Navamsa or if beneficial planets are in Kendras from the Navarisa he occupies, the person will become very wealthy or a ruler If the next planet to Atmakaraka occupies a beneficial sign or Navamsa, or found in his own house or beneficial sign or in exaltation or in good Navamsas, he will have residence, after death, in Swargatokus according to merit. If both of them are auspiciously situated the person will get good Bliss and after a prosperous and happy career will go to Heaven they have mixed positions, conjunctions and aspects, he will have some good and some bad If both of them are badly situated combined and aspected he will suffer mis-ries, poverty and will take residence after death, in various Hells enumerated in the Hindu Sastras like Kumbhipatha, Andha, Tamisra, ec There are fourteen Lokas mentioned and prin cipally three namely Swarga tenanted by the Devatas who are headed by Indra, Bhuloka inhabited by mortals called Martya, and Patala inhabited by special creatures called Nagas A person in Gandharva or Siddhaloka is not so happy as one in Indra Loka. One who resides in Brahmaloka enjoys superior Bliss to that which he can have in Devaloka When evil planets predominate the temperment will be mixed and his deeds will be bad and sinful. When benefics predominate they produce favourable results both here and also enhance

his pleasure in Heaven after his death. As for the comparison of pleasures, see Anandavalli *Upimishad* and also number 11 and 12 of Vol. 19 of *The Astrological Magazine*

१४. तत्र स्वै। राजकार्यपरः॥

Su 14 Tatra rav u rajak iryaparaha

If the Sun occupies the Karakamsa, the person will be fond of public service and will work in political activities

NOTES

Here it means, that Ravimust be in conjunction with the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa. His success here may be determined both by the nature of the Navamsa and also by his relat on to the Atmakaraka who may change to be his friend, boson friend, neutral or enemy or bitter enemy. All these different stages are suggeted by the Maharishi in compliance with the general principle, of Astrology, which he enumerates.

१५. पूर्वेन्द्रग्रक्रयोमींगी विद्याजीयी च॥

Su 15 Poornendu sukriyorbhogi iidya ziicha

If Full Moon and Venus join Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, the person will command great wealth and all comforts attendant on wealth and he will also earn money and live by the profession of education

NOTES

In all these cases the strength, position and association of Atmakaraka will have great influence in determining the

rank and posit on in the line. A school authority will be great of small as he gets fat or low salary

१६. धातुनादी कौन्तायुषी वह्निजीवी च मौंने ॥

Su 16 Dhatuvadskountayudho vahns

When Kuja joins Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, the person becomes great in the preparation of various medical mixtures, will bear arms like kuntayudha and other weapons and live by profession involving preparations in or near fire

NOTES

The gunners cooks engine drivers and those engaged in various proparations in or near fire are indicated. Alchemy comes in this line of work

१७ वणिजतन्तुवायाः शिविधनो व्यवहारविदश्च सौम्ये

Su 17 Vanızatantuvayaha sılpıno ıyavahara vidascha soumue

If Budha conjoins the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, the persons become merchants, weavers and manufacturers of clothes, artists and persons clever in preparing curios, and those well versed in the affairs of social and political matters.

१८. कर्मज्ञानानिष्ठा वेदिवदिश्व जीवे ॥

Su. 18 Karma gnananista vedavidascha jeevay

When Guru joins the Navamsa with Atmakaraka, the person will be well versed in Vedic or teligious rituals, will have religious wisdom, wellknown in the rules of sacrificial functions and will have good knowledge in Vedanta and will be a religious man.

१९. राजकीयाः कामिनः शतेन्द्रियाश्र शुक्ते ॥

Su 19. Rajakeeyaha kaminassatendryaschasukre

If Sukra joins the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa the person will become a great official or political personage, will be fond of many women and will retain vitality and sexual passions till he is a hundred years old

NOTES

He will be fond of women and sexual pleasures and in spite of these exual excesses he will retain passions for a very long period

Sexual passions are as various and as curious as any other phenomena Some get prematurely old and lose their sexual vitality. Others relain sexual vigour for more than a hundred years.

२०. प्रसिद्धकर्मा जीवः शनी ॥

Su 20 Prasiddhakarma jeeiassanow.

If Sant joins Atmaharaha in the Navamaa, he will produce a famous person in his own line of business

NOTES

The author apparently means that when Sani joins the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, a person will be able to achieve greatness and reputation in whatever walk of life he may be engaged. There are great writers, painters, sculptors, speakers, merchants, warriors, statesmen, travellers, inventers, discoverers, scientists, musicians and so forth, the profession or line of work being determined by other combinations in the horoscope. Sani with the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa lifts the person to a high position in that line and gives him great reputation and name.

२१. धानुष्काश्रीराश्र लाङ्गालिकलोहयन्त्रिणश्र राही॥

Su. 21. Dhanushkaschorascha jangalika loha yantrinascha rahow

If Rahu joins the Atmakaraka in Navamsa the person will live by the skilful use of warlike instruments, he will earn bread as thief and dacoit, he becomes a doctor dealing in poisons, manufacturer of gold, silver, copper and other metalic machinery.

२२. गजन्यवहारिणशीराश्च केती ॥

Su. 22 Goja vyaraharmasichorascha hethou

When Kethu joins the Atmakaraka in the Navamsa the persons born under such combination trade in elephants or become thieves and robbers

NOTES

Between thieves and dealers in elephants the line of demarcation seems to be delicate

२३. रविराहुम्यां सर्पनिवनम् ॥

Su. 23. Ravirahubhyam sarpa nidhanam.

If Ravi and Rahu join Atmakaraka in the Navamsa the person dies by snake-bites.

NOTES

Snakes are of various kinds and the nature of the causes will be determined by other planetary positions.

२४. शमद्ये तनिवृत्तिः॥

St. 24. Subhadrishte thannivrithihi.

If benefics aspect the Yoga mentioned above there will be no deaths from snake-bites.

NOTES

He may have snake-bites, but relief proper will be at hand and the person will get over the danger.

२५, शुभमात्रसंबन्धाजाहीलकः॥

Su. 25. Subhamatra sambandhaj-janguli-

If Ravi and Rahu join Atmakaraka in the Navamsa and have only beneficial aspects the person will have no snake-bites, but will become a doctor who deals solely in poisonous mutters.

२६. ब्रजमात्रदृष्टे गृहदाहकोऽग्निदो या ॥

Su. 26. Kujamatra driste grihalahako agnidora.

If Ravi and Rahujoin Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, and have the evil aspect of Kuja, the person will burn houses or lend fire and other help to the incendiaries

NOTES

There is some difference in the guilt of the person who burns a house and one who helps him in his diabolical deeds

२७ शुक्रदृष्टेन दाहः॥

Su 27 Sukradristenadahaha

If Ravi and Rahu join Atmakaraka in the Nav amsa and have the aspect of Sukra, the person will not burn the houses himself, but will lend fire to the rogues who do it

NOTES

The abettor is equally culpable in the eye of law and the delicate difference of burning the house and lending fire to burn the house, seems to be a nice point for consideration of the Dharmasastras and legal luminaries

२८ गुरुदृष्टे स्वाममीपगृहातु ॥

Su 28. Gurudriste tu asamipagrihad

If Ravi and Rahu join Atmakaraka in the Navamsa, but have the aspect of Guru alone the person will burn houses at a distance from his own house

NOTES

Apparently Sukra's aspect will intensify the evil tenden cles and aggravate the offences, by burning houses close to cae's own house

२९. सगुलिके विषदो विषद्वती वा ॥

Su. 29 Sagulike vishado vishahatova.

If the Karaka Navamsa falls in Gulikaki la or the time governed by Gulika, the person will administer poison to others and kill them or be killed by such administrations of poison by others.

NOTES

Here we have to learn what is meant by Gulikakala and the time governed by him Ravi, Chandra, Kuja, Budha, Gura, Sukra and Sani are called Grahas I hey have Upagrahas or their sons. Sukra and Chandra have not been given any Upagrahas The latter are Sani Gulika Guru-Yamaghan-taka, Kuja Mrilya, Ravi kala and Budha-Ardhaprahara. Divide the duration of the day by 8 and proceed to count from the lord of the day. Take Sunday and suppose the *duration of the day is 30 ghatis. Then each part gets *p or 3*g ghatis.

- The first 3² ghatis are governed by Ravi the lord of that day.
- The second 3f ghatir are under the rule of Chandra.
- 3 The third 32 ghatis are governed by Kuia,
- A The fourth 32 ghatis are under the lordship of Budha
 - 5 The fifth 32 ghatis are ruled by Guru.
- . (The sixth 32 ghatis are under Sukra.
 - The seventh 32 ghatis are ruled by Sani.

[&]quot;If the deration of day is more or less than 30 ghatis then each uset is indicated by the actual duration ofdsy divided by 8.

The 8th 37 ghatis have no lord and Gulika who is next to Sani becomes the lord These 3? ghatis are called Gulika kala and if the Atmakaraka Navamsa falls in this time, the results above named must be predicted 32 ghatis is called a Yama in Sanskrit

Take Chandrawara or Monday

First Chandra			Fourth Gara	37 ghatis	
Second Kuja	3#	,,	Fifth Sukra	31	
Third Budha	3 2		Sixth Sani	33	

All these sixth give 221 ghatis

Seventh Gulika 3f ghatis Eighth Ravi 31

After this comes in Gulikakala extending from 222 ghatis on Monday and lasting up to 261 ghatis On Tuesday or Aujawara we commence from Kuja thus -

1. Kuja 37 ghatts 5 Sanı 34 chatis. 2 Budha 6. Gulika 34 ghatis 3 Guru

37 .. 7. Ravi 4. Sukra 33

8 Chandra

The first 5 yamas give us 18? ghatis From that time till 22 ghatis after Sunrise, there will be Gulikakala and if the Atmakaraka Navamsa falls in this, the evil results, indicated above will happen The Gulikakala has been so stated by the commentators I have another authority for the Gulikakala Mandapan na'apariansam chaturgunyam Dushinakam. Tatkala Gulilognayaha Sirva karna Vinasikritu, Count from Saturday to the week day required Take the number so obtained and multiply it by four. Then take or deduct 2 from the number so obtained Then Galikakala commences at that time and continues up to 33 ghatis more. The results differ in these two systems Take Monday and find out the Gulikakala as per the above rule Monday counts as the 3rd from Saturday A ultiply this 3 by 4 and we get Deduct two out of that and we get 10 ghatis Gulika. kala falls on Monday from 223 ghatis to 261 ghatis after Sunrise The process to find out the Gulikakala in the night is thus stated by the old commentators. Take the fifth planet from the lord of the week day and count from him and then the 8th in the order given above will be Gulikakala Take for example Sunday, the 5th from him is Guru now Guru Dropping Guru we have Sukra and Sami cover ing the first and second periods, and the 3rd period falls under Gulika on Monday, the second period on Tuesday, the 8th period on Wednesday, the 7th on Thursday, the 6th on Fri day and the 5th on Saturday. When there are differences of opinion on such matters among the old writers we have to look to the opinion of the best among them, and to verify and support the theory we must also bring our large experience to belp us in such interpretations Take Hora, Varahamihira and his school, say that in odd signs the first hora is governed by Rayi and the second by Chandra In the even signs the first is governed by Chandra and the second by Ray, But there is a different school Some say that the first Hora is governed by the lord of the house and the second by the lord of the 11th In Drekkana more than two systems are recommended Varahamihira says the lords of the three Drekkenas are the lords of 1st. 5th and 9th. There are some others who say that the lords of the 3 Drekkanas are the lords of 1st, 12th and 11th houses. There

are shall others who say that in chara or movable signs, the lords of the Drekkanas are the owners of the 1st, 5th and 9th. But in fixed and double bodied signs their order is quite changed. In all such cases of difference of opinion among the Maha Rishis I cannot pretend to say which is correct and which is not Poth may be correct as the authors, by their Divya Drishti, may have approached from different directions and may have found their observations proving quite true. I leave the readers to judge of these differences in the light of their intelligence, knowledge and personal experiences. When two Maha Rishis differ I must frankly tell my readers that I have no means at my command as to ascertain which is better and more correct. Both of them are Mahatmas and both looked into these details by their Divya Drishti or expanded mental vision. I possess no such Divya Drishti and therefore am not in a position to go beyond the phenomena and ascertain the true causes. I have to trust to the learned commentators.

२०. चन्द्रदृष्टी चौरापहृतधनश्रीरो वा ॥

Su. 30 Chandradrishtau chorapahritadhanaschorova

If Chandra aspects the Atmakaraka Navamsa falling in Gulikakala, the person will be a receiver of stolen property or will become himself a thief-

NOTES

I think there is not much difference between the moral and apiritual offences between these two worthies.

३१ गुरुद्दष्टे त्वासमीपगृहात्॥

Su. 31. Budhamatradriste brihad bijaha.

If the Atmakaraka Navamsa falls in Gulikakala and possesses only the aspect of Budha the person will have enlarged testicles.

NOTES

Here Budha alone must aspect the Navamsa without the aspect of any other planets. Hydrocele is a nasty form of disease and disgusting before the public

३२. तत्र केती पापदृष्टे कर्णच्छेदः कर्णरोगो वा॥

Sv. 32 Tathra hethowpapadrishte karnachedaha karna rogora

If Kethu joins the Atmakaraka Navamsa the person will have his ears cut off or will have serious ear complaints

२२. शुक्रदृष्टे दीक्षितः ॥

Su. 33 Suhradriste dikshitaha

Are the aspect of Sukra the person will become a Dikshita or Performer of Yagnyas or religious sacrifices

NOTES

Formerly such persons were held in high esteem. They had to lead crupulously clean, simple and holy lives

३४. बुधकानिदृष्टे निर्वीर्यः ॥

Su 34 Budhasanıdrıste nırveeryaha.

If the Atmakaraka with Kethu in the Navamsa has the aspects of Budha and Sun, the birth 'of an impotent or eunuch should be predicted

NOTES

Virya is virility in a person and one who has no virya is impotent

३५. सुधशक्षद्रष्टे पीनः प्रनिको दासीपुत्रो वा॥

SU 35 Budha sukra dristey pounah puniko dasiputrona

If the Karakamsa Rasi with Kethu has the aspect of Sukra and Budha the person will talk repeating and repeating the same ideas or will be the son of a prostitute or dancing woman

NOTES

Dasis are a special class of datting women who were devoted to the service of Gods in the temples and had no strictness in sexual matters

३६ शनिदृष्टे तपस्त्री प्रेष्यो वा ॥

Su 36 Sanidristay tapasui preyshyota

If the Karakamsa with Kethu has the aspect of Sam he will become a Tapaswi or recluse or be a dependent and servant under somebody.

NOTES

There is a great gulf of difference between the position of a man devoting all his energies on the contemplation of

God and one who is dependent on others. Why both the results are as ribed to the same combination is not clear.

३७ शनिमात्रदृष्टे मन्यामामामः ।

Su 37 Sanımatradrıste sanyasabhasaha

If in the above combination, there is only the aspect of Sani and there is no other planetary aspect he will put on the appearance of a sanyasi but will not be a true or real sanyasi. He will be an imposter

३८. तत्र रिशुक्रदष्टे राजप्रेष्यः ॥

Su 33 Tatra ravisukradriste rajapreshyah

If Raviand Sukra aspect the Karakamsa the person will be employed by rotal or political per sonages to do their work. He will be their confident

३९ रिःफे बुघे बुधदृष्टे वामन्दनत्॥

Sv 39 Ripphe budhe budhadris'e ia mandavat

If the tenth from the Karaka Navamsa posses ses the aspect of Bulha, he will get similar results as have been given by Sani

NOTES

This means that the person will follow some notable profession Ripha means Ra 2 pha means 2= 22 divided by 12, will give us 10, 10th house is indicated by Ripha

४०. शुभद्दष्टे खेया ॥

Su 40 Shubha driste stayaha.

If in the 10th from Kurakamsa there is beneficial aspect, the person will be one of great determination and never capricious

NOTES

The other benefics are Guru and Sukra. It cannot mean anything else

४१. रवी गुरुमात्रदृष्टे गोपाल:॥

SU 41 Ravow gurumatra driste gopalaha

If the 10th from the Karakamsa, there is Ravi
possessing only the aspect of Guru and no other
aspects, the person will have success through the

sales of cows, bulls and other cattle ४२. दरि चन्द्रशुक्रदरयोगात्मासादः ॥

SU 42 Dare chandra sukra drigyogat prasadaha

If the lord of the 4th from the Karakanisa, is joined or aspected by Chandra and Sukra, the person will be blessed with storied houses

NOTES

Da mears 8, R4 means 2=82 reversed it means 28, divided by 12 we get 4 balance. This shows signs of wealth-Prasada means houses with compounds.

४३. उचग्रहेऽपि ॥

Sv. 43 Ucchagrahapi

If the fourth from the Karakamsa is occupied by an exalted planet, the person will have many fine and splendid houses

४४. राहुशनिम्याँ शिलागृहम् ॥

Sv. 44. Rahu sanibhyam sılagrıham

If the fourth from the Karakamaa is occupied by Rahu and Sani, the houses will be constructed with rough stones not smoothly and well plastered.

४५. कुजकेतुभ्यामृष्टिकम् ॥

Su. 45. Kuja kethubhyamaishtikam.

If the 4th from Karakamsa is occup ed by Kuja and Kethu the houses will be constructed of bricks, lumps of earth.

४६. गुरुणा दारवम् ॥

Su. 46 Guruna dataram.

If the 4th from Karakamsa is occupied by Guru wooden houses will be constructed by the native

४७. तार्ण रिवण ॥

Sv. 47. Tlarnam ratina

If the 4th is occupied by the Sun, the houses will be constructed from thatch and grasses.

PATON

The above three sutras give an idea of the nature of the house property possessed by different persons depending upon the dispositions of planets with reference to Karakamss.

४८. समे शुपयोगाद्धर्मनित्यः सत्यवादी गुरुमक्तश्री

Su 48. Sama shubha yogaddharmanityaha satuavadi guru bhaktasiha.

If the 9th from Kurakamsa is occupied or aspected by benefics the person will have truth as his ideal and motto. He will be righteous in conduct, lover of truth, and will be faithful and dutiful to elders, precentors and Gurus.

NOTES

Sa stands for 7 and 1'a denotes 5 75, reversed it is 57, ivide 1 by 12, we get a remainder of 9. Sama means 9th from Karakamsa. Ninth is the house of piety, and represents devotion and faith in Gods and Godesees

४९. अन्यथा पापै: ॥

Su 49 Anyatha papaihi.

If the 9th from Karakamsa has evil conjunction or aspects he will be quite the reverse in character. He will be a lar, uncharitable and snful, and will have no faith and respect for Gurus and elders

५०. शनिसहस्यां गुरुद्रोहः ॥

Su. 50 Sani rahubhyam qurudrohaha.

If Sani and Rahu occupy or aspect the 9th from

Karakamsa, the person will become ungrateful to Gurus and will prove a traitor to them

NOTE3

Cheating is a sin. But there are many grades and its heinousness depends upon the nature of the parties concerned.

५१ रतिगुरुभ्यां गुरावविश्वामः ॥

Su 51 Ravigurubhyam gurovatistasaha

If Guru and Rayi occupy or aspect the 9th

If Guru and Ravi occupy or aspect the 9th from Karakamsa, he will not love his parents, elders and preceptors

५२. तत्र भृगङ्गारकार्गे पारदारिकः ।

Su 52 Tatra bhriguangaraka varge parádarikiha

If the 9th from Kurakamsa falls in one of the shadver, as of Sukra and Kuja he will be fond of others' wires

NOTES

There are two classes of vill and One set taking sexual grainfications with women of immoral terden ies and another set always tempting the views of other persons as druining their families. Adultery is inful but even here there are various grades of sins. "Shadverges are (1) Legia (2) Hora,

This has been clearly de or ted in my work. A Mental of Hindu Astrology

(3) Drekkans, (4) Navamsa, (5) Dwadasamsa, and (6) Thrist-samsa Adultery with motherly relations, friends' wives, spouses of Gurus and other prohibited relations is more simful than adultery with other women. Corrupting family and innocent women is a hartible form of sim.

५३. दम्योगाभ्यामधिकाभ्यामामरणम् ॥

Sv. 53. Drigyogabhyam adhihabhyam amaranam.

If Kuja and Sukra join or aspect the 9th from Karakamsa the person will have the evil habit of seducing and keeping illegal gratifications till the end of his life.

NOTES

The conjuctions and aspects are more powerful than 'the Shadvergas. In the latter he will keep up the viccous habit for sometime, but in the former, this vice will continue till the end of life. With some persons, males and females, these morbid sensations of lust and sexuality will centime for sometime and then they turn a new chapter in their lives, but there are others who do not give up the viccous habits till their death. Some are raveals only for a time but there are others who are raxeals and cheats throughout their lives even on 'cath beds their thoughts this run on unholy deeds.

५४. केतना प्रतिबन्धः॥

Sv. 54. Kethuna pratibandaha.

If the 9th from Karakamsa has the conjunction or aspect of Kethu, he will be fond of women for sometime and then give up the bad tendency.

५५. गुरुणा स्त्रणः ॥

Su 55. Guruna strinaha.

If the 9th from Karakamsa has the conjunction or aspect of Guru he will be excessively fond of other women.

़ ५६. राहुणार्थानेृष्टात्तेः॥

Su 56. Rahunartthanivrithhi.

If the 9th from Karakamsa is joined or aspected by Rahu, the person will lose all his wealth by female excesses.

Even in these vices there are some prudent men finan cially. Some get money by adultery, some enjoy for nothing, there are others who lose all their wealth and health by such vices.

५७. लामे चन्द्रगुरुम्यां सुन्दरी ॥

Su. 57. Labhe chandragurubhyam sundari.

If Guru and Chandra occupy the 7th from the Karakamsa the wife will be handsome and loving.

NOTES

La means 3, Iba denotes 4-34, reading backwards we have 43, divided by 12 ve have 7 remainder. Labha there fore means 7. It will certainly be a great blessing to have handsome wife provided she is faithful. But when she is fair and unfaithful the life becomes miserable. He will have a Hell on Earth.

५८. राहुणा विधवा॥

Su. 58. Rahuna vidhava.

If the 7th from the Karakamsa joins with Rahu or has his aspect the person will have widows for connection

NOTES

There are some worthes who are extremely fond of widows. They hunt after them. They like them in preference to others.

५९. शनिना वयोधिका रोगिणी तपंखिनी वा ॥

Su. 59. Sanina vayodhika yoginee sapaswini va.

If the 7th from Karakamsa is occupied or aspected by Sam the wife will be older or will be sickly or will be a tapaswini or a woman who will be engaged in religious meditations.

NOTES

While some persons like younger people there are others both males and females who hunt after old people. Tempera-

६०. इजेन विकलाङ्गी ॥

Su. 60. Kujena vikalangi,

If Kuja joins or aspects the 7th from Karakanisa the wife will be deformed or there will be defect in her limbs.

६१. रविणा खकुले गुप्ता च li

Su. 61. *Ravina swahule gupta cha.

If Ravi occupies or aspects the 7th from Karakamsa the wife will be protected from the members of the husband's family and will have no defects in her limbs.

६२. बुधेन कलावती ॥

Sv. 62. Budhena kalatati.

If Budha joins or aspects the 7th from Karakamsa the wife will be well versed in music, arts, dancing and other fine accomplishments,

६३. चापे चन्द्रेणानाइते देशे ॥

SU- 63. Chape chandrena anaurite dese.

If Chandra occupies the 4th from Karakamsa the first sexual union of the wives, mentioned in the above sutras will take place in an open place uncovered by roof or ceiling.

NOTES

Che means 6 for means 1-61, reversing we have 16 divided by 12, the balance 4 shows the 4th house from the Karakamsa. There are some people who cannot control their passions and who have sexual unions in open places.

^{*} Another version reads as Barira kula gunthacha.

६४. कर्मणि पापे द्युरः ॥

Su. 64. Karmani pape shuraha:

If the 3rd from the Karakamsa contains evil planets the person becomes courageous and a warron.

NOTES

Ka means 1, Ma means 5= 15, reading backwards we have 51, divided by 12, we have the remainder 3. In general satrology the third house from Lagna shows brothers, sisters and courage.

६५. शमे कातरः॥

Su 65. Subhe kataraha.

If the 3rd from Karakamsa has benefics the person becomes a coward.

६६. मृत्युचिन्त्ययोः पापे कर्षकः॥

SU. 66. Mrityuchintyayoh pape karshakaha. If the 3rd and 6th from Karakamsa are occupied by malefics the person lives by ploughing and arriculture.

NOTES

Ma 5, ya 51 = , reversing we have 15. Cha 6, Tha 6 = C6, reversing we have 66 Divide them by 12, we get 3 and 6. Malefics are considered to give auspicious results in 3, 6 and 11. Thrithadaya gatahpapaha.

६७. 'समे गुरी विशेषेण ॥

Su. 67. Same gurow viseshena

If Guru occupies the 9th from Karakamsa he will become a great agriculturist.

६८. उचे ग्रमे ग्रमलोकः॥

Su. 68. · Ucche shubhe shubha lokaha.

If benefics occupy 12 from Karakamsa the person goes to superior Lokas.

NOTES

U 0. Cha 6 = 05, reversed we get 60, 'divided by 12, we have 12. Indian sciences and religious mention many Punya Lokas or happy regions in the universe.

६९. केती केवल्यमं॥

Su. 69. Ketow kaivaluam.

If a benefic occupies Karakamsa, the person will have Moksha or Final Bliss-

NOTES

Ka means 1, Ta signifes 6 = 16 16 reversed=61 Disided by 12, we get balance of 1. We may also take wecke from the previous Sutra'and say that if Kethu is found in 12th there will be final Bliss-

७०. क्रियचापयोर्विशेषेण ॥

Sy. 70. Kriyachapayortiseshena.

If Karakamsa is Mesha or Dhanus with benefics there, the subject gets Moksha. If Mesha or Dhanus happens to be the 12th from Karakamsa and Kethu is there the person will get Moksha.

NOTES

The commentators have put on two different kinds of interpretations I shall explain both of them. The splendid power of sutras and their brevity capable of long interpretations are only possible in Sinskrit. No other language in the world possesses such facilities for brevity and at the same time cantaining a world of meaning. If Mesha or Dhanus becomes Karakamsa with a benefic there, there will be the highest Bliss. If Mesha or Dhanus becomes the 12th from Karakamsa and Kethu is there, there will be the highest Bliss or Moksha. Kethu is not a full benefic. Kethu becomes a benefic in Chara Dasa and not otherwise. Therefore he cannot be classified as a subbagrath. But astrology ascribes to him the highest spiritual power of emanopation from all births and re births and give man Moksha.

७१. पाँपरन्यथा ॥

Su. 71. Papairanyatha

If the 12th from the Karakamsa is occupied by evil planets he will go to hell and will have no Bliss.

NOTES

Heaven and Hell are not seen. But there is the universal belief in their existence and all religions lend support to the faith

७२. रविकेतुम्यां शिवे मक्तिः ॥

Su. 72. Ravi-kethubhyam shive bhaktihi.

If Ravi and Kethu are in Karakamsa the person will become a Saivite or one who worships Shiva.

NOTES

in temperaments Matha is a peculiarity of Mathi or mind

७३. चन्द्रेण गौर्याम् ॥

Su 73. Chandrena gauryam

If Chandra joins Karakamsa, the person will worship Gouri, wife of Shiva

, ७४. शुक्रेण लक्ष्म्याम् ॥

Su 74 Sukrena lakshmyam

If Sukra joins Karakamsa, he will worship Lakshmi, spouse of Vishnu

७५. कुनेन स्कन्दे ॥

Sv. 75 Kujena shande

If Kuja occupies Karakamsa, he becomes a worshipper of Skanda or Shanmukha the warrior son of Shiva

७६. बुधशनिम्यां तिष्णी ॥

Su 76 Budhasanıbhyam ıshnow

8 If Budha and Sam Join Karakamsa, he will worship Vishnu

NOTES

Different temperaments have different tastes and their selection of Gods follows their temperaments. As all rivers fall into the ocean, so also all forms of wor-bip reach the Alimehty

७७. ्रगुरुणा साम्बाधिवे ॥

Su 77 Guruna sambasive

If Kárakamsa is joined by Guru, he will, wor ship Sambasiva or Parvati and Paramesvara

७८. राहुणा तामस्यां दुर्गायां च 📭

Su 18 Rahuna thamasyam durgayan cha

If Rahu joins Karakamsa the person will wor ship evil spirits and Durga

There are about 56 varieties of evil spirits mentioned in the Mantrasastras There are two principal d visions among the Mantras Kahuara Mantras devoted to the invocation of evil spirits and actions performed by them and Maha Mantras or incantations to Divine and angole spirits and work that can be done by them I shall mention a few names of evil spirits Bhutta Preta Pisucha, Sakini, Dhakini Mohior, Jalioff, Valin Bhetala etc.

The Maha Mantras invoke Gayatri Savitri, Saraswati, Brahma Vishnu Maheswara Lakshmi, Lalita Durga, Ganapati, Skanda, Surya, etc

७९. केतुना गणेशे स्कन्दे च ॥

Su 79 Kethuna ganese shande cha

If Kethu joins Karakamsa, the person becomes a devotee of Ganesa and Kumaraswami

८०. पापर्धे मन्दे क्षद्रदेवतास ॥

50 80 Paparkshe mande kshudradevatasu.

If Sani occupies the Karakamsa falling in an evil sign the person becomes a great devotee of evil spirits.

NOTES

There are Devil and Spirit warshippers of various grades. The existence of spirit world has been proved by the best intellects and by personal experience. A handful of experience is worth ten cart loads of theories.

८१. शुकेच ॥

Su. 81. Sukre cha.

If Sukra occupies the evil Karakamsa, the person will worship devils, spirits, etc.

NOTES

There are 56 varieties of Devils or Pisachas headed by the powerful Bhetala. See my notes in Sarwartha Chintamans.

८२. अमात्यदामे चैत्रम् ॥

Sv. 82. Amatyadasay Chaivam.

If the 6th from Amatyakaraka joins evil Karakamsa, the person devotes himself to the worship of evil spirits

NOTES

who gets the highest number of degrees becomes the Atmakaraka. The planet who gets the next highest number of degrees becomes the Amatyakaraka. If the 6th planet from Amatyakaraka counting from Ravi in the regular order, occupies the evil Karakamsa the person will be devoted to evil spirits. Always the order of the planets are as follows—Ravi, Chandra, Kuja, Budha, Guru, Sukra and Sani, the order of the week days. Somebody must become Amatyakarska suppose Sini becomes so. The 6th from Ravi is Sukra and if Sukra, joins the evil Karakamsa the person devotes his time to evil spirits. These Mantras are called. Kshudra or Sabara and count as 9 crores, a bewildering number.

८३. त्रिकोणे पापद्वये मान्त्रिकः ॥

Su. 83 Thrikone papadwaya mantrikaha

If the 5th and 9th from the Karakamsa are occupied by evil planets the person becomes a Mantrika or a magician and will be able to exorcise devils and evil spirits

८४. पापद्दष्टे निवाहकः ॥

Su 84 Papadriste nigrahakaha

If the evil planets in the 5th and 9th from Karakamsa, have evil conjunctions or aspects, the person becomes a great Mantraic and will be able to root out all evil spirits

८५. शुमद्देश्नुग्राहकः॥

Sv. 85 Shubha dristenugrahak ika

If the evil planets in the 5th and 9th from Karakamsa have beneficial aspects or conjunction the person will help the people and do them good.

८६ शुकेन्द्री शुक्रदृष्टे रसवादी॥

Su. 86. Subrendou sukradriste rasavadi.

If Sukra aspects Karakamsa and the Moon, the person becomes an alchemist.

८७ बुधदृष्टे भिषक्॥

Su. 87. Rudhadriste bhishak.

If Karakamsa and Chandra have the aspect of sudha, the person becomes a medical man,

NOTES

His eminence and aspacity will depend upon the strength of Budha.

८८. चापे चन्द्रे शुक्रदृष्टे पाण्डुश्विती ॥

Su. 89. Chape chandre sukradriste panduss withtre

If Moon is in the 4th from Karakamsa and has the aspect of Sukra, the person will suffer from white leprosy.

NOTES

Cha 6, Pa 1=61 reversed 16, divided by 12, will give a balance of 4. Hence Chap means 4th house from the Karakamsa

८९. कुजदष्टे महारोगः ॥

Sv. 89. Kujadriste maharogah

If Kuja aspects Chandra in the 4th house from the Karakamsa, the man will have serious form of leprosy.

९०. केतुदृष्टे नीलकुष्टम् ॥

Su. 90. Kethudriste neelakustam.

If Chandra in the 4th from the Karakamsa is aspected by Kethu, the person will have black leprosy.

NOTES

٠,

There are many hideous and repulsive froms of this loathsome disease

९१. तत्र मृती वा कुजराह्रम्यां क्षयः ॥

Su 91. Tatra mritow ia kujarahubhyam kshayaha

If the 4th or 5th from Karakumsa is joined by Kuja and Rahu, the person will suffer from consumption or pthysis.

९२. चन्द्रदृष्टी निश्चयेन ॥

Su 92. Chandradriste nischayena

If such Kuja and Rahu, stated in the above sutra, have the lunar aspect, certainly the person will have senous form of consumption.

NOTES

Sutra 91 he will have a mild attack of disease.

९३. कुजेन पिटकादिः॥

Sv. 93. Kujena pitakadihi

If the 4th or 5th from the Karakamsa is occupied by Kuja, the person will suffer from excessive sweating, cuts, iches or boils and sores in the body.

९४. केतना ग्रहणी जलरोगो वा ॥

Su. 91. Kethuna grahani jalarogo va.

If Kethu joins the 4th or 5th from Karakamsa the man will suffer from Graham or a kind of glandular disease and from watery diseases like dropsy, diabetes, loose motions etc.

९५. राष्ट्रगुलिकाम्यां क्षुद्रविपाणि ॥

Su. 95. Rahugulikabhyam kshudravishani.

If the 4th or 5th from the Karakamsa is joined by Rahu and Gulika, there will be suffering from the poisonous effects of rats, cats, etc.

९६. तत्र शनी धातुष्कः ॥

Su. 96. Tatra sanow dhanushkaha.

If the 4th from the Kurakumsa is joined by Sani the person becomes an expert in inflicting wounds. This means he will be skilled in the use of deadly arms.

९७. केतुना घटिकायन्त्री ॥

Su. 97. Kethuna ghatikayanthri.

If Kethu joins the 4th from Karakamsa the person becomes skilful in preparing clocks, watches and other time indicating machines

NOTES

I have shown in the Introduction and also in the theorem of the th

९८. बुधेन परमहंगी लगुडी वा ॥

Su 98. Budhen 1 paramahamso lagudi va.

If the 4th from the Karakamsa is combined by Budha, the person becomes a paramahamsa or a great yogi, or one who bears * Palass Danda, etc., showing Brahmacharya or Sanyasayoga of particular bind

९९. राहुणा लोहयंन्त्री ॥

Su. 99 Rahuna lohayantri.

If the 4th from the Karakamsa is occupied by Rahu he will become proficient in preparing machinery out of metals or a clever mechanic.

१००. रविणाखङ्गी॥

Sv. 100. Ravina khadgi.

[·] tialana means Butea Frondosa

If Ravi joins the 4th from Karakamsa, the person lives by his sword.

NOTES

Many kinds of swords are mentioned in the ancient works. Swords are terrible weapons then as well as now at close quarters

१०१. कुजेन कुन्ती ॥

Su. 101. Kujena kunthi.

If Kuja joins the 4th from Karakamsa, he willlive by the profession of using Kuntayudha, maces and long sticks.

१०२. मातापित्रोथन्द्रगुरुभ्यां ग्रन्थकृत्।।

Sv. 102. Matapitroschandragurubhyam grandhakrit.

If Chandra and Guru are in the Karakamsa or in the 5th from it, the person will become an author and will live by writing books.

NOTES

Ma 5, Ta 6 = 55, reversing we get 65, divided by 12, there is a balance of 5. Pa 1, Ta 6 = 16, inverse order 61 divided by 12, we have 1. Fifth is the house of intelligence in astrology as also of children.

१०३. राकेण किञ्चिदनम् ॥

Su. 103. Sukrena kinchidoonam.

If Chandra and Sukra join Karakamsa or the 5th house from it, the person becomes an ordinary author

१०४. बुधेन ततोऽपि ।

Su 104 Budhena tatopi

The person becomes still less famous than in the above Sutra if Budha joins Chandra instead of Sukra in Karakamsa or the 5th from it

१०५ शुक्रण कनिर्वाग्मी काव्यज्ञश्र ॥

Su 105 Sukrena kavirwagmi kaviagnascha If Sukra joins Karakamsa or the 5th from it the person becomes a great poet an eloquent speaker and well versed in poetry and literature

१०६ गुरुणा सर्वविद ग्रांथिकश्च ॥

Su 106 Guruna sarıavıt grandlıllascha

If Guru joins the Karakamsa or the 5th from it, he will be an all round man and will know many branches of knowledge, weil read in sciences and author of various works. He becomes a versuile genus

१०७. न बारमी ॥

Su 107 Na tagmi

In the above combination of Guru, though a person becomes learned he will not become a good speaker nor possess powers of eloquence

NOTES

Some have the gift of the gab while many have it not.

१०८. विशिष्यवैष्याकरणो वेदवेदांतविच ॥

Su 108. Visishya vyakarano vedaredantha vichha.

If Guru joins Karakamsa or the 5th from it, the person becomes learned in Vyakarana or Grammar, Vedic hterature and Vedangas.

NOTES

The last are named as Siksha, Vyakarana, Chandas, Nirakta, Jyotisha and Kalpa, Without a profficiency in these aix Angas or limbs, no scholar can intripret the Vedas properly.

Vedas simply mean repositories of knowledge useful for all ages, claims and nations. Whatever might have been the origin of these intellectual mines, there are no books extant in the world, which can compare with these deep mines of thought, knowledge and highest conceptions of human intellectual flights. The commentaries of Bhatta Bhaskara and Vidyaranya are the two eyes for the Vedas through which we can approach the Vedas and see them to some extent. The first and earliest commentator is Bhatta Bhaskara and he must have flourished in the remote ages. Vidvaranva's age is fixed clearly by the inscription (se my History of Visavanagar) as 1258 Salivahana Saka or 1336 A. D. This illustrious intellectual giant not only foun ded the Empire of Viliya nigar, but was also the pontifical Head of the Sringeri Mutt of Adi Sankaracharya. He obtained Samadhi in 1386 after having seen Harihara I, Bukka I and Harihara II, ruling the Empire founded by

Practically there seems to be no difference in the combinations given in Sutras 106 and 108. If in this combination Given is exalted or himself has beneficial sejects or Shadreigas, the knowledge in the man may be more profound, and the intellect more comprehensive and piercing. The strength of the planet, of the Rasi, the power of the Atmakaraka and combinations and aspects determine the extent of the profficiency.

१०९. सभाजहः श्रृतिना ॥

Sv. 109 Sabh ıjadassanına

If Sant Joins Karakumsa or the 5th from it, the person becomes nervous in an assembly

NOTES

He may be a learned man, but will feel shy and nervous and thus cut an awkward figure in a General Assembly crubble discussion

११०. धुधेन मीमांसकः ॥

Sv 110 Budhena meemamsakaha

If Budha joins lst or 5th of Karakainsa, he will shine as a Mimamsaka,

NOTES

There are two principal divisions here Poorvamina by Jamini h miself, explaining rituals of Karma and their effects and Utteraminamina or Brahmasutras by Vyasa relating to Brahmasunan

१११ कुजेन नैयाविकः॥

Su. 111. Kujéna nayyayilaha.

If Kuja joins lst or 5th of Karakamsa the person will become a great logician.

११२. चंद्रेण सांरुपयागद्याः माहित्यद्वी गायकथा।

Su. 112. Chandrena sankhyayogagnaha sahityagno gayakascha.

If Chandra joins 1st or 5th of Karakamsa, the person becomes clever in sankhyasastra, learned in language, poetry, drama and attendant subjects, will have great profficiency in music and other accomplishments.

· NOTES

Sankhya is a portion of Sanskrit Science, which deals with numbers and their interpretations. Sankhya also means a system of Philosophy.

११३. रविणा वेदांत गीतज्ञश्च ॥

Su. 113 Riving red inta geetagnischa

If Ravi combines in 1st or 5th of Kurakamsa, the person will become a great Vedanûst and musician.

११४. के तुना गणितज्ञः ।

Su 111. Kethuna ginithagnaha.

If Kethu combines in above houses the person becomes well versed in mathematics.

११५ गुरुषंबन्धेन संप्रदायिमद्धिः॥

Sv 115. Gurusambandhena sampradaya siddhih.

If in the above combinations of planets, Guru joins or aspects, the knowledge in the different branches will be well founded and regularly trained as per principles of those sciences

११६. माम्ये चैत्रम् ॥

Su. 116. Bhagyaichaivam

The results ascribed for the planetary positions in the 1st and 6th from kırakamsı will also hold good for similar positions in the 2nd from karakamsı.

११७. सदा चैवमित्येके॥

Su. 117. Sada chaivametyake.

Bha stands for 4 and Ya denotes 1 =41, reversed we get 14, divided by 12, the remainder is 2.

State Sci stude for 7, Dr stands for 8=78, in the inverse order we have 87, divided by 12, the balance is 3. By this the author means, all those results from the positions of the placets in the lit and the Karakamsa must or may be predicted by the combination of the above planets in the 2nd and 3rd houses from the Karakamsa.

११८. माग्ये केती पापदृष्टे स्तब्धगाकु ॥

Su. 118 Bhayye k-tho o papadriste stabdavak.

Kethu in the 2nd from Karakamsa aspected by evil planets, will make the person indistinct or slow speaker.

NOTES

- Second house denotes speech, eloquence, eyes, face and riches.

११९. खपितृपदाद्भाग्यरोगयोः पारसाम्ये केमद्रुमः

Su. 119. Swapitrupadadbhagyarogayoho papa samuakemadrumaha

If evil planets are found in the 2nd and 8th houses from Jamm Lagna or the Arudha Lagna, the person will suffer from Kemndruma Yoga or combination for great poverty.

The same results apply to the positions of planets in the 3rd from Karakamsa.

NOTES

Bha 4. $Y_{a-1} = 41$ reversed 14, divided by 12, we get 2. Ra 2 and G i 3 = 23 reading backwards we get 32, divided by 12, we have 8 balance, therefore, Bhagya and Roga denote 2 and 8, respectively.

Compare Kemadruma as explained by Varahamihira and others. (Siz my transfation of Brihat Jalakx—Nabhasa Yogas) When there are no plau-ts on either side of Chindra the combination is called Kenadrumt by him.

१२०. चंद्रदृष्टी विशेषेण ॥

Su. 120, Chandradristow viseshena

If Chandra aspects the evil planets in the above combination, the person suffers from abject poverty. The majority consider poverty as a great curse.

१२१. सर्वेषां चैव पाके ॥

Su. 121. Sarvesham chaiva pake

The results mentioned in all the combinations above named, will be experienced during all the Dasis of Rasis or in their Antardasas or periods and subperiods of the zodiacal signs.

॥ इति प्रथमाध्याये द्वितीयपादः समाप्तः ॥ १॥ २॥

End of Second Pada of the First Adhyaya.

अथ प्रथमाध्याये तृतीयपादपारंमः ॥ १॥ ३॥

ADHYAYA 1-PADA 3

१, अयपदम्॥

Su 1 Atha padam.

Results based on Pada lagna will be described in this chapter.

NOTES

In Sutra 29 of the First Pada Jumin has clearly illustrated the meaning of Pada or Anid'id Lagna. In this chapter he will give the results of planets occupying from Pada Lagna. In the previous chapter he gave the results of planets in Swamsa and Karakams . Remember Karaka always has been used for Atmikaraka

२. व्यये सब्रहे ब्रह्ह्हेना श्रीमन्तः ॥

Su. 2 Vyaye sagrahe grahadristeva sreemantaha.

If the 11th house from Pada Lagna is occupied or aspected by planets, the person becomes a sreemanta or a wealthy man

Ravi Budha Guru	Chan dra Rahu	Lagna	Sanı
	RASI		Pada Lagna
Sukra		Kuja Kethu	

Take an example. Here the lord of Lagna is Sukra and he is placed in the 8th house from Lagna. The eighth from Sukra becomes Pada or Arudha Lagna and this falls in Kataka the 8th from Sukra. The 11th from Kataka is 8 Vrishabba and this is aspected by Kura and the Saspected by Kura

and Kethu and therefore the person will be in affluent circumstances. The term Sreemanta applies to one who has not seen poverty from birth to death

३. शुभैन्यायास्त्राभः॥

Sv. 3. Shubhairnyayallabhahā.

When the 11th from Pada is aspected or joined by benefics the wealth will come from proper channels. The gains will be from fair and lawful means

४. पाँपरमार्गेण ॥

Su. 4. Papairamargena.

If the aspecting or joining planets in the above are evil, the wealth will come through sinful and illegal means.

NOTES

Urfortunately we have seven evil and only two good planets

५ उचादिभिर्विशेपात ॥

Su. 5 Ucchadibhirviseshath

If the 11th from Arudha lagna is well combined and aspected by benefics or those in evaluation, moola thrikona, etc., the person will acquissently of wealth through justifiable means.

NOTES

Here Uccha has two significations Uc, Cha 6 = 06 reading reversely we get 60, divided by 12, the bilance will be 12 Ucha also means, the planets in exalitations, etc. When the planets aspecting the 11th or joining it are exitled, in good Vergas, in Moola thrikona, or in their own houses and are benefics in nature, the wealth will come in plenty and will always be legally and rightly acquired but we much planets are malefics, the prison will get riches on a large scale, but through undar and illegal manner. In bo he cases he will be nich but in the case of benefics he will be a good rain and will earn money homestly and by labur, in the cases of evil planets, the wealth will be thoroughly ill gotten and crommal. These Yogas will hippen when the 12th house is not aspected by any l'ance.

६. नीचे ग्रहद्योगाद्याधिक्यम् ॥

Sv. 6. Neeche grahadrigyogad.wyayadhikyam.

If there are planets in the 12th house from Lagna or Pada Lagna the person will spend more than he earns.

NOTES

Na O, Cha means 6 = 06 reversing we get 60, divided by 12, the balance is 12, and the 12th house is indicated. If evil planets occupy the 12th the expenditure will be on immoral and sinful deeds. If there are benefics in the 12th the expenditure will be on charitable and religious purposes such as building temples or places of worship, tanks, wells, charitable institutions and helping the poor and the distressed. But when the planets are bad the expenditure will be on drinking, whoring, gambling, unjust litigation and other situal sections.

७. रविराहुशुक्रैर्नुपात्॥

. Su. 7. Ravi rahu sukrairnrupath.

If Ravi, Rahu and Sukra occupy or aspect the 12th from Lagna or Pada Lagna the person will lose money through kingly displeasure or fines and confiscations.

८. चन्द्रदृष्टी निश्चयेन ॥

Su. 8. Chandradrishtau nischayena.

If in the combination in Sutra 7 there is the aspect of Chandra, the losses will certainly occur through governing bodies

९. बुधेन ज्ञातितो विवादाद्वा ॥

Su 9. Budhena gnathitho vivadadwa

If Budha occupies the 12th house from Pada or Lagna or aspects it, there will be losses from cousins, relations and litigations

१० गुरुणा करमूलात्॥

Su 10 Guruna karamoolath

If Guru joins or aspects 12th from Pada Lagna or Lagna, the man loses money by paying heavy government taxes

११ कुनशनिस्यां भ्राद्मुवात् ॥

Su 11 Kujasanibhyam bhratrumukhat

If the 12th from Lagna or Pada Lagna is joined or aspected by Kuja and Sani the person will suffer losses through brothers

१२ एतेव्यय एवं लाभः॥

Su 12. Aetarryyaya aevam labhaha

The results have been given for the 12th house from Lagna or Pada Lagna and the various sources of losses have been indicated If those planets are in the 11th house, then instead of losing money he will gain money through those sources which have been shown to the credit of planets. If the planets are in the 12th house he will lose money, if they are in the 11th house he will gain.

१३. लामे राहुकेतुम्यामुदररोगः ॥

Su. 13. Labhe rahukethubhyamudara rogaha.

If the 7th house from Pada has conjunction or aspect of Rahu or Kethu the person suffers from stomach diseases.

१४. तत्र केतुन्ना झटिति ज्यानिर्लिगानि ॥

SU. 14. Tatra kethuna jjadithi jyanilingani. If Kethu occupies the 2nd house from Pada Lagna the person will display signs of old age, though he may be young in years. He will show wrinkles beyond his proper age. If in the 6th house from Pada Lagna evil planets combine he will become a thief. If the 2n I and 6th from Pala Lagna are occupied by benefics without evil aspects, the person will be a govern or of many countries.

१५ चन्द्रगुरुग्रकेषु श्रीमन्तः॥

Su. 15. Chandragurusukreshu sreemanthaha. If Chandra, Guru or Sukra occupy the 2nd from Pada Lagna he will become a rich mun. Here all these planets may be in the second or any one of them.

१६. उचेन वा॥

Su. 16. Uchhena va.

If the evil or good planets are in the second, house from Pada in exaltation the person becomes rich.

NOTES

He has already shown if the exalted planet is a benefic, the person acquires wealth by lawful means but if an evilplanet is in the second exalted, the person becomes rich through unlawful and sinful ways.

१७. स्वांशवदन्यत्त्रायेण ॥

Su 17. Svamsavadanyalprayena

All the results explained in the above sutras will have application and reference as they have had in the Karakamsa.

१८. लामपदे केन्द्रे त्रिकोणे वा श्रीमन्तः ॥

Su 18. Labhapade kendre thrikane vu sreemantaha.

If the Arudha Lagna falls in the 7th from Janma Lagna or Karakamsa or in the Kendras or Konas the person becomes extremely rich

१९. अन्यथा दुःस्ये ॥

Sv. 19. Anyatha dusthe.

If the Arudha Lagna does not fall in Kendra or Thrikon from Lagna but falls in *Dusthas* 6, 8 and 12, the sults will be bad-

NOTES

That is instead of becoming a Sreemantha the person becomes a poor man. They are called Dusthas or Dusthanas or bad places.

२०. केन्द्रविकोणोपचयेषु द्वयोर्मेत्री ॥

Sv. 20. Kendra thrikonopachayeshu dwayormailri,

If the Saptamiru Ihi falls in Kendras, Thrikonas or the Upachayas from Janma Lagna, excepting the 6th which is classified as a Dosthana there will be great agreement between the wife and the husband.

NOTES

The couple will lead an agreeable life. A good wife is Heaven on Earth. A bad one is the Hell on the Earth.

२१. रिपुरोगचिन्तासु वैरम् 🛭

Sv. 21. Ripu roga chintasu vairam.

If the Aradha Bhavas fall in 6, 8 and 12 from Lagna they denote evils to such Bhavas.

NOTES

 $Ra\ 2$, $pa\ 1 = 21 = 12$. $Ra\ 2$, $Ga\ 3 = 23 = 32$, divided by 1: we get 8. $Cha\ 6$, $tx\ 6 = 65$, divided by 12 we get 6 balance.

२२. पत्नीलामयोदिष्टचा निरामासार्गलया ॥

Sv. 22. Patnilabhayor dhishtya nirabhasa-*galaya.

If the Arudha Lagna and the 7th from it have no obstructive Argalas, the person becomes fortunate.

NOTES

Pa 1, na 0, = 10, reversed at 1s 01, or 1t denotes the first house. La 3, Bha 4 = 34 reversed we get 43, divided by 12, we get a balance of 7. For subha and pape Argaias see my notes on Sutras 5 to 9 in Pach 1 of Adhyaya 1.

२३. श्रमार्गले धनसमृद्धिः ॥

Su. 23. Shubharaale dhanasamriddhi.

If Arudha Lagna and the 7th from it have beneficial Argalas there will be plenty of money.

NOTES

If the Argala happens to be multiclous there will be ordinary wealth. If there is a mixture of sulfar and faps Argalas, the person will have financial app and domin or he will be tossed from wealth ito paverty and from poverty to wealth If a planet aspects Hora Lagna, Ghatika Lagna and Janma Lagna the person becomes a ruler or one equal to him.

NOTES

For an explanation of these various Lagnas see Sutra 32 of 1st Pada. What is meant here is that if one planet aspects all these three different Lagnas at the same time the person attains to eminent position, if not he will become a King. In some places Ministers are more poverful than Kings.

२५. पत्नीलामयोध राइयंशकदकाणैर्वा ॥

Su. 25. Patnilabhayoscha rasyamsaka drik-

If Chandra Lagna, Navamsa Lagna, Drekkana Lagna and the 7th houses from these three are aspected by one planet, the person becomes a great ruler or a Maharaia.

NOTES

Some old commentators observe thus. If one has conbection, conjunction or aspect, with Lagna, the 7th from it. Chandra Lagna, Navamsa Lagna and Drekkana Lagna, the person becomes a Maharaja or a great powerful ruler.

२६. तेष्वेकसिन्न्यूने न्यूनम् ॥

Su. 26. Theshwelasminnune nunam.

If out of the 6 Lagnas riz., Lagna, Ghatika Lagna, Hora Lagna, Chandra Lagna, Navamsa Lagna and Drekkana Lagna—one planet sees five and not all the six, the person will have ordinary Rajayoga.

NOTES

This combination occurs only 10 real Rajayogas or royal combinations II an exalted planet occupies the Arudha Lagna or Chandra, Guru and Sukra are there evil obstructive Argalas are not there where, while there are beneficial Argalas the person will attain to royal position

२७. एवमश्रतो हकाणतश्र ॥

Su 27 Evamamsato drikanatascha

If the Navamsa, Hora and Ghatika Lagnas, or Drekkana, Hora and Ghatika Lagnas, are aspected by one planet there will be Rajayoga.

Some commentators are of opinion that 2½ ghairs exactly in middle of the Day and the Night are auspicious and such times produce Kings and their equals. The midday goes under the name of Abhijit and is considered as very auspicious for all work. It cuts away all evils. Abhijit sarea dokahaham.

२८. शुक्रचन्द्रयोभिथो दृष्टयोः सिंद्रस्ययोत्री यानवन्तः Su. 28 Sukrachandrayormethodreshtayoh sim

Su. 28 Sukrachandrayormithodrishtayoh sim hastayorva yanavantaha

If Sukra and Chandra aspect each other or if they are in the 3rd house from each other the person will be blessed with various conveyances

NOTES

Simha means 3, Sa denotes 7, Ha shows 8=78, reversed 87, divided by 12, gives 3 as remainder

२९. शुक्रमुजकेतुषु वैतानिकाः॥

Su 29. Sukra kuja kethushu vaithanikaha.

If Sukra, Kuji and Kethu have mutual aspects or if they are in the 3rd house from each other the person will have aristocratic surroundings from his ancestors

He will belong to an old and respectable family which has royal traditions and marks of honour. Some commentators say that the person will be proficient in all the details of religious sacrifices.

३०. स्त्रभाग्यदारभातृमावसमेषु शुभेषु राजानः ॥

Sv. 33. Swibhagyadara matrubharasameshu subheshu rajanaha.

If the 2nd, 4th and 5th Bhavas become equal to the Karaka or if benefics occupy them, the person becomes a Raja or his equal in position.

NOTES

We have as facto and de jure rulers. We have Karakas for all events. The Bhavas and planets have to be taken with reference to the various Karakas or lords of events. Some tummentation interpret Brava in the above Sutra as Bha f and Vaf = 44, divided by 12 will give us the remainder as 8. They say that if the 2nd and 4th houses from the Karaka are equal or if benefics occupy them or if the 5th and 8th houses are equal or have beneficial planets in them there will be Raiayora.

३१. कर्मदासयोः पापयोध ॥

Su 31 Karmadasayoh papayoscha

If the 3rd and 6th houses from Atmakaraka, are equal or if they are joined by malefics there will, be Rajayogas

NOTES

Ka 1 Ma 5 = 15, reversed 51 divided by 12, the balance is 3 Da 8 Sa 7 = 87 reversed 78 divided by 12, we have a balance of 6 When he says equal he means that the sources of strength and weakness must balance equally

३२. पितलाभाधिवाधैवम ॥

Su 32 Pitru labhadhipaschaivam

If from the lords of Lagna or 7th benefics occupy the 2nd, 4th, 5th and 8th, there will be Rajayogas

NOTES

Jammin confuses his readers unless they happen to be very intelligent by referring to Lagna Pada Lagna Ghatika Hora Lagna Atmakarskamsa and other amsus and unles, we have able commenteries the readers will be launched in a rough sea of doubts Pitu, Pa 1, Ta 6 = 16, reversing we get 61, and divided by 12, we have the first house or Lagna. Labha 7, La 3, Bha 4 = 34, reversed, we have 43, divided by 12, we have a balance of 7 therefore the 7th house from Lagna 18 indicated.

३३. मिथे समाः ।।

Su. 33. Misre samaha.

If there is a mixture of benefics and malefics in the above combination the person will attain to ordinary positions.

३४. दरिद्रो विषरीते ॥

Su 34. Daridro vivaresthe

If evil planets occupy beneficial signs and benefics evil signs the person will be poor.

३५. मातिर गुरी शुक्रे चन्द्रे वा राजकीयाः ॥

Sv. 35. Malari guroio suhre chandreva rajaleeyaha.

If to the Lord of Lagna or to the Lord of 7th, the 5th house is occup ed by Gura, Sukra or Chandra, the person becomes a high Government official and wields political powers

३६. कर्नण दासे वा पापे सेनान्यः॥

Su. 36. Karmani dase ra pape senanyaka.

If evil planets occupy the 3rd and 6th from the lords of Lagna or the lord of the 7th, the person be comes a military commander

NOTES

Karmani 3, Dasa 6 Ka 1, Ma 5 = 15 reversed we have 51, divided by 12 we have the remain let 3 Dt 8, 5a is 7 = 87 reading brickwards we have 78, divided by 12 we get the balance 6

Commanders, often lead their victorious ar nies against their employers and become rulers themselves. Hyder, Napolean, Shiyaji, Hindenberg Wellington and others became rulers.

> ३७. म्विपत्रमां कर्मदासम्यदद्या तदीशदृष्या मातनाथदृष्या च धीमन्तः ॥

Su 37 Swajatrulhyam larma dasastha dristya tadeesa dristya matru natha dristya cha

dhemantaha
If the lords of the 3rd and 6th from Lagna and
Atmakaraka aspect the latter or if the plane is in those
houses aspect them, and if the lord of the 5th aspect

them the person becomes extremely intelligent-

NOTES

Pitru I, Soa I, Karma 3, Dasa 6, Matru 5 These have already been explained in ha Ta Pa, Yadi Sutra rules

३८. दारेशदृष्टम मुलिनः॥

Su 38 Daresa dristya sul hinaha

If Lagna and Karaka Lagna have the aspect of the lord of the 4th the person will be happy.

NOTES

Dara 4, Happiness it must be remembered, 'does not entirely depend upon position or wealth. There are some people who are extremely rich and powerful, but they are most miserable. There are some who are very ordinary but who are perfectly happy. Physical and mental conditions have great deal to do with happiness and specially some temperaments have the knack of miking themselves agree able alround and create happiness for themselves.

३९. रोगेश्वद्यादरिद्राः॥

Su. 39. Rogesa dristya daridraha.

If the lord of the 8th from Lagna and Karaka Lagna aspect them, the person suffers from poverty.

NOTES ,

Roga 8, Ra 2, Ga 3 = 23, reversed 32, divided by 12 we have balance 8.

४०. रिपुनाधद्दधा व्ययशीलाः ॥

Sv. 40 Ripunathadristya vyayaseelaha.

If the lord of the 12th from Lagna and Karaka Lagna aspect them then the person booking thendthrift or extravagant.

४१. मामिटछा प्रवलाः पुँटी 19546 Su. 41. Swamidristya piabalahd If the lord of Lagna aspects the Lagna and if the lord of the Karaka Lagna aspects that Lagna the person will have very good Rajayogas

४२. पश्चाद्रिषुमान्ययोर्ब्रहसाम्ये चन्धः कोणयो रिषुजा ययोः कीटयनमयोर्दारिरिष्क्रयोश्च ।।

Su 42 Pacshadripi bhagyaorgraha samye bandhah konayo ripujayayoho keetayugmayordara riphayoscha

If from Lagna—the 2nd and 12th or 5th and 9th or 12th and 6th or 4th and 10th have the same number of planets posited, the person will be suppressed.

NOTES

This seems to be the longest Sutra I have had to deal since the commencement of this work and it requires a clear explanation

Ripu-12 then the person will have chains, beating, imprisonment and the displeasure of the Bhagya-2 governing authorities. If there is one planet in the 2nd there must be one

Konzyoho 5 and 9 planet in the 2nd there must be one
planet in the 12. If there are 2 planets
in the 2nd the twelfth also must have
Ripu-12 2 planets If there are 3 planets in the

Stb there must also be 3 in the 9th

Jana-6 This is Grahasamya or equality in

This is Grahasamya or equality in the number of planets. If there are evil

the n

Dara—4 combinations or aspects for these houses or for their lords the punishments are Ripha—10 certain and the man will suffer. If there are good planetary combinations of Kita—11 aspects for these houses or their lords, the person will have trials and troubles and prosecutions, but will be let off after trials and prosecutions. Here five sets that a here in manual and the presence of planets.

of houses have been named and the presence of planets, in each set, of equal number in each of the houses indicate imprisonments and torfures. But I gather from the commentories that when the number of planets is not equal of properly matched these troubles may not be indicated

४३. शुक्राह्रौणपदस्यो राहः सूर्यदृष्टो नेत्रहा॥

Sv 43 Sukradgouna padasto rahu surya dristo netraha.

If the 5th from Arudha Lagna 13 occurped by Rahu and Ravi aspects him, the person will lose is sight.

NOTES

Sukra I, Sa means S, Ra denotes 2 = 52, teversed 25, ivided by 12, we have I, denoting Lagoa. Gauna S, Ga nows 3 Na, denotes 5 = 35, reversed 53, divided by 12, have the balance of 5, denoting the 5th house Each Lagna has its Arutha Take the 5th in the undergiven horoscope.

Lagna Rahu	Sanı dra Budha	Ravi Sukra	Here the 5th is Kataka Its lord is in the 11th from the
	RASI	Kuja	5th The 11th from Chand falls in Meena and if I unde stand the sutra properly, means the fifth Arudha falls Meena, is occupied by Rai
	Guru	Kethu	and Ravi aspects him, the per

४४. खदारगयोः शुक्रचन्द्रयोरातोद्यं राजचिह्नानि च॥ ॥ इति जैमिनीस्नन प्रथमाभ्याये तृतीयपादः समाप्तः॥

Su 44 Swadaragayoh suhrachandrayoratodyam rajachinhaneecha

If Sukra and Chandra occupy the 4th from Atmakaraka, the person will have the parapharnalia of royalty, us, Nayarı or drum, Noubhat, muse, Chatras or umbrellas Chamaras or tufts of hair-fans which attendants keep waving about the royal personage and other signs and emblems of royal state.

NOTES

We can easily infer that if Sukra and Chandra in this combination are exalted, have good conjunctions and aspects the person will have these royal insignia on a grand scale and if they are weak or have evil aspects and con junctions, the royal parapharnalis will be on small or poor scale. There are Rajas with a few lacs and emperors with many crores

There are Kings and Kings, rulers and rulers, emperors and all these have different grades and different insignia. In all these sutras, taking the original commentories and my notes the readers will see that they have to shift through a lot of conflicting evidence and confusing principles I have tried my best to make the explanations, notes, examples as clear and convincing as possible. But in spite of all my efforts the readers may find doubts and difficulties. Here in such cases my sound advice to them would be that they should read the sutra well twice or thrice, read the transla tions I have given and examples by way of illustrations And after doing so, if they still have doubts they must think over well, for a few days, read the previous and the future stanzas and I may assure them, that suddenly they will hit upon the correct idea or meaning and their doubts will be solved and fresh and glorious mental light will flash an their brains

अथ प्रथमाध्याये चतुर्थपाद प्रारंमः ॥

१. उपपदं पदं पित्नतुचरात्।।

U 1 Upapadam padam pitranucharat.

Take the 12th house from Lagna Find out its Pada Lagna or Arudha Lagna This becomes Upapada,

NOTES

For ordinary Pada we take the lord of Lagna and we count again the same number of Rasis from him as be has advanced from Lagna and this becomes Pada or Arudha Lagna For Upapada we have to take from the lord of the 12th from Lagna and count again that number of Rasis from the position of its lord and the sign which falls in that number will be Upapada. The meaning will not be clear values I was

	RIAC OTO C	LWO	CARIL	pies
	Upa pada L Lagna	agna	Sanı	Vrishabha is lagna Its Lord Sukra joins Dhanus the
Ravi Budha Guru	1			8th from Lagna, Counting again the 8th from Sukra we get Kataka and this is called Pada or Arudha Lagna (see Sutra 29 of pada 1) Now we
Sukra		luja lethu		have to find Upapada Take the lord of the 12th from Lagna The 12th from Lagna

is Mesha Its lord is Kuja and he is found in the 7th from it. The seventh from him is again Mesha and in this horoscope

			-p coButter	mesna and in this notoscope
Rahu		Sam Chan dra		Arudha Lagna falls in Kataka and it goes under the name
Lagna	RASI		Kuja	of Pada. The Upapada will fall in Mesha, and the results in this Chapter will be predicted with reference to Upapada. Take another
	Gurti		Upa	horoscope Here calculate the Pada and the Upapada Lagnas The lord of Lagna

18 Sani and he is in the 4th from Lagna The fourth from mm or Simha will be Arudha or Pada Lagna Now calculate the Upapada Lagna Take the 12th from Lagna. This falls in Makara. Its lord is Sani. He is in the 5th house from it or Vrishebba. Now take the 5th from him, it will fall in Kanya. For this person Pada Lagna falls in Simha and Upapada falls in Kanya.

Take another example In this horoscope the lord of Lagna is Guru. He is in Mithung or the 4th. Count from him to the 4th we see that it falls in Kanya. This will be the Pada Lagua for this native Now take the 12th house from Lagna This will be Kumbha Its lord is Sani. He is found in the 4th from that house in Vrishabha. Count the 4th from him and it will be Simha and this will be his Upapada Lagna. All Lagnas and Bhavas have their Pada and Ubabada, and Jaimini seems to pay great attention to Atmakarakamsa, Pada Laena and Ucapida Laena, Some commentators say-Upapadam Labhadsts This means-take the 7th from Lagna and find out the Arudha from it. This becomes the Upapada Lagua. Take the horoscope given below. Labha means, La 3, Bha 4 = 34, reversed it becomes 43, divided by 12, we get a remainder of 7, and therefore the 7th house is meant by this sutra.

Lagna Rayı	Kethu	Sanı	Gura
Budha Kuja Sukra	RA	Upa pada Lagna	
		Rahu	Chan dra

The 7th from Lagua becomes Kanya Its Lord Budha occupies the 6th house from it in Kurnbha. The 6th from Kurnbha is Kataka. Therefore for this boroscope the *Uparada* becomes Kataka according to this suiter. Thus in this horoscope according to entire the suiter of the suiter.

theory Upapada becomes Simha and according to the latter Upapada becomes Kataka. This makes a great deal of difference. I have indicated the differences and leave the readers to follow their own judgment, experience and personal reading.

२. तत्र पापस्य पापयोगे प्रवज्या दारनाशो वा ॥

Su. 2. Tatra papasya papayoge pravrajja dara

If the *Upapada* has evil conjunction or aspect or if the 2nd from it has an evil planet, the wife will die or he will embrace pravrajjya or sanyasa or asceticism.

NOTES

Brihaspathi is quoted here If there is a malefic planet in the Arudha Lagna from the 7th or Jamitra or an evil planet in the 7th or 2nd or Rahu is found in the 9th, the wife of the person will be destroyed

२. उपपदस्याप्याह्रद्वत्वादेव नात्र गविः पापः ॥

Sv. 3. Upapadasyapyarudhatwadeva natra ravihi papaha.

If the second from the Upapada is occupied by Ravi he does not become a malefic.

NOTES

Somehow all Astrological writers have classified Ravi as an evil planet. Jaimini says that Ravi is not an evil planet when he is in the 2nd house from Upapada.

४. ञ्चमद्दग्योगान्न ॥

Sv. 4. Shubhadrigyoganna

If, in the above combinations in Sutras 2 and 3, there are beneficial aspects or conjunctions, the evil results should not be predicted.

NOTES

It means that his wife will not die or he will not take sanyasa. The wife must die some day or other. What is meant here is that during those evil times inducated by the planets death will not happen.

५. नीचे दारनाग्नः॥

Su. 5. Neechey daranasaha.

If the 2nd from *Upapada* falls in Neechamsa or has the conjunction of a Neecha or debilitated planet there will surely be death to wife in that evil period.

, ६. उचे बहुदारः ॥

Su. 6. Ucchey bahudaraha.

If, in the 2nd from *Upapada* there is an exalted planet or the second falls in an exalted Navamsa, the person will have many wives.

NOTES

I do not know if many wives add pleasure or misery to a person. His lust may be satisfied but he will be miserable. It is a question to be solved by each man for himself.

७. युग्मेच ॥

Su. 7. Yuamecha.

If the 2nd from Upapada falls in Mithuna, the person will have many wives

८. तत्र खामियुक्ते खर्क्षे वा तद्धेवाबुत्तरायुषि

निर्दारः ॥

Su. 8. Tatra swamiyukte swarkshe va tadhhetauttarayushi nirdaraha.

If the 2nd from *Upapada* is combined by the Atmakaraka or by the lord of that 2nd sign, the person will have no wife in the latter part of his life.

NOTES

Here the conjunction of its lord seems to act prejudicially

९. उचे वसिञ्जनमञ्जलादारलाभः॥

Su. 9. Ucche thasminnutthama huladdara-

If the lord of the 2nd from Upapada is found in exaltation, his wife will come from a respectable family.

NOTES

Pamily traditions and previous histories have great in account in social circles.

१०. नीचे विपर्ययः॥

Su. 10. Neeche viparyayaha.

If the lord of the second from the *Upapada* joins a debilitated sign, the case will be reversed.

NOTES

It means the wife will come from a despicable or mean family. Social stigmas are often unpleasant.

🔧 ११. शुभसंबन्धातसुन्दरी ॥

Su. 11. Shubhasambandhatsundaree.

If the second from the *Upapada* has beneficial aspects or conjunctions, the wife will be a very handsome woman.

NOTES

It is both a fortune and misfortune to have a very beautiful wife. Her moral behaviour and the temperament of the husband should decide this complicated problem.

१२. राहुग्रनिम्यामपवादात्त्यामो नाग्रो वा ॥

Su. 12. Rahusanibhyamaparadatyago nasora, If Sani and Rahu occupy or aspect the second house from *Upapada* the wife will die or will be rejected by the husband for social scandals.

१३. शक्रकेत्रभ्यां रक्तप्रदरः॥

Sv. 13. Sukrakelubhyam raktapradaraha-

If Sukra and Kethu occupy or aspect the second from *Upapada* the wife will suffer from bloody discharges or blood complaints.

NOTES

Females have these menstrual and bloody complaints very often and they lead to consumption-

१४. अख्यिसावो बुधकेतुम्याम् ॥

Su. 14. Astisravo budhakethubhyam.

If the second from *Upapada* has the aspect or conjunction of Budha and Kethu the wife of the person will suffer from a disease wherein her bones will be melted and dropped down.

१५. श्रुनिरविराहुभिरस्थिज्वरः॥

Su. 15. Sanıravirahubhirastijvaraha.

If Sani, Ravi and Rahu join or aspect the 2nd house from *Upapada* the wife will suffer from chronic or persistent low fever.

NOTES

In the Ayurvedic system, there is the Rakiasrita Juara or fever found persistent in blood and Astigata Juara or fever which has penetrated to the bones and which cannot easily be eradicated. The first fever is milder while the second is more serious. Fever is the monarch of all diseases and brings in fis train various complications.

१६. बुधेकतुम्यां स्थौल्यम् ॥

Su. 16 Budhalethubhyam sthaulyam

If the second from *Upapada* is aspected or conjoined by Kethu and Budha, the wife becomes clumsily coroulent

NOTES

I believe great corpulence and accumulation of fat in the body for man or woman is a great misfortune. There is a limit to corpulence. When it is unwieldy it gives great inconvenience.

१७. ब्रबक्षेत्रे मन्दाराभ्यां नासिकारोगः ॥

Su. 17. Budhalshetre mandarabhyam nasılaroqaha

If the second from *Upapada* falls in one of the signs of Budha, viz, Mithuna or Kanya and possesses the aspect or conjunction of Sam and Kuja the wife will suffer from nasal diseases or complaints of the nose.

१८. क्रजसेत्रेच॥

Sv. 18 Kujakshetre cha.

If the second house from *Upapada* falls in one of the houses, vie, Mesha or Vrischika and has the aspect of Kuja and Sani the same nasal dis ases will trouble the man's wife

१९. गुरुवातिस्यां कर्णरोगो नगहका च ।।

Su. 19. Gurusanıblıyam karnarogo narahala

cha.

If the second from *Upapada* falls in any one of the houses of Kuja or Budha and has the aspect or conjunction of Guru and Sani the wife will have ear complaints and also nervous diseases.

२०. गुरुराह्रभ्यां दन्तरोगः ॥

Su. 20. Guru rahubhyam dantarogaha.

If the second from #papada falls in any of the houses of Budha or Kuja and has the aspect of Guru and Rahu the wife will suffer from tooth diseases.

NOTES

In Sanskrit it is stated that four forms of diseases are the most painful to endure, eig. Akshi -eyes, Kukshi -stomach. Sire - head and Danta - teeth These aches are very painful.

२१. श्रनिराहुस्यां कन्यातुलयोः पहुर्वातरोगी वा ॥

Sv. 21. Fanirahubhyam kanya thulayoho panguri atarogo va.

If the second from Upapada falls in Kanya or Thula and has the aspect of Sani and Rahu the wife will be defective in limbs or will suffer from windy complaints.

NOTES

Ayurveda says that when the three Dhatus—Vata, Pitha, and Sleshma are properly distributed the body keeps good health. When any one of them is excited diseases appear.

२२. शुमहम्योगात्र॥

Sv 22 Subhadrigyoganna

If in the combinations given above there are beneficial conjunctions or aspects, the evils will disappear and bad should not be predicted

२३. सप्तमांशप्रहेम्पश्चेवम् ॥

Su 23 Sipiamamsa grahebhyaschaiiam

The above results may also be predicted by the 7th from Upapada by the Kalatra Karalamsa and by the lords of those houses

NOTES

This means that all the above results good and bad may be resulted by the lord of the 7th from Upapada, and by the 7th house from Upapada, by the Katiara Karakamsa and also by its lord For each Bhava so many combinations have to be examined that Astrological predictions are not easy matters. Great devotion is needed.

२४. बुपश्रनिशुकेष्वनपत्यः॥

Su 24 Budha sanisukreshwanapatyha

If the 7th from Upspala and its lord and the lord of the Kalatra Karakamsa and its lord—if all these four are aspected or conjoined by Budhi, Sani and Sukra, the person will have no issues

२५. प्रतेषु रविराहगुरुमिवहपुत्रः ॥

Su. 25. Putreshu ravirahu gurubhirbahu putraha

If the 5th houses from the 7th, from . Upapada, its lord, the Kalatra Karakamsa and its lord have the aspects or conjunctions of Ravi, Rahu and Guru, the person will have many children

Rahu seems to exercise very peculiar influences.

२६. चन्द्रेणैकपुत्रः॥

Su. 26. Chandrenaikaputraha.

If in the combination given in Sutra 25, the fifth has only Chandra's aspect or conjunction, the person will have only one son.

२७. मिभे विलम्बात्पुत्रः ॥

Su. 27. Misre vilambathputraha

If the 5th in Sutra 25 has combinations and aspects, both for many issues and no issues, then predict an issue later on in life

NOTES

What the author means is, when there are combinations for many children and no children, the person will have issues later on in life. The problem of children is curious and various. Some beget children very early in life and get as many as 20 or 25 by one wife Others get even 30 to 35 children by two or three nives one after the other or similtaneously by several wives. There are some who get only a limited number. Some get an issue early in life and get no more. Some get one child in the middle of their life and there are others who get only one child towards the close of their live. God's creation presents puzzles and confusion all round in

२८. कुजशनिभ्यां दत्तपुत्रः ॥

Su 28. Kujasanibhyam dattaputraha

If the 5th' house in the combinations given in Sutra 25, has the aspect or conjunction of Kuja and Sani, the person will have an adopted son

NOTES

I have shown the importance of children in the previous notes. There are 14 varieties of children mentioned by the Hindu Law

२९. ओजे बहुपुतः॥

Su 29 Oje bahuputraha

If the 5th from the combinations mentioned in Sutra 25 falls in an odd sign the person will have many children

३०. युग्मेऽस्पप्रजः॥

Sv 30 Ugme alpaprajaha

If the 5th sign in the above combinations falls in even signs there will be few issues

२१. गृहकमात्कृक्षितद्शिषश्चमाश्रवेभ्यश्चेतम् ॥

Su 31 Gruhakramathukshi tadeesa pancha mamsa grahebhyaschaviam Just as you find out from Jaumalagna, particulars about children, so also inquire into the 5th house by considering *Upapada* and its lord, and Putra Karakamsa rasi and its lord.

NOTES

In general Astrology the significations of the 12 Bharas have been well explained. As we take the Rasis, their lords the planets, who conjoin and aspect them and determine the results in reference to them so also Jamini advices the students to determine the various results with reference to Upapada, its lord and the lord of the Putra Karakamsa and the vatious aspects and conjunctions these houses have as also their lords. In fact the same procedure should be adopted as in the examination of the 12 Bhavas. Only these are taken with reference to birth Lagna and the author says instead of the Jamilagus, take the Upapada, its lord and the Putra Karakamsa.

३२. अतुम्यां शनिराहुम्यां आतुनाशः ॥

Su. 82. Bhratrubhyam sani rahubhyam bhratrun saha.

If Sani and Rahu occupy the 11th or the 3rd from *Upapaaa* and its lord, the elder and the younger brothers die respectively.

NOTES

The 11th house denotes elder brothers and elder sisters and the 3rd indicates the younger brothers and sitters. This well known in General Asttology. We take those from Janualagna. Here Jaimen takes them from Upapada.

. ३३. शुक्रेष्रव्यवहितगर्भनाशः॥

Sv. 33, Sulrena vyavahita garba nasaha

If Sukra joins the 3rd or the 11th from *Upapada* and its lord, the younger and the elder brothers will die.

NOTES

I have already shown that the 3rd indicates younger and the 11th elder brothers and sisters \sim

३४. पितृमाचे शुक्रद्येशिष ॥

Su. 34. Pitru bhave sukra dristepi.

If the Lagna or the 8th house from it has the aspect of Sukra loss must be predicted for elder and younger brothers.

Pitru One-Pa 1, Ta means 6=16, reversed it becomes 61, divided by 12, we get the Lagna or one. Bāsva=8, Bāa stands for 4=44, divided by 12, we have the remainder 8. The commentators refer simply to Lagna and Astama and we have to take them from lauma-lagna. How Astama or the 8th has anything to do with elder and younger brothers, cannot be traced. The Sutra is clear and we have to take it as given by the Maharshi.

३५, इजगुरुचन्द्रबुचैर्बहुआतरः ।

Sv. 35 Kuja guruchandra budhair bahu bratharaha.

If the 11th and 3rd from Upapada and its lord, are joined by Kuja, Guru, Chandra and Budha, the

person will have many brothers, elder and younger included

३६. श्रन्यासम्यां इष्टे यथाख भ्रातनाशः ॥

Su. 36 Sanyarabhyam driste yathaswam

If the 3rd and 11th from Upapada have the aspect of Sanı and Kuja the person will have his brothers destroyed

NOTES

When the Jrd has evil aspects, the younger and when the IIth has aspects the elder brothers will die. If both have evil aspects then the younger as well as the elder brothers will die. Sisters are uccluded in brothers. Brethren refers to those who are born with a person, males and females included.

३७. शनिना स्वमानक्षेत्रम् ॥

Su 37. Sinina swamatra seshascha

If the 3rd and 11th from Upapada, and its lord are as aspected by Sam the person will lose all his brothers and sisters and he will remain alone.

३८. केवी मगिनीवाहुल्यम् ॥

Sv 38 Kethau bhagines bahulyam

If the 3rd and 11th from Upapada and its lord has the conjunction of Ketu, the person will have many sisters

३९. लाभेशाद्भाग्यमे राही दंष्ट्राबान् ॥

Sv 39. Labhesadbhagyabhe rahau dounstravan.

If Rahu joins the 2nd from the 7th from Upapada the person will have large teeth or no teeth or will become dumb

४० केनी स्तब्धवार ।

St 40. Kethau stabd wak

If Kethu joins the 2nd house from the 7th from Upapada, the person will be an indistinct speaker or possesses bud pronunciation. He may also have stammering.

४१. मन्दे कुरूपः ।

Su. 41. Mand - Kurupiha

If Sam joins the 2nd house from the Lord of the 7th house from U_{ℓ} v_{ℓ} v_{ℓ} v_{ℓ} v_{ℓ} the person becomes ugly and repulsive

४२. खांग्रयशहीरनीवरीवादिवर्णाः॥

Su 42. Swimsavisadgowra neela pitadivirnaha

The colour or complexion of the person, yellow, dark, golden or write mist be predicted from the nature of the Navamsa occupied by the Atmakaraka.

"Similarly Jamin hin's to find out the colors of the various relations from the Navamsas occupied by their re-

spective Karakas Varahamihira says Lagna Navamsapa Thulya Tanusy at Judge the color, etc., of the person by the Navamsa occupied by the lord of Lagna

४३ अमात्यातुचराद्देवतामक्तिः॥

Su 43 Amatyanucharadderata bhaktihi

Take the planet next in degrees to Amatyaka raka and find out from him the religious tendencies of the person

NOTES

As per those rules the next planet in degrees to Amalya Laraka will be Bratrukarala If that planet happens to be evil the man will be devoted to the worship of evil spirits, if he happens to be good then he will worship good Gods In the all powerful Fime are embedded 33 crores of Devatas or forces or Energies for purposes of creation, protection and destruction Eleven crores of energies are under the contro of Brahma and his Spouse Saraswathi, representing all education, quana and intelligence for creative or generative functions | Cleven crores of energies are under the rule of Vishni with Lakshmi, for functioning protection. Money is needed for protection and Lakshmis grace is wanted Eleven crores of forces are under the control of Mahesvara with Durga for destructive purposes. By tapas man gets psychological energy This enables him to issue orders to the different forces generative, protective and destructive as he develops one of these three Nigraha and Anugraha forms are different. The education department increases 3 man a knowledge, the District Marietrate has nower to offend. the Sessions ludge can bang a man or let him off from the

gallows The postal man can transport news and money and small articles The police and the revenue have different functions All are orders or mental forces but each has a different function By keeping company with a scavanger a man gets dirty stipk. By associating with a scent merchant he gets perfumes. All these 33 crores of energies are called levatas and by analogy Gods. The psychology of a person effers considerably from others. While one cultivates the rt of charity and philapthropy another cultivates the art of ruelty and destruction. In this sutra the man's devotion is shown by the planets When they are bad he invokes evil spirits or forces When good, he invokes the beneficial powers I refer my readers to the wilderness of Mantel Sastras There are sapta hote mahamantras and navakote kshudra mantras The former enable a person to do benefi cial actions by the help of Mahamantras or beneficial forces The latter enable the person to call evil powers and do mischief to the people. We have Dikshmachira or good and famachara or had

४४. खांग्रे केनजपापसम्बे परजातः ॥

Su 44. Swams Lealt papasambanah para jataha

If evil planets occupy Atmakarakamsa Rasi, the person will be born of adultery

४५. नात्रपापात ॥

Su 45 Natrap ipath

If the Atmakaraka is himself evil and other evil planets are not with him then the evil in the above sutra should not be attributed

NOTES

This means he will be legitimate and born to his father.

४६. शनिराहस्यां त्रसिद्धिः॥

Su. 46 Sanırahubhyam prasidhihi

If Sam and Rahu are in conjunction with Atmakarakamsa Rast the person will become a notorious rake.

NOTES

People indulge in sexual embraces, but many do so with some sense of honor. But there are many who are shameless in such matters.

४७. गोवनमन्येभ्यः ॥

Su. 47. Gopanam anyebhyha

If in the Atmakarakamsa other evil planets than Sam and Rahu are conjoined the person will not beborn to another's seed, but his mother will be im moral.

NOTES

A person's mother may be an immoral woman, but he may be the product of legitimate embrace,

४८. शुभवर्गेऽपवादमात्रम् ॥

Su. 48 Shubhatarge apavada matram.

If shubha Shadwerga arise in the Almaharakamsa in the above mentioned Yogas there will be scandallabout his legitimize but he will be really born of his father's seed.

NOTES

There will be unfounded suspicious about his birth but they will not be true.

४९. द्विप्रहे कुलमुख्यः ॥

,

Su. 49 Dvigrahe kulamukhyaha

If there are two planets in the Atmakarakamsa, the person will become a leader in his community.

NOTES

Persons, males as well as females have peculiar temperaments. To be a leader in his own community, family-religion, science, art, or seet, trade or hime of profession is a great ambition which they often try to emulate. Even in vices there are leaders and sub-ordinates. The leader of a dacoit gaing will have hundreds or thousands, of, persons under him and the leadership is courted by his followers and admirers. Take any line of work, there are leaders and those who follow them as menials and subordinates of various grades. In this leadership, there is much good or earl the leader can do. If there are two or more evil planets in the Ka akimsa the person will be cruel and sinful in his deeds. If there are benefics we may expect the prominence in good and virtuous ways.

End of Fourth Pada of the First Adhyaya.

ADHYAYA II - Pada 1

१. आयुः वितृदिनेशास्याम् ॥

Sv. 1. Aanuh pitrudinesabhyam

Longevity of a person has to be determined with reference to Lagna and the 8th from it.

NOTES

Pitru=1 Dina=3, Pa1, Ta means 6, 16 reversed will be 61, divided by 12 we have a reminder 1. Therefore the 1st house Di=8, Na=0, reversed we get 08 Therefore 8th house from Lagna is signified Jitaka Chandrika, following Parasara, lays down 8th and 3rd as houses of longevity.

२. प्रथमयोरुत्तरयोत्री दीर्घम ॥

Su. 2 Prathamayorutharayorva deergham

If the lords of the 1st and 8th are in movable or common signs or if one of them is in a movable and the other in a common sign there will be longevity

1-3 {

३. प्रथमद्वितीययोरन्तयोर्जा मध्यम् ॥ ्रेन्ये

dhyam

If the lords of the 1st and 8th are found in Chris and Sthira Rasis—movable and fixed—or if both of them are in double bodied signs there will be middle life.

४. मध्ययोराद्यन्तयोर्वा हीनम् ॥

Su 4 Madhyayoradyantayorva heenam.

If the lords of 1st and 8th are found in fixed signs or one in Chara and other in Dwiswabhava

there will be short life In the second sutra the last portion repeats the same idea.

५. एवं मन्द्चन्द्राभ्याम् ॥

Sv. 5. Evam mandachandrabhyam.

The rules he has given in the first four sutras must also be applied to Chandra Lagna and the Lagna.

NOTES

Manda= 1, Ma 5, D: 8= 58, reversed we have 85, divided by 12, we get 1 or first house. Therefore apply the above rules for Ligna and Chandra. Here he drops the lord of the 8th.

६. पिनकालतथ ॥

Su. 6. Pitrukalatascha.

1 Long 1 life	1 Middle 2 hie	1 Short 3 life	Long, middle and short lives may also be ascer- tained from Lagna
2 Long	2 Middle	2 Short	and Hora Lagna. 1. Chara—Movable.
3 life	1 life	2 life	
3 Long	3 Middle	3 Short	2. Sthira—Fixed. 3. Dwiswabhava— Common or Double bodied sign.
2 life	3 life	1 life	

Long life is ensured when the above mentioned lords

- In two movable signs 2. In fixed and common signs

 - In common and fixed signs Middle life.

When the two lords are in-

1. Movable and fixed signs

Fixed and movable signs.

3. Common and common sizes.

Short life

Movable and common. 2 Fixed and fixed.

Common and movable.

This table enables the reader to readily ascertain from the lords of Lagna, Chandra and Hora Lagna and the lord of the 8th, the term of life of a person

७. संवादात्त्रामाण्यम् ॥

Sv 7. Samradat mamanuam

Lagna in the above Rasis

Whichever longevity is determined by the great ter number of combinations of planets, that term of life should be predicted and it will happen certainly

NOTES

This system or calculation and comparison is called same ada. Three systems have been given, viz .

- 1. From the position of the lords of Lagar and the 8th
- in the movable, fixed and common signs, 2. From the position of the lords of Lagua and Chandra

From the position of the Lagna and Hora Lagna in the above signs I have already explained what is meant by Hora Lagna

If the terms of his given by any of these two are opposed to or vary from the term of his indicated by one system then the former will prevail. If the calculations from these three systems agree then, certainly the person will have that term which they show.

८. त्रिस्वादे पितृकालतः ॥

Su 8 . Visamiade pitrukalathaha.

If three terms of life are indicated by the three systems, then the terms obtained by the Lagna and Hora Lagna should be preferred and accepted.

NOTES

If by one system we get long life, by another system middle life and by the third short life, accept that term which you get by the Lagna and Hora Lagna and reject the other terms obtained by other calculations

९. पितृलामगे चन्द्रे चन्द्रमन्दाम्याम् ॥

Su. 9. - Pitrulabhage chandre chandra mandabhyam.

If Chandra is in the 7th from Janma Lagna then the longevity obtained from the lords of these two must be taken as the definite term of a man's life.

Alpayu or short life extends from birth to 32 years.

Madhyaru or middle life extends from 33 to 66 years.

Paramayu or long life extends from 67th to 100 years,

Each Rasi has 30 Bhagas or 30 degrees and the positions of planets and houses will have to be taken with reference to degrees and minutes they occupy. If the lords of Lagna and 8th are in the first 10 degrees of the Rasis indicating long life, the person will have the full benefit of purnayu If they are in the end of those Rasis, death must be predicted at the commencement of longevity If they are in the middle, then the extent of the term in longevity must be found out by the rule of three The rule of three should be thus applied For each degree of the Rass we get I year and 36 days as per explanations of the old commentators If purpaya counts 34 years from 66th year to one hundred then this has to be divided by 30 degrees composing a Rasi We get I year and 48 days and not 36 as explained by them. A purpayu man under that technical term may die from his 67th year a age to his 100th year. Find out the degrees passed by the lords of Lagna and 8th in the respective houses they are and then by rule of three find out how many degrees and minutes and seconds they have passed in those Rasis and accertain how many years they give Add this to 66 and the years so obtained will be the term of life, the person will have in the longevity period Say they are in 16 degrees 20 minutes and 50 seconds What would be the term of life? We have taken this in the purnayu If each degree gets I year and 48 days what will be the number of years, months and days for 16 degrees, 20 minutes and 50 seconds? This is simply a question of the rule of three. We get 18 years, 6 months, 9 days and 40 shatis This added to 66 the term of middle life we get 84 6-9 40. The longevity of the person will be 84 years, 6 months 9 days and 40 shatis and his death must be predicted after this age Similarly the age must also be secertained by Hora as well as by Chandra Lagna If there

are differences take the majority and decide. In the second and third divisions of Madhya and Alpayus or middle or short lives the same procedure has to be followed. This gives a clue to predict the correct time of death. 'The author in there sutras has not spoken anything about the Balarista. Madhyarista and Yogarista. A very large number of infants die before they are eight years of age and this is described as death from Balarista. Then Madhyarista extends from 8 to 20 years, and we have a large number of deaths. Then we have the Yogarista extending from 20 to 32. Probably Jaimini includes all these three different periods in the Alpayuryoga which extends up to 32 years (see my notes in Bribit Jatek: and Sarvarthachiniamans on these various terms of life). Unless we have a full knowledge of Balarista the calculation of Jaimini will not be found useful or accurate An infant dies in the womb, a few minutes after birth or months-how can these Yogas apply to them. See Pintel. path; or feetal development given by me in Brihat Jataka

ा १०. बनो योगहेती कक्ष्याहासः॥

Su 10 Sanow yogahetou kalshya hrasaha."

If in the above combinations Sam causes the Purnayuryoga then place it as Madhyayuryoga. If he causes Madhyayuryoga then put it in Alpa and if he causes Alpa then consider it as still less and predict very early death

११- विपरीतमित्यन्ये ॥

Su. 11. Vipareetamityanye.

Some others are of opinion that when the longevity is caused by Sani there should be no Kakshva Hrasa or deduction or degradation. They mean that the term indicated by Sani should hold good.

१२. न खर्धतङ्गमे सौरे ॥

Sv. 12. Na swarksha thungage saure.

If Sani causing longevity occupies his own or exalted house, Kakshya Hrasa—or reduction should not be applied.

१३. केवलपापद्ययोगिनि च ॥

Su. 13. Kevalapapadrigyoginee cha-

If Sani causing longevity, has many evil aspects and conjunction then Kakshya Hrasa should not be predicted.

पितृलामगे गुरी केवलक्षुभद्ययोगिनि च कश्यावदिः ॥

Su. 14. Pilrulabhage gurow kwala shubha drigyogini cha kakshya vriddhihi.

If Guru occupies the Lagna or the 7th has no evil conjunctions or aspects, but beneficial aspects and conjunctions, he will cause increase or Kakshya Vriddhi.

NOTES

This means, if short life is revealed by the planetary conjunctions, he will push it into middle life. 'e life is denoted by the planetary pos' denoted by the planetary pos long life is indicated then he beyond a hundred years.

१५. मलिने द्वारबाह्य नवांश्च निघनं द्वारद्वारेशयोश्च मालिन्ये ॥

Sv. 15. Maline dwarabahye navamse nidhanam dwara dwaresayoscha malinye-

If * dwarabahya rasis are malefic signs or if malefics occupy these dwarabahya rasis, or if the lord of dwarabahya rasi is a malefic, death will happen in the navamsa dasas of such dwarabahya rasis.

NOTES

Dwara Rası is the sign which commences the period for a man. This will be some sign from the Lagna. Life the Pada Lagna, that sign from it which bears the same number from Dwara Rasi, while bears the same number from Dwara Rasi will be called Dwarabahya Rasi. Suppose the 4th from Lagna, is the Dwara Rasi, which commences the Dasa, the 4th from tor the 7th forms the Dwarabahya Rasi. In the Jaimin Surrai later on will be explained the Rasi. Dasas or periods and sub periods and when a man would be killed. This method of attributing Dasas and Bhukties is Zodical signs is not even hinded at in other books. There the Dasas and Bhukties are attributed to planets and constellations. In the Amsayurdaya of Satyacharya, Lagna in any sign contributes.

The nutra is very tough and even the commentators have not come to recore. It has reference to Maraka or death and has been dealt with by main my Studies in Jamans Astrology. The Rain in which are the properties of the properties of the main area of the part and the Dwarr area. Suppose the lagges is Meena and the Dwarr area is the 5th from the Tar., Kaitaka Them the 5th from Mataka ray. Virischika will be called Bahya (Dwarabahya) rain. Dwara rain, also called Asharana while Bahya rain is had known as Bhya rain.

its own term of life These Dwarabahya Rasis are also called Pakabhoga Kasis Paka means Dasa If these two Dwarabahya Rasis are evil signs, death will result in the period of an evil Navamsa in them If the lords of these two Rasis have evil aspects or conjunctions, death must be predicted in the period of the evil Navamsa Death always happens under the greatest malefic planet and malefic Rasi १६. शासदायीगाञ्च ॥

Su 16 Shubhadriqyoganna

If to the Dwarabahya Rasis, and the Rasi occupied by Dwarabahya there are beneficial aspects and conjunctions, there will be no death in the Navamsa periods of those Rasis

१७. रोगेशे तक्ते नवांश्रवृद्धिः ॥

Su 17 Rogese tunge navamsa vriddhihi

If the lord of the tth from Lagna joins exaltation there will be increase of life in the Dasa of the Navamsa thus averting the death indicated in the above combinations.

१८ तत्रापि पदेशदशान्ते पदनवांशदशायां पितृदिनेश-ि सिकोणे वा ॥

Su 18 Tairapi padesadasante padanavamsaaasayam pitrudinesatrikone va

If there is an increase of life as per Sutra 17 then death will happen in Navamsa dasa of the Rass occupied by Aroodhalagnadhipathi, in the dasas of Rass which are in thikona to lords of lagna and

8th; in the navamsa dasa of the Rasi containing Aroodha lagna.

NOTES

- Pitru 1, Pa stands for 1, Ta denotes 6=16, reversed it is 61, divided by 13, we have 1 remainder, and it means Lagna. Diva 8, Da stands for 8 and Na 0=80, reversed it means 03, or the 8th house. If in the Vriddhi paksha named in Sutra 17, the death does not happen then, when can the Person expect d-ath. Jaimini here gives the periods when death may be expected. The Aruthadhipath or the Lord of Pada Lagna occupies some Rasi. Death may be predicted in the Navamia Rasi Dasa. Death, may also happen in the Dasas of the Trikonas from Lagna and the 8th or in the Navamsa Dasa of the Arutha Rasi from Lagna. He has given here three sets of combinations.
 - Death may occur in the Dasas of Trikonas from Lagra and the 8th.
 - 2. Death may occur in the Navamsa Dasa of the
 - Arudha Rasi.
 It may happen in the Navamsa Dasa from the Rasi
 - occupied by the lord of Arudha Lagna १९. पितृलामरोगेशप्राणिनि कण्टकादिस्ये स्वतंत्रवं त्रिषा ॥
- : Su. 19. Pitrulabha rogesa pranini kantakadiste swataschaivam thridha.
- If the lord of the 8th from Lagna and the lord of the 8th from the 7th, from Lagna are powerful and occupy Kendras, Panaparas and Apoklimas, then they cause long, middle and short lives respectively.

its own term of life. These Dwarabahya Rasis are also called Pokabhoga Kasis. Paka means Dasa. If these two Dwarabahya Rasis are evil signs, death will result in the period of an evil Nayamsa in them. If the lords of these two Rasis have evil aspects or conjunctions, death must be predicted in the period of the evil Nayamsa. Death always happens under the greatest malefic plauet and malefic Rasi. १६. जायरणीमान्य ॥

Su. 16 Shubhadriquoqanna.

If to the Dwarabahya Rasis, and the Rasi occupied by Dwarabahya there are beneficial aspects and conjunctions, there will be no death in the Navamsa periods of those Rasis

१७. ेरोगेशे तुङ्गे नवांश्रष्टाद्धः ॥

Su 17. Rogese tunge navamsa vriddhihi.

If the lord of the Eth from Lagna joins exaltation there will be increase of life in the Dasa of the Navamsa thus averting the death indicated in the above combinations

१८. तत्रापि पदेशदशान्ते पदनयांशदशायां पितृदिनेश-

। १५ छ। ५ म थ ⁻ विकोणे वा ॥

Su. 18 Tatrapi padesadasante padanavamsaaasayum pitru linesatrikone va.

If there is an increase of life as per Sutra 17 then death will happen in Navannsa dasa of the Rasi occupied by Aroodhalagnadhipathi; in the dasas of Rass which are in thukona to lords of lagna and

8th, in the navamsa dasa of the Rasi containing Aroodha lagna

NOTES

Patra 1, Pa stands for 1, Ta denotes 6=16 reversed it is 61 divided by 18 we have 1 remainder, and it means Lagni Dina 8 Da stands for 8 and Na 0=50 reversed it means 03 or the 8th house. If in the Vinddhi paksha named in Sutra 17, the death does not happen then, when can the person expect death. Jaimini here gives the periods when death may be expected. The Arudhadhipathi or the Lord of Pada Lagna occupies some Rasi. Death may be predicted in the Navama Rasi Dasa. Death may also happen in the Dasas of the Trikonas from Lagna and the 8th or in the Navamsa Dasa of the Arudha Rasi from Lagna. He has given here three sets of combinations.

- 1 Death may occur in the Dasas of Trikonas from Lagra and the 8th
- 2 Death may occur in the Vavama Dasa of the Arudha Rasi
- 3 It may happen in the Navamsa Dasa from the Rass occupied by the lord of Arudha Lagns

१९. वितृज्ञामरोमेश्रपाणिनि कण्टकादिखे खतथैर्व त्रिया ॥ ; Sv 19 Pitrulabha rogesa pranini kantala diste swataschanam thridha

If the lord of the 8th from Lagna and the lord of the 8th from the 7th, from Lagna are powerful and occupy Kendras Panaparas and Apoklimas, then they cause long, middle and short lives respectively.

NOTES

The lord of the 8th from I agna and the lord of the 8th from the 7th from Lagna must be powerful If they occupy Kendras they give long 1fe If they occupy Panaparas they produce middle life If they occupy Aupokitims they reading short life.

Kendras are 1, 4, 7 and 10 from Lagna Panaparas are 2 5 8 and 11 from Lagna, Aupoklimas 3, 6, 9 and 12 from Lagna

२०. योगात्समे खस्मिन्विपरीतम् ॥

SU 20. Yogatsame swasmin vipareetam

If Atmakaraka joins the 7th from the 7th (Lagna) the meaning conveyed in Sutra 19 will have to be differently interpreted

NOTES

In this Sutra he is going to show some special results. These are called Viparitis or pervetta in meaning. The 7th from the 7th will be Lagna itself. If by Gutra 19 longersty is indicated then call it Middle life, if they indicate middle, call it short life, if short life is shown say there will be a twery little term of life. If it is long, say it will be short, if it is short, say long if it is middle then call it middle. Commentators give some more hints. If the lord of the 8th from Lagna is in exaltation then he will give one half more than what could be expected from him.

If he occupies a debilitated Rasi then he will cut off one half of what he would have given under normal conditions Similarly when there are exalted and debilitated planets in the 8th we have to draw inferences and add or take away from the terms of life indicated by them

२१. राशितः प्राणः ॥

Su 21. Rasitaha pranaha.

The strength of the Rasis must be properly ascertained

NOTES

Jaimini gives particular strength to Resis, other Shastras also attach importance to Rasis. He details Karakayogas shortly. He says that much strength need not be attached to Amsa

२२. रोगेश्वयोः स्वत ऐक्ये योगे वा मध्यम् ॥

Su 22 * Rogesayoh swata ailye yoge va madhuam.

If the 8th houses from Lagna and the 7th are joined by their Karakas or if they happen to be themselves Karakas, if the lords of the 8th house from Lagna and the 7th are occupying Kendras, Panaparas or Aupoklimas, then the terms of life ascertained from the combinations shown in Sutra 19 will have to be reduced.

NOTES

If the life indicated is long then convert it into middle, if it is middle, then reduce it to short, and if it is short, then

[&]quot;I have not meddled with the English rendering of this sutra by Prof. B. Suryanarian Rao. I understand it thus "If the lord of the 8th from Lagan or the 8th from the 7th is himself Atmaharaka or are in conjunction with Atmaharaka the terms of life mentioned in Sutra 19 are to be reduced. The rest is clear from Prof. Rao s notes

fix death very early This kind of increass or decrease depends on the particular positions of planets and the Rass they occupy and these matters should be part cularly and carefully studied and the positions of the planets should be properly understood

२३. पितृलामयोः पापमध्यत्ये कीणे पापयोगे वा

कक्षाहासः ॥

Su 23 Pitrulabhayoh pipamadhyatwe kone papa joge ia Kakshyahrasaha

If Lagna and 7th from it he between evil planets or if evil planets are in the Thrikonas from Lagna and Saptama, halshyabrasa or deductions and additions must be made for terms of life which are obtained by planetary positions

२४. समित्रप्येवम् ॥

Su 24 Suaesminnapyeram

If the Karaka is between the evil planets or evil planets conjoin the Thrikonas from him Kakshjahrasa should be made

२५ विमन्योप नीचेऽतुङ्गेऽशुभसंयुक्ते च ॥

SU 25 Thasming age nee hetungeshubhasamyakte el a

If the Karaka joins Neech i or does not join the explication or if he is not in conjunction with benefics, had had task should be made

NOTES

A house or planet is said to be between malefies when the 2nd and 12th from it are occupied by evil planets. When two evil planets are on both sides of a Lagna or a planet it forms Kartariyoga aid acts prejudicially to the Bhava indicated by the Rasi or the planet.

२६. अन्यद्न्यथा॥

Su. 26 Anyadanyadha

If Lagna and Saptama (7th) or if Karaka and the 7th from him are between beneficial planets or if the Thinkonas from Janma and Karaka Lagnas are occupied by benefics, if the Karaka happens to be a benefic, if he is in evaluation and not in debilitation or has beneficial conjunction there should be no Kakshyahrasa made.

२७ गुरीच॥

St 27 Gurou cha

If Gura happens to be Karaka and has exit planets in 2nd 12th, 6th and 8th and in the houses forming Trikonas from him or has evil planets with him or h. is not in evalition or joins Neecha Rasi Kakshyahrasa should be made. And in cases where these combinations are reversed increase must be preducted.

२८. पूर्णेन्द्रशुक्रयोरेकराशिष्टाद्धिः॥

St 28. Purnendusukrayoreka rası ırıddhihi

If Purna Chandra and Sukra become Karakas and occupy the positions named in the above sutras they will give an increase of one Rasi Dasa.

NOTES

A certain Rasi Dasa becomes death inflicting but when such a combination is present, this Dasa will pass off and the next Dasa will cause death. This means they will increase the longevity of the person.

२९. शनौ विपरीतम् ॥

Su. 29. Sanau viparestham

If Sani becomes Karaka and is found in the places named in the previous sutras he causes Kakshvahrasa in the earlier Dasa than the maraka.

NOTES

This means he will cut short the life by one Dasa and the allotted time; when Chandra, Sukra and San become powerful in these directions, we need not take other planets into consideration and there will be no decreases.

३०. स्थिरदशायां यथाखण्डं निधनम् ॥

Su. 83. Sthiradusayam yaddakhandam nidhanam.

Three sections for Ayurbhava or longevity have been explained Long, middle and short lives. In the Sura Dasa suppose the term of hie is settled as middle. If a death inflicting planet or Dasa comes in the period of Alpaya, the person will not die, but will suffer sickness and misery at the time.

NOTES

For death he must wait for the middle term and the maraka there Stira Dasas seem to prolong life to a certain extent.

३१. तत्रर्भविशेषः॥

Su 31. Tatrarksha useshaha.

In the matter of death, note the peculiarity of the Rasi. That is death will happen in the Dasa of the Marana Karaka rasi

NOTES

Divide the 12 signs into 3 Khandas or sections and predict the death for short life in the first Khanda, for middle life in the second Khanda, and for long life in the third Khanda in that Rasi Dasa which is cruel or which possesses the power to inflict death. Suppose a man gets dipayar or short life as the result of the planetary and sign peculiarities foreshadowed in the previous sutra on longevity, then his death must be and will be caused by the most cruel in the first khanda, or the first four signs. Middle life will have death in next foursigns and the long life will have an end in the most cruel of the last four Rasi Dasas.

३२. पापमध्ये पापकाेणे निपुरांगयोः पापे वा ॥

Su 32. Papamadhye papakone ripurogayoh pape ia.

If the Dasa is between malefics or has evil planets in its Thrikonas, or has evil planets in 12 and 8 such a Dasa will cause death to the person. If Purna Chandra and Sukra become Karakas and occupy the positions named in the above sutras they will give an increase of one Rasi Dasa.

NOTES

A certain Rasi Dasa becomes death inflicting but when such a combination is present, this Dasa will pass off and the next Dasa will cause death. This means they will increase the longevity of the person.

२९. शनौ विपरीतम् ॥

Su. 29. Sanau viparestham.

If Sani becomes Karaka and is found in the places named in the previous sutras he causes Kakshvahrasa in the eather Dasa than the maraka.

NOTES

This means he will cut short the his by one Dasa' and therefore earlier than the allotted time; when Chandra, Sukra and Sani become powerful in these directions, we need not take other planets into consideration and there will be no decreases.

३०. स्थिरदशायां यथाखण्डं निधनम् ॥

Su. 33. Sthiradusayam yaddakhandam

Three sections for Ayurbhava or longevity have been explained. Long, middle and short lives. In the Stira Dasa suppose the term of hie is settled as middle. If a death inflicting planet or Dasa comes in the period of Alpayu, the person will not die, but will suffer sickness and misery at the time.

NOTES

For death he must wait for the middle term and the maraka there—Stira Dasas seem to prolong life to a certain extent

३१ तत्रर्धविशेषः॥

Su 31 Tatrarksha viseshaha

In the matter of death, note the peculiarity of the Rasi. That is death will happen in the Dasa of the Marana Karaka rasi

NOTES

Divide the 12 signs into 3 Khandas or sections and predict the death for short life in the first Khanda, for middle life in the second Khanda, and for long life in the third Khanda in that Rasi Dasa which is cruel or which possesses the power to inflict death. Suppose a man gets Alpayai or short life as the result of the planetary and sign peculiarities foreshadowed in the previous sutra on longevity then his death must be and will be caused by the most cruel in the first khanda, or the first four signs. Middle life will have death in next foursigns and the long life will have an end in the most cruel of the last four Rasi Dasas.

३२. पापमध्ये पापकोणे निप्ररोगयोः पापे वा ॥

SU 32 Papamadhye papakone repurogayoh pape ia

If the Dasa is between malefics or has evil planets in its Thrikonas, or has evil planets in 12 and 8 such a Dasa will cause death to the person

३३. तुद्दीश्वयोः केवलक्षीणन्द्रशुक्रदृष्टी वा ॥

Su. 33. Tadesayoho kevala kshinendu sukra-

If the lords of the 12th and 8th are aspected by Kshinachandra and Sukra, the Dasa of the 12th or 8th will inflict death.

NOTES

Kshinachandra is powerless or New moon Sukra must also be weak or powerless. Here Jaimin seems to bint that those lords should have no other planetary aspects to kill the person. When a combination is given there should be no disturbing agencies to produce the result.

३४. तत्राप्याद्यक्षीरिनाथदृश्यनवभागाद्वा ॥

* Su 3‡ Tatrapyadyarlsharı natha drisya nata bhaqadta

Of the Rasi Dasas which have the power to cause death, death is likely to happen in the first Rasi Dasa and the sub period of Rasi of the Navamsa Rasi which is aspected by the planet who is lord of the 6th from the Rasi whose Dasa is the first.

[&]quot;This is a rather touch stract and Professor Rao a notes are not clear Of the several Rais Daiss which are cripable of casting maraba, death is 1 bely soccure (i) in the first Rais Dais (2) Find the lord of the 6th firm the Rais whose Dais is the first. See what Nawman this lord stape is Dothin will take places in the sub principle of that Navamas Rais. Suppose Dynamis the first Rais Dais. Dothin will happen eitheris this or the 6th from Dinais is Taurus and the lord of Taurus is Venus. Suppose hayars in Taurus and the lord of Taurus is Venus. Suppose has apported hayars in Navamia. Then drain will happen in the sub patiol. of the Navama Rais.

JAIMINISUTRAS

NOTES

As per principles explained in the principles and author determines the period of death. The First Rasi which commences the Dasa and the Dasa which its 6th sign furnishes, find out their lords and see what Navamass they aspect, death will happen in the sub-period of that Navamsa Rasi which they aspect. These are referred to in the Navamsa Kundali or Diagram

३५. पितृलाममावैश्रमाणी रुद्रः ॥

Su. 35 Pitrulabhabharesa prane rudraha.

Whoever is stronger among the lords of the 8th from lagna he gets the name of Rudra.

NOTES

The symbol of Rudra will be given to the lords of the Rasis which are stronger in the 8th houses from Lagua and Saptama or 7th.

३६. अव्राण्यपि पापदृष्टः ॥

Su. 36 Apranyapi papa drishtaha

If the weaker among the lords of the two houses, 8th from Lagna and 7th, is aspected by malefics, be will also get the name of Rudra.

NOTES

Thus sometimes there may be two Rudras instead of one.

२७- प्राणिन्दि शुभद्दहे रुद्रश्लान्तमासुः॥

Sv. 37. Pranini subhadriste rudrasulantha-

If the powerful Rudra is aspected by benefics, death may be predicted in the Rudra Rasi, or in the periods of its Thrikona Rasis 1. 5 and 9.

MOTES

First classify and find out under what heading the term of life falls and then predict death at the end of the Dasa which is cruel.

३८. तत्रापि श्रमयोगे ॥

Su 38. Tatravi subhavogav.

Even, if the weaker of the planets, when he has evil aspects get the name of Rudra, has beneficial centunctions or aspects he will extend the length of life, to the Rudra Rasi Dasa or the Dasas 5th and 9th from it.

NOTES

Trikona Dasas are what are technically called Shoola Dasas. Thrikonas are 1, 5 and 9.

३९. च्यर्कपापयोक्तेन ।।

Su 39 Vyarkapapayoge na.

The above results should not be predicted if other planets than the Sun, should be in the 5th and 9th from the two Rudras.

NOTES

If Rains there he will not obstruct the results above mentioned. In some Yogas the presence of the Sun does not count. In Sunaphi, Anapla, Dhuridhura and Kemadruma, the presence of the Sun is not tallen into account.

४०. मन्दारेन्दुंदृष्टेश्चमयोगाभावे पापयोगेऽपि वा श्चमदृष्टी वा परतः ॥

Sv 40 Mandarendu driste subhayogabhave papayogepi ia shubhadristow ia parataha.

If the two Rudras become evil, death will come in the first Shoola Dasa, if one of them becomes evil, death will happen in the second Shoola Dasa, and if both of them are favourable death will come in the last of the 3rd Shoola Dasa

NOTES

This means that if both Rudras are bad early death, if one of them is bad, longer life and if both of them are good, the longest term of life will be enjoyed in the puriods to be determined by the principles already explained. Sutras are unpardonably short sweet, suggestive and comprehend a great deal which the readers are expected to know, analyse and remember These general sources of knowledge and the constructive capacity of the language enabled those intelle ctual giants of India tiz, the great Maharishis to frame rules and Sastras and Sutras with great ease, and facility and be queath to the later generations mines of intellectual trea sures, whose depths have not yet been completely explored or examined by the greatest cultured brains of the present day. It is not possible for the greatest scholars in Sanskrit to frame a single Sutra, which can compare favourably with the Sutras of the ancient Maharishis. They had the Tapobala to their credit, led the most simple lives, developed the brain power to the greatest conceivable extent and set examples of devotion and contemplation on sublime subjects, 19

४२. क्रिये पित्तरि विशेषण ॥

Sv. 42 Kriye pitari viseshena

If the Lagna falls in kriya or Mesha death often takes place in the Rudra Dasa.

NOTES

Pitari mean Ligua. Ps 1 Ts 6=61, divided by 12 the balance is 1, hence Janina Lagna

४३. प्रथममध्यमेश्चिमेषु वा तत्तदायुवाम् ॥

Su, 43 Prathama madhyamothameshu va tat tadayusham

To persons having short, middle and long lives, death happens in the first, second and third Shoola Rasi Dasas.

NOTES

The sub period, when the death happens will be the Antar Dasa of a cruel Rist Dasa in their respective periods or sections. I have alrea by shown in the previous chapter how the rule of three should be applied to get the correct date of death.

४४. स्त्रमावेशो महेश्वरः ॥

Su. 44. Swabhaveso maheswaraha

The lord of 8th house from Atmakaraka goes under the name of Maheswara

NOTES

Atmakaraka has great significance in Jaimini Sutras

४५. स्त्रीचे खमे रिप्रमावेशपाणी ॥

Su. 45. Suochhe swabhe ripubhavesa pranee.

If the lord of the 8th from Atmakaraka is exalted or is in his own house, then the stronger of the two, vus., the lords of the 8th and 19th from the Karaka, will also go under the name of Mahestrata.

NOTES

If both of them are equally strong then both become

४६. पाताभ्यां योगे खत्य तयोर्वा रागे ततः ॥

Su. 46. Patabh jam yoge swasya tayorva roge tataha.

If Atmakaraka has conjunction with Rahu or Kethu, or if the 8th from Atmakaraka has conjunction with Rahu or Kethu, then the 6th planet counting regularly from the Sun will become Maheswara.

NOTES

Thus we have 3 Maheswaras Counting the 6th from the Sun will be the Sun, Moon, Mar- Mercury, Jupite and the 6th will be Venus or Sukra. On the above combination Sukra becomes Maheswara Of the three varieties of Mahe swaras, he alone becomes Maheswara who is the strongest among these three Reg in this Suira means 8, Palabhia has been rendered as Rahu and Kethu I cannot unlerstand how this has been interpreted as Rahu and Kethu by the

commentators—Pata 1, Bha 2. Probably after the 7 planets,. Bhya= Bhya the 1st is Rahu and the second is Kethu. Patha may specially mean Rahu and Kethu.

४७. प्रभुमाववरीशप्राणी पितृलामप्राण्यसुत्ररी विषमस्यो^०

वसा ॥

Su. 47. Prabhubhavavaireesa prani pitrulabha pranyanucharo vishamasto brahma.

Find out which is the stronger of the two Rasis, Lagna and Saptama or 7th. Then find out which of the Iords of the 6th, 8th and 12th from it is stronger, and if he occupies an odd sign in the Parswa Rasis from the stronger of Lagna or Saptama (7th) he will be named as the Brahma planet.

NOTES

He is going to explain in this sitta the planet who goes under the preulur signification of Brahma. The Persus Rasis or aide signs are the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th from Lagna. The 6 signs from Lugna, vz., 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th are denom nated as Parswa Rasis to the siplama parswas. Odi and even signs we well known and have been explained in the earlier notes. This is rather a difficult satira and must be carefully studied and understood. One of the two signs Lugna and Suptama will be stronger. Take the lords of the three houses, 6th, 8th and 12th from the stronger of these two signs Lugna and The Find out who is stronger of these two signs Lugna and The Find out who is strongest of these three lords. If he is in an odd sign from the Parswa Rasis, to the stronger Rasi in Lagna or Saptima, be becomes the objects to distal Brahma. To my humble mind

the procedure seems to be very complicated Jaimini is a short and as sweet as possible and our intellects are not competent even to understand them. Where is then the justification to find fault with their composition or the interpretations put upon them by the ablest commentators. Learned commentators are a great boon to mankind, without them many valuable works would have remained sealed letters.

४८. ब्रह्माण श्रनी पातयोत्री ततः ॥

Su. 48. Brahman san in patayorva tataha If San, Rahu or Kethu becomes Brahma the 6th planet from him will be designated as Brahma in which case the other three will not have the Brahma power

NOTES

The 6th planet must mean planet taken 6th in the regular order, Ravi, Chandra, Luja Budha Guru, Sukra Suppose, hethu becomes Brahms the 6th from him would be Guru Similarly for other planets Thatha=6 Tha 6 Tha 6=66 divided by 12 we get the remaind r 6 and hence the 6th house from the olanet is meant

४९. बहुनां योगे खजातीयः ॥

Sv. 49 Bahunam yoqe swajateeyaha

If many get the powers of Brihina, (say three or four planets at a time) then that planet becomes Brahma who is next in degrees to Atmakataka.

NOTES

The next in degrees to Atmakaraka will become Amat yakaraka. Therefore in such cases Amatyakaraka becomes Brahma

५०. राहुयोगे त्रिपरीतम् ॥

Sv 50 Rahuyoge vipareetam.

When Rahu also gets Brahmatwa, then the conditions will be reversed

NOTES

This means that planet becomes Brahma who gets the lowest number of degrees among the Brahmis This is peterly intelligible Suppose Guru gets 29 de, rees in Mesha, then as per Jaimin rules he becomes Atmitanaka These planets move forwards But suppose in that horoscope, Rahu has only 20 moutes to pass in Wesha unstead of Guru Rahu becomes the Atmakaraka. He has the backward movement, and therefore has the largest number of degrees to his credit in the inverse order While Guru has 29 degrees in the forward movement, Rahu has 29 degrees and 40 minutes in his backward motion Therefore Rahu has a longer number of degrees.

५६. ब्रह्मा स्वमानेको मावयः ॥

Su. 51 Brahma steabhateso bhatastaha.

The lord of the 8th from Atmakaraka as also the planet who occupies that house becomes Brahma.

NOTES

Thus many Brahmas have been enumerated and the reader must catefully study these rules Bhava 8, Bha 4, Va 4, 44, dayded by 12, the remainder is 8

५२. विवादे बली॥

Stt 52 Vuade bali

Between the two planets the lord of the 8th from Atmakaraka and the planet who joins the 8th, the stronger of the two becomes Brahma

NOTES

When there are many Brahmas, the strongest of the lot
will be the Brahma The results flowing from the Brahma
and Makeswara placests will be explained hereafter. Students
must be very careful.

५३. ब्रह्मणो यात्रन्महेश्वरर्धदशान्तमायुः ॥

Su. 53 Brahmano yaranmaheswararksha dasantamayuhu

The longevity extends through the Rasis commencing from Brahma and counting up to the Rasi containing Maheswara. The period of death must be determined thus. Maheswara will be in a sign. Take the Dasa of this Rasi, take the lord of 8th house from Maheswara. Take the Trikonas from him, viz, 1, 5, and 9. Predict death in the Antardasa of any one of these Dasas which is strong enough to inflict death

५५. स्वकर्मचित्तारेपुरोगनाथप्राणी सारकः॥

Su 55 Swakarmachittaripu roga nathu pranee marakaha.

The strongest among the lords of 3, 6, 12 and 8 from the Atmakaraka will inflict death.

NOTES

First settle about the terms of life, short, middle and long II all the four lords mentioned above are of equal strength, predict death in such period by the evil Dasa, which intervenes at that time. The locks of 6 and 8 are powerful Marakas of these two, lord of the 6th is more powerful measing death. Death will happen when the Dasas of 6 or 8 come. Death will come in the sub-pends of the lords of 'Trikonss from 8th and 6th houses, of these the Trikona periods from the 6th are more powerful. If the lord of the 6th is powerful then the Dasas of Trikona Rasis from him would inflict death.

५६. तदश्चदशायां ।निधनम् ॥

Su 56 Thadruksha dasayam nidhanam,

Death will happen in the Rasi Dasa occupied by the Maraka planet or in the Dasa of the Rasi of which he is the lord.

५७. तत्रापि कालाद्विपुरागचिचनाथापहारे ॥

Su. 57. Tatrapi kaladripuroga chitta natha pahare.

Take Atmakaraka. Find out the 7th from him. Take Ripu, Roga, Chitta or 12, 8 and 6th from it The lords of these occupy some houses. Death may happen in the Dasas of such signs or the Dasas of the houses owned by these lords

NOTES

After having ascertained such Marakagraha Rasis he directs his readers to find out the special sub-periods which would cause desth. Dasas of houses have to be counted from Chara, Sthira and Dviswabhava in the particular order named under that section Some Rasi Dasa becomes Maraka II there are many Rasis which get the Maraka power, find out the strongest among them and attribute death to its Suppose there is a sign without a planet, with a planet, with a planet who is its lord and a house with beeffer. The last will be the most powerful among the houses named above The first without a planet will be the weakest. The potentia littles of planets and the houses have been very elaborately explained in the sariler Sutras. These principles may also be learnt from the general study of Astrology. Take Metha without any lanet, with Chandra without any loanet, with Sanj, with Rayl, with Chandra without any loanet, with Sanj, with Rayl, with Chandra

with Gorn, with Sukra and with Kuji Rahu or Kethu. Its potentialities vary with the presence or absence of these planets and other aspects and conjunctions it has.

End of First Pada of Second Adbyaya

ADHYAYA II-Pada 2

🕻 रविशुक्रयोः प्राणी जनकः ॥

Su 1 Ravisukrayoh pranee janakaha.

Out of Venus and the Sun, the stronger will become the maraka for father

NOTES

In the previous section faiming has explained about the Maraka Dasa for a person, when he would die, and which Dasa and Ames Dasa would kill him. I must confess here in spite of the elaborate explanations offered for the fixing of the period of death, the system seems to be complicated, and cannot easily be grasped by the ordinary students. Even intelligent students will have to pour long hours, and much devotion to understand these complicated principles and fix correctly the time of death. For determining the terms of longevity, the other systems are no doubt hard and laborious. but it may be they are simpler than the one illustrated by the Maharishi in his inimitable sutras, which cannot easily be deciphered by common men. In this section rules are given to find out the deaths of father mother and other important relations. A man's comforts and peace of mind and hanginess in the world depend greatly upon his relations. his friends and his servants. When these are inimicable, the

man certainly becomes miserable Ravi and Sukra represent father in a horoscope. The stronger of the two will cause the death of father in general astrology Ravi and Chaudra represent father and mother respectively Varahamhira says Divark sinkrau pitrumatrusamgnitou sanais charayindu misidawipsaryayat For persons born during the day, Ravi and Sukra represent father and mother respectively. For those who are born during nights Chaudra and Sani denote father and mother respectively.

२ चन्द्रारयोर्जननी ॥

Su. 2 Chandraarayorjananee

The stronger of the two planets Chandra and Kuja will kill the mother

३. अप्राण्यपि पापदृष्टः॥

Su. 3 Apranyapı papadrıshtah

Among the four planets Ravi, Sukra, Chandra and Kuja whoever is weak and possesses evil aspects will cause the death of father and mother

NOTES

Prany means strength Aprany denotes want of strength, viz., weakness

४. प्राणिनि शुभद्दष्टे तच्छुले निषनं मातापित्रोः ॥

Su. 4 Pranını shubhadrıshte tatchufe nıdhanam matapıtroh If, among the planets named above Ravi, Sukra, Chandra and Kuja, whoever has got beneficial aspects, the death of father and mother must be predicted in the Shoola Dasa—1st, 5th or 9th Rasi Dasa from the poverful planet

५. तद्भावेशे स्वष्टबले ॥ ६. तच्छल इत्यन्ये ॥

SU 5 and 6 (5) Tadbhiveyse spashta bale (6) Thatchula ityanye

If the lord of the 8th from the lords of father and mother is powerful, then the period of the Shoola Rasis from him will inflict death on the father and the mother

NOTES

This opinion is held by same withers. Two planets for father and two for mother have been named, whoever is stronger out of these two will have the death arranged in their Shoola Dasas.

७ आयुपि चान्यत् ॥

Sv 7 Ayushi chanyat

As deaths have to be predicted for father and mother by their Karakas similarly events have to be predicted for others from their Karakas and the Shoola Dasas from them

NOTES

This means for all events in life there are Rasis and

Karskas Rules governing the above for mother and father will also apply similarly for other events

८. अर्क्जवांगे तदाश्रिते किय लग्नमपद्मार्था पितुरित्येके ।

Sv 8 Arkagnayoge tadasrythe kriye lagna meshadasayim piturityeke

If the 12th house from Lagna falls in any one of these three signs, vix., Mithuna, Simha or Kanya and has the conjunction of Ravi and Budha, death happens in the Dasa of the 5th from it.

NOTES

Kriya 12, Ra 2, Ya 1 =21, inverted it denotes 12

Keina 12, Ra 2, Ya 1 - 21, inverted it denotes 12

Mesha means 5th, Ma 5, Sa - 65 reversed it gives 65

divided by 12, we have remaider 5, and fifth house is meant
by Mesha Mesha in onlinary language means Aries But
in Jammi it has to be interpreted by Kr. Tr., P. Fr., sutra

९. व्यर्कवापमात्रदृष्योः वित्रोः प्राग्द्वादशान्दात् ॥

Su 9 Vyarkapapama'ra drishtayoh pitroh pragdwadasubdat

Whether the lords of father and mother are powerful or powerless, if they have the aspects of evul planets other than the Sun, the death of father and mother may be predicted before the 12th year of a person's age

१०. गुरुञ्जे फळपसा ॥

Sv 10 Gurusule kalatrasya.

The Dasas of 1st, 5th or 9th Rasis from the position of Guru will cause the death of his wife

NOTES

He names three Dasas called Shoolas The worst among them will kill the wife

११. तत्तच्छ्ले तेपाम् ॥

Su 11 Thathatchoole tesham

Death will happen to children, uncles, etc., in the Dasas of 1st, 5th and 9th Rasis from the Karakas who govern those events

NOTE5

Take the Putrakaraka and predict death to children in the Shoola Dasas from him Take the Matulakaraka. The Shoola Dasas from him will kill uncles, etc.

१२. कर्माण पापयुत्तहष्टे दुष्टं मरणम् ॥

Su. 12 Karmanı papayutadrishte dushtam

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has the aspect or conjunction of evil planets, death will be painful and troublesome

NOTES

Death is a peculiar phenomenon about which people have various conceptions. Some dread it, some welcome it, and others are quite indifferent

१३. शुमं शुमदृष्टियुते ॥

Su. 19. Subham subhadrishtivute.

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has beneficial aspects or conjunctions death will be easy from slight complaints.

NOTES

Some have prolonged and most painful complaints before death, some have ordinary complaints and others have very easy deaths.

१४. मिश्रे मिश्रम् ॥

Su 14. Misre misram

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has mixed aspects and conjunctions, death will be neither very difficult nor very easy

१५. आदित्येन राजमूलात ॥

Su. 15 Adituena rajamulath.

If the 3rd from Lagna or the Karaka is connected with Ravi, death comes to the person through the kingly or Government displeasure.

NOTES

He may be hanged, confined, beheaded or executed, thrown into abysses from tops of forts or mountains or shot at the cannon's mouth.

१६. चन्द्रेण यक्ष्मणः ॥

Sv. 16. Chandrena yakshmanah.

If Chandra occupies or aspects the '3rd from Lagna or Karaka the person will die through consumption or Tuberculosis

NOTES

Yakshma means consumption It is no doubt a nasty disease, but with some it takes years to bring their ruin with others it is quick and active

१७. कुनेन वणशस्त्राग्निदाहाद्यैः ॥

Su 17 Kujena iranasistragni dahadyzih.

If Mars occupies or aspects the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka the person dies by wounds injuries, fire and weapons

' NOTES

... Karaka in all these Sutras refer to Atmahataka. Find out the 3rd house from Lagna and Atmahataka Lagna which ever of these two is stronger, predict the results from it, by the 3rd house and the planet who is there. If huja is found there, by wounds and impures, by weapons, by fire and by thirming, he will meet death Kuja is called Asparaka of 0,0 who robs and injures the bodily o gains or Angas, Lohitauga or bloody planet. Ara or who injures and baras its limbs. Bloody diseases, and blood critiquion lead to many painful complication.

१८. इनिना वातरोगात् ॥

Su. 18. Sanına talarogat.

If Sani is aspecting or combining with the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka, death comes through windy complaints

NOTES

Avurneda or Indian Medical Science mentions three Dhatus or characteristics for all physical constitution, viz-Vata of wind. Pitha or hile and aleshma or phiesm. Nodisease comes when these are working in their proper pro portions But when any one of them is excited beyond its normal quantity, ill health follows in verious complications and death will result when any one or more of them are roused and proceed to work out of the normal conditions. All diseases in the Indian medicine are attributable to the excess or want of these in proportions.

मन्दमान्द्रियां विषसर्पञ्जेद्धन्धनादिभिः॥

St. 19. Mandamadibhyam vishasarpa jalodhandhanadihliih

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka is occupied by Sans and Gulika the person will die from the effects of poison, from snakes, from chains and shakles and from water.

NOTES

The latter means drowning or watery diseases like droney diabetes, etc.

२०. केतुना विष्यीजलरोगाचैः ॥

Su. 20. Kethung riehuchee iglaroogdyarh:

If the 3rd from lagna or Karaka is occupied or aspected by Kethu the person dies from contagious, watery and epidemic complaints

NOTES

Vishuchi is a comprehensive term and includes various contageous and epidemic complaints such as small pox, cholera, plague, influenza, watery diseases or dropsy, diabetes diarrheea, etc. Here great margin and latitude are given to the student to use his brain, practical knowledge and the in structions he gets from his Gurus No principles of sciences can be explained without surray. These surray are the pleasures of the learned and the pains of the ignorant. In Sanskut. ads is used often because all the events which a principle governs or comprehends, cannot be explained and if such an attempt is ever made it would fill volumes after volumes and there would be no end to writing. A direction has to be shown to the intelligent student and they should follow the Same with deligence and sometimes achieve better results. than the original principle intended or conceived. Brain power has no limit. It is able to grasp when properly developed and directed, the smallest and the largest objects

२१ चन्द्रमान्दिभ्यां पूगमन्दान्तव बलादिभिः श्राणकम् ॥

Su. 21 Chandra mindibhyam poogamandanna kabaladibhi kshanikam

If the 3rd from Lagra or Karaka has the conjunction of Chandra and Gulika, death will result immediately from eating hard meals, food and other indigestable articles.

२२. गुरुणा शोफारुचिविमनाद्यैः ॥

Su. 22. Guruna sopharuchi vimanadyaih

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka is combined by Guru, the death will be caused by dropsy, disgust fôr food, melancholy and other complaints

NOTES

Oropsy and swellings of the body may be caused by various causes. The bites of insects are often causes for swellings of parts of body and through such swellings death may occur.

२३. शुक्रेण मेहात्॥

- Su. 23. Sukrena mehat.
- , If the 3rd is aspected or joined by Sukra from Lagna or Karaka, death will result from venereal complaints.

NOTES

In the flosh of passious, people commit all sorts of sexual serverses and biring in their train a series of complicated and horrible diseases, some of which are loathsome, repulsive, horrible, and excruciating In paniful tortures, the veneral complaints take a prominent rank and punish the offinders with very serious troubles and pains

२४. मिथेमिभात ॥

St. 24. Miere mierat.

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has the con Junction or aspect of many planets then the death will come from various diseases

NOTES

Sometimes diseases are sharp and pronounced but often they are complicated and throw the do tors on their wit's ends. The noses of the medical men will have to be expanded before they correctly diagnose them.

२५. चन्द्रदृग्योगान्त्रिश्चयेत् ॥

Su 25 Chandradrugyogannischaena

If Chandra aspects or joins the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka along with other planets, death is certain to happen from the causes named in the previous surface.

NOTES

In all deaths, Sam and Chandra must have a hand Death means the disruption of mind from the body and mind is represented by Chandra Vedas cay Chandramamana sepatah

If there are many evil planets in the 3rd, then death happens under very painful circumstances. But when there are many benefics in the 3rd death will happen after slight complaints or under easy surroundings

२६ शुभैः शुमदेशे ॥

Su. 26. Subhash subha desay

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has heneficial aspects or conjunctions, death happens in good or holy places.

NOTES

For various reasons, too numerous to be discussed in short notes like these, people specially reliceously inclined, cover death in holy places or happy sorroundings. This is human aspiration.

२७. पापैः कीकटे ॥

SU 27. Papath keekale.

If the Srd from Lagna or Karaka has evil aspects or conjunctions, death will happen in vicious or sinful countries and places. these by excesses in sins and vices. It will be a consolation to take birth in a virtuous place and in the mids of good and pious people. It will certainly be a misfortune to be born in dirty and sinful surrourdings. To die in an agreeable place and have the ceremonies performed as per their religious principles will be a pleasure. To die in dirty and sinful places and be neglected after death or the body exposed to wild animals and vulfures, will be a real misfortune which every man tries to avoid.

२८. गुरुश्चकाभ्यां ज्ञानपूर्वकम् ॥

Su 28. Guru sukrabhyam gnana purvakam:

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has the conjunction or aspect of Guru and Sukra the person dies with consciousness unimpaired

NOTES

The word used in Gosna It may also mean that the person will die, with the full tocughts of Paro Brahma in his mind

५९. अन्येरन्यथा ॥

Su 29. Anyarranyatha

If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka is aspected or joined by other planets unconsciousness prevails at death

NOTES

There are some miserable people who remain unconscious before death for weeks and months together. They will have no holy thoughts in their head.

For various reasons, too numerous to be discussed in short notes like these, people specially religiously inclined, covet death in holy places or happy sorroundings. This is human assiration

२७. पापैः कीकटे ॥

SU 27. Paparh keekale

If the 3rd from Lagna or matata nas evil aspects or conjunctions, death will happen in yicious or sinful countries and places,

NOTES

The commentators have interpreted Keekala Desa as Magadha and other simful countries. When benefics are in the 3rd, death happens in holy places, like Kasi, Tirppathi or other places held holy by the followers of different religions Mohamedans hold Mecca and Medina as holy. The Christians consider Jerusalem as holy Tile Buddhists hold Gava as holy. The Hindus have many places declared as holy like hasi, Rameswaram, Jagannath, Haridwara, Tirupathi, etc. When evil planets are in the 3rd, death happens in vicious or sinful places. There are some places which are full of vices and sinful diede. Death in such places will be considered as a great misforture. Say a men dies, rear a cess pool. in night soil, in gambling or whoring deps, or in dirty wells of dreary forests. Families, communities religious sects, villa See, towns, cities, countries and nations have obbs and flows in their fortunes, and also in their morals and spiritualities. Sodom and Gamora were destroyed on account of their abomitable vices. We have also many examples of destruction of these by excesses in sins and Vices. It will be a consolation to take birth in a virtuous place and in the midst of good and plous people. It will certainly be a misfortune to be born in dirty and sinful surrourdings. To die in an agreeable place and have the ceremonies performed as per their religious principles will be a pleasure. To die in dirty and sinful places and be neglected after death or the body exposed to wild animals and vultures, will be a real misfortune which every man tites to avoid.

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If the 3rd from Lagna or Karaka has the conjunction or aspect of Guru and Sukra the person thes with consciousness unimpaired

NOTES

The word used in Goana. It may also mean that the person will die, with the full tocughts of Para Brahma in his mind.

न**९. अन्येरन्यया** ॥

Sv. 29. Anyairanyatha

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NOTES

There are some miserable people who remain unconscious before death for weeks and months together. They will have no troly thoughts in their heads.

३०. लेपनखपोर्मध्ये शनिराहुकेतुमिः पित्रोर्न संस्कर्ता॥

Su 30 Lepanakhapormadhye santrahuketu-

If Sani and Rahu or Sani and Kethu are in conjunction between the 1st and 12th houses the person will not perform the obscuues of his parents.

NOTES

Lefa 1, Khafa 12 Ls denotes 3, Pa shows 1=\$1, reversed 13, divided by 12 we get 1, and therefore denotes the Lagna or 1st house Kha 2 Pa 1=\$21, reversed we get 12. The performance of death ceremones for parents is held as a sacred duty. If a person does not do it, he will be called an ungrateful wretch and generally communities out cast him.

३१. लेपादिपूर्वार्धे जनकाद्यपरीधे ॥

Su 31 Lepadi puriardhe janakadyapa-

If Rahu and Sani are found in conjunction in the first 6 houses from Lagna the death ceremonies for the mother will not be performed. If they are found in the next 6 houses, 1st from 7th to 12th houses the ceremonies to the father will not be performed

NOTES

Sant and Rahu or Sant and helps are meant here. Their conjunction is necessary here in the houses indicated above

३२. शुभद्ययोगान्न ॥

Su 32. Subhadrigyoganna.

If Sani and Rahu or Sani and Kethu have beneficial aspects or conjunctions, these evil results should not be predicted.

NOTES

It means the person performs the death ceremonics properly to his parents

End of Second Pada of the Second Adhyaya

ADHYAYA II-PADA 3.

१. विषमे तदादिनवमांशः॥

Su. 1. Vishame tadadirnavamamsah.

If the birth falls in an odd sign the Navamsa Dasas commence from it.

NOTES

Each Rasi Dasa contains 9 Amsas or Navamsas and each Rasi Dasa counti 9 years. Hence these Dasas are called Navamsa Dasas. Mesna, Mithuga, Simha, Thula etc., are odd signs.

२. अन्यथादर्शादिः॥

Su. 2. Anyadha darsadih.

In the even signs the Navamsa Dasas commence from the Abhimukha Rasis-

The commentators explain thus If a movable sign is Lagna then the 8th Rasi from Lagna becomes the commence ment Dasa. If Lagna falls in a fixed sign the commencing Dasa will be the 6th Rasi from it. If Lagna falls in a common sign the Dasa commences from the 7th Rasi from it. These are called Abhimukha Rasis and their explanations have been given in the earlier surface.

शशिनन्दपावकाः क्रमादब्दा स्थिरदशायाम् ॥

Su 3 Sasınanda patakah kramadabdah sthira dasayam

In the Sthira or fixed sign Dasa, the movable sign Dasa will be 7, the fixed Dasa will be 8 years and the Dasa of the common Rasi will extend to 9 years

४ ब्रह्मादिरेपा ॥

Su 4 Brahmudiresha

The Sthira Dasa commences from the Rasi occupied by Brahma

NOTES

Brahma has already been explained in Sutra 47 of Pada 1 of Adhyaya 2

५. अथ प्राणः ॥

Sv. 5 Atha pranah.

Jamini now begins to explain the strength of the planets and the Rasis Prana, here as well as in the

previous sutras, means sources of strength the planet and the signs get.

६. कारकयोगः प्रथमो मानाम् ॥

Su. 6. Ka rakayogah prathamo bhanam.

That Rasi or sign becomes the strongest, which has the conjunction of Atmakaraka.

NOTES

This combination is supposed to give greater strength than even the Shadbalas recorded in the other astrological works. This is the primary source of strength.

७. साम्ये भूयसा ॥

Sv. 7. Saumye bhuyasa.

If other sources of strength are equal then the conjunction of larger number of planets gives greater strength.

८. वतस्तुङ्गादिः॥

Su. 8. Thathastungadih.

If these sources of strength are equal, then exaltation, friendly houses, and Moolathrikonas, give them vitality.

९. निमर्गस्ततः॥

Sv. 9. Nisargasthathah.

Then the Nisarga or permanent sources of strength must be considered.

The chara or movable signs are weaker than Sthira Rasis or fixed signs These are weaker than the common or Duswabhaya Rasis.

१०. तदभावे खामिन इत्थं भावः॥

Sv 10 Thadabhave swamina ithham bha-

If the Rasi has none of the Karakadi sources of strength then its power will be that which its lord possesses from the associations of Karaka, etc.

NOTES

The strength of the Rass and the strength of its lord should be taken into consideration.

११. आग्रायत्ती विशेषात ॥

Su 11 Agrayatto viseshath.

According to the Jamun sutras the planet which gets the highest number of degrees among others will become the most powerful,

NOTES

This has been already explained in the earlier portion and the most forward planet in a Rass becomes the Atma-karaka and most of the results previously named are based upon his position and the relative positions of other Rasis and planets taken with reference to him. According to this work Atmakaraka supersedes all other planets in power and potency.

१२. प्रातिवेशिकः प्ररूपे ॥

Su. 12 Prativesikah purushe

In the Odd sign, it gets strength from the planets who occupy the 12th and 2nd from it.

Planets in the 2nd and 12th from themselves or from the Rasis they occupy have special influences. The Rasi will have Kartari Yoga, as also any planet which has on both sides evil planets. Good planets may cause this Yoga and probably the results will be beneficial

१३. इति प्रथमः ॥

Su 13 Ithi prathamah

The sources of strength named in the above sutras will be the first set of inquiry into the powers of a Rasi or its lord

१४. स्वामिगुरुज्ञहम्योगो द्वितीया ॥

Su 14 Swami gurugnidrigyogo dwiteeyah.

The second set of strength for a Rasi is derived by the aspect of its own lord, Jupiter or Mercury.

NOTES

Now he names the second set of powers which a Rasi can command to its credit. Varahamihira observes thus in his Brihat Jataka

Horaswami Gurugnya Veekshitayuta Nanya-18cha Veeryolkatak

The Lagna or any Bhaya or Rasi becomes strong when it has the aspect or commention of its lord. Gurn or Budha. if not it well not be powerful. This stanza of Brihat Jataka is nothing but a slavish imitation of this sutra of Jaimini-The Maharishi Jaimini was the author of Pogramimamsa Sutras, Jaimini Bharata and the invaluable sutras I am translating He was the describle of Veda Vyasa and was therefore, contemporary of that great Maharishi I have proved, by indisputable authority, that the period of Maha Bharata was more than 5,000 years from now. There are four copper plate grants given by the Emperor Japameiava the son of Parikshit and the grandson of Abhimanyu, the son of Arjuna, the great hero in that ruinous war and the receptent of the Bhagavadgita instructions from Lord Krishna himself and written by Veda Vyasa Vareha milita, as per date given by himself in stanza 2 of his Bribat Sambita, Chapter 31 lived in the court of Vikra maditya whose Era called Samvat Nripasaka is prevalent all over India and counts now as 1988 Varahamibira save that he borrowed all his ideas of Astronomy, Astrology and Samhita from the still more older writers and the above quoted of his stanza certainly comes from Jaimini Any sign becomes strong when it has the aspect or conjunction of ets lord. Guru or Budha Six varieties arice from this The lord aspecting or conjuning, it gives two Similarly for the other two planets Guru and Budha. This is the second source or stem of strength. Aspects and conjunctions are different.

१५. खामिनस्वर्वायः ॥

Sv. 15. Swaminastrutiyah

The third set of strength for the lord will be the one to be detailed below.

१६. स्वात्स्वामिनः कण्टकादिष्त्रपारदौर्वस्यम् ॥

. Su. 16 Swatswaminah kantakadishwapara dourbalyam

Those planets who are in Kendras, Panaparas and Aupoklimas, from the Atmakaraka become more and more powerless than him

NOTES

This means those who are in the Kendras from the Atmakaraka are powerless. Those who are in the next houses from Kendras are still more feeble and those who occupy the next houses are worse still in power. This represents the 3rd source of strength.

१७. चतुर्थः प्ररूपे ॥

Su. 17. Chaturtah purushe.

If the lord of the Rasi falling in Purusha Rasi (odd signs) has evil conjunctions and aspects, this will become the 4th source of strength to the Rasi.

१८. पित्लामप्रधमप्राण्यादिः श्लद्या निर्याणे ॥

Su. 18. Pitrulabha prathamapranyadi shu-ladasa niryane.

Take the stronger out of the two 1st and 7th. Then from the stronger of these two, take the Shoola Dasas, riz., 1, 5 and 9. Find out which of

these Shoola Rasis becomes the strongest. Then ascribe the death period to it as certain.

१९. पित्लाभपुत्रप्राण्यादिः पितः ॥

Su. 19 Pitrulabha putra pranyadih pituh.

Putra 9, Pa 1, Ra 2=12, reversed it means 21, divided by 12, we have the balance 9, hence the 9th house is meant. Take the Lagna and 7th and find out the 9th houses from them, whichever is stronger in these two ninth houses, take it and find out their Shoola Dasas and prescribe death to father in the most unfavourable of these Shoola Dasas, tiz, 1, 5 and 9.

२०. आदर्शादिर्मातुः ॥

Su. 20 Adarsadırmatuh

Take the most powerful in I or 7. Take the 4th from it and find the Shoola Dasis from it, whichever is the most powerful among the 1st, 5th or 9th predict death to the mother in that Dasa.

NOTES

Darsa 4, Ds 8, $Rr \ge 82$ reversed 28, divided by 12 we have the balance 4 and 4th house is meant here.

२१. कर्मादिर्झातुः॥

Su. 21. Karmadır bhrathuh.

Take the 3rd from Lagna or the 7th whichever is stronger, and ascribe death to brothers and sisters in the most powerful of the Shoola Dasas from it.

२२. मात्रादिर्भगिनीपुत्रयोः॥

Su. 22 Matradirbhagini putrayoh.

Take the Lagna or the 7th whichever is stronger, and find the 5th from it. Sons and sisters will die in the most cruel of the Shoola Dasas from the above 5th house

NOTES

How 5th can have any connection with sisters, I caunot guess. But the sutra is clear and we have to take it in the sense he has given.

२३. व्ययादिक्येष्ट्रस्य ॥

Su. 23 Vyayadırjyestasya.

Take the 11th from Lagna or 7th whichever is stronger, and predict death to elder brothers in the most unfavourable Shoola Dasa from it.

NOTES

The 3rd represents younger brothers and sisters and the 11th, the elder sisters and brothers in other works on astrology.

२४. पितृबत्त्वितृवगै ॥

Sv. 24. Pitruvat pitruvarge.

Take the stronger of the two Lagnas and the 7th Find out the 9th from it. From this take the Shoola Dasas and predict death to paternal uncles, etc. in the evil period among them

२५. ब्रह्मादिः पुरुषे समा दामान्ताः ॥

Sv. 25 Brahmadı purushe sama dasanthah

If the Lagna falls in a purusha or masculine Rasi the Dasas or periods commence from the sign occupied by the Brahma. The extent of the Rasi Dasa is thus determined. Take the 6th from the Dasa Rasi. Find out the number of the house the lord of it occupies and that number will be the extent in years of that Dasa

NOTES

Dasa 6, Da 8, Sa 7=87 reversed it gives 78, divided by 12, the balance is 6, hence the 6th house is indicated by this figure

२६. स्थानव्यतिकाः॥

Sv 26. Sthana vyathikarah.

When the Janma Lagna falls in an odd sign, the Dasas commence from the Rasi occupied by Brahma in regular order. If the Lagna falls in an even sign, then the Dasas commence regularly from the 7th house from Brahma.

NOTES

This means in old signs the Datas commence from the

Rasi occupied by Brahma, and in even signs the Dasas commence from the 7th Rasi from the sign occupied by Brahma.

२७. पापदम्योगस्तुङ्गादिग्रहयोगः॥

Sv. 27. Papadrigyogastungadi qrahayogah,

The conjunctions and aspects of malefics are a source of strength for the Rasis. So also is added another source of strength to (the rasi) by planets (situated there) being in exaltation, moola thrikona and very friendly and friendly houses

NOTES

J'im ni now gives the fourth source of strength to the Rasis. The conjunctions and aspects of evil planets are a source of strength to the Rasis. The states of such planets which have aspects and communications in the Rasis will also be sources of strength, such states are exaltations, debilitations, friendly, and unfriendly houses Moolathrikonas Benefics influence the Rasis by aspects and conjunctions when they are in exalitations and other favourable positions otherwise they do not exercise much influence such is the opinion of the commentators. This is the fourth source of strength.

२८. पञ्चने पद क्रमान प्राक्त्रत्यक्त्रम् ॥

Sv. 28. Panchame pada kramat prakpratyaktuam.

If the 9th from Lagna happens to be incorporated in an odd sign take the Rasi Dasas in the regular order. If it happens to be incorporated in an even sign, take the Rasi Dasas in the inverse order or backwards The commencement of the Dasa should be from the Lagna Kethu in these cases is considered as a benefic

End of Third Pada of the Second Adhyaya

ADHYAYA II-PADA 4

१. द्वितीयं मावफल चरनवाशे ।

Su 1 Durteeyam bharaphalam chara

In the navamsa Dasa of Chara Rasi the significations of the second house must be explained in the manner given in Sutra 14 of the previous section

NOTES

All Bhavas get strength when they are aspected or con joined by their lords by Guru and by Budha

२. दशाश्रयो द्वारम् ॥

Su 2 Dasasrayo du aram

The Rasi which commences the Disa or period is called the Dwara Rasi or the door for the sub-sequent Rasi Dasas

NOTES

This Dam is called also Paka Rasi

३. ततस्तावार्वयं बाह्यम् ॥

Su. 3. Thathastaratidham bahyam

Count as many signs from Dwara Rasi as
Dwararasi is removed from lagna This will be the
Bhoga Rasi.

NOTES

He gives here the definition of what is called Bhoga Ress.
The commencement of Dasas is given and their differences in
Chara, Sthira and Dyiswabhawa Rasis have been shown

The commencing Dasa falls in some sign from Lagua. Then count from that Rass to a similar number and this will be the Bahya Dasa or Bhoga Dasa Suppose the commencing Dasa falls in Mesha for a person whose Lagna is Dhanas. Then it will be the 5th from it. Mesha Dasa b comes the Paka or Dwara Dasa and the 5th from it, viz. Simba becomes the Bahya or Bhoga Dasa Some commentators explain thus. If Mesha begins as the Dasa of the first sign, then counting one from it, the Bhoga Dasa or the second begins in Mesha alone Then the second Dasa begins in Vrishabha which will be called Paka Dasa, and the second from it Mithuna becomes Bhoga Dasa The third Dasa commences in Mithuna and it becomes Paka Dasa The third from it, viz, Simha becomes the Bhoga Dasa, Kataka becomes the 4th Dasa and becomes Paka, while the 4th from it, viz. Thula, becomes Bhoga Dasa in this way Dasas mu t be calculated till the last Dasa, which ends the man's existence and kills him. I think I have made the meaning very clear and simple

तयोः पापे बन्धरोगादि ॥

Su. 4. Tayoh pape bandharogadi.

If evil planets are found in the Paka and Bhoga signs, the person will suffer from imprisonment, chains, diseases and other mental, and physical troubles.

५. खर्बेड्स तसिन्नोपजीवस्य ॥

Su. 5. Swarkshe isyathasminnopajesvasya.

If the evil planets in the two Rasis happen to be in their own houses or are very close to Guru then the evil results foretold in suita 4 will not happen

६. भग्रहयोगः इतं मर्वनसिन्॥

Su 6 Bhagrahayogoktam sirvimamin

The results in these Dasas will have to be foretold, by the strength of the planets and by the sources of strength and weakness of the Paka and Bhoga Rasis

NOTES

These hints are to be taken not only here but throughout the whole work Suppose there are evil planets in debilitation or without nearness to Guru.

- 1. These two Rasis have exalted evil planets
- 2 There are b neficial planets with malefics.
- 3. There are pure benefic
- 4. Benefics in exaltation
- 5. Benefics in debilitation.

In all such cases, the results will certainly be, and must be different. The strength of the Rasis must also be carefully considered. Then again, in the Rasi extending over 30

degrees the strength and weakness of the Rasi will not be uniform There is a radical difference between the general astrologers and Jaimini Maharishi. All the astrological works have their foundations laid in the writings of the Maharishis They alone were able to see the differences in planetary globes, their influences on each other and the wonderful ways by which they indicated the results of the karma to the credit of the person at the time of his birth Jaimini gives great, prominence to the planet w o has advanced the largest number of degrees in a Rasi and calls him Atmakaraka Navamsa he occupies plays a prominent place in the delineation of characteristics and results. But in the Deeptads Avas as, the planet who is in the last Navamsa of a Rasi gets Peeda Avasta or the state of humiliation No great prominence is attached to him and on the other hand he becomes weak and powerless. Differences of opinion among the various authors are found in large numbers. Take medicine, philosophy religion, war, law, speculation and even the so called most exact science, mathematics. Here one plus one becomes two and one and one both minus becomes two. We give a seperate value for plus and minus. To reach a place there may be one thousand and one ways. The differences in all these will have to be carefully considered and reconciled. Approaching from different places and directions and experiments and experiences two or more persons may reach the same destination or results. As mple illustration will convince us about the truth of these observations A, B and C are each worth one lac of surees. By whatever means they may have acquired that wealth, the result is the same, and the money power of one lac lies with each of them. Take half a dozen warrious or exactly equal physical and mental capacities

Each may have taken different food, born in different conditions, and brought up under different circumstances, but the results are one and the same. Similarly in astrological sciences. Different Maharishis pursued different methods and found out and identical results though those results were produced from apparently different causes. The solar, planetary and stellar radiations are working through the various degrees of the zodiscal signs in mysterious ways.

७. पित्रलाभप्राणितोऽयम् ॥

Su. 7. Pitrulabhapranithoyam.

These results have to be carefully predicted from Lagna or the 7th, whichever is the stronger of the two. For males preference should be given to Lagna and for females the 7th should be preferred provided it is strong.

८. प्रथमे प्राक्प्रत्यक्त्वम् ॥

Su. 8 Prathame prakprathyaktram.

If the Dasa commences, with a movable sign or Chandra Rasi, then the order of the Rasi Dasas will be regular in a horoscope.

९. द्वितीये रवितः॥

Sv. 9. Dwithiye ravitah.

If the Dasa commences in the fixed sign or Sthira Rasi then the 6th and 7th, etc., from it will be the successive Dasas.

These are called *Padakrama* Dasas. Pada as we know already means the number of a Rasi, again counted from the Lagna or any other Bhava.

Rave 6, Re 2, Vu 4=24 inverted, 42, divided by 12, we have the balance of 6 and hence the 6th, the 6th from it and the 6th from it and so on.

१०. पृथक्कमेण तृतीये चतुष्टयादि ॥

Sv 10. Pruthaki amena thriteeye chatustayadi.

If the Dasa Rasi commences in a common sign, then the successive Rasi Dasas will be determined by the Kendra, Panapara and Aupoklima Rasis from it

११. सकेन्द्रसाद्याः लाभिनो नगंबानाम् ॥

Su. 11. Swakendrasthadyah swamino navamsanam.

Those who are in Kendras, Panaparas and Aupokhmas from the Karaka become the lords of the Navamsa Dasas.

NOTES

Here we have to take the planets first in Kendras according to their strength, then those who are in Panapara and last those who are in Aupoklimas.

१२. पितृचत्रहयवैषम्बलाश्रयः स्थितः ॥

Su 12 Petruchatustaya varshamya balasrayah stetah

Those Rasis which are in Kondras from Lagna furnish the first Dasa

NOTES

Suppose there are many, then that sign which becomes strong by the various combinations and aspects explained in the previous suiras, becomes the first Rass Dasa The Dasa varies are 9 for each of the Basis.

१३. स ब्रह्मामयोगवर्तते॥

Su 13. Sa tallabhayoravartate

The Karaka will be moving between the Lagna and the /th

NOTES

We have to find him from Lagna or the 7th whichever is stronger, and count backwards or forwards as the Ras, he occupies is even or odd. Then he gives the Dasayears as are counted from Lagna or the 7th, taking the Dasa always by the larger number he obtains. This is the extent of Karala Dasa in years. For other planets, count the number from them to the Karalaa, in the forward or backward reckoning and ascribe such number of years to the planets.

१४. स्वामिबलफलानि च प्राम्बत् ॥

Su. 14. Swamı bala phalanı cha pragvath

The results of all these will be determined, as detailed in the previous sutras, by the examination

of the sources of strength and weakness to the planets, to the lords of the Dasas and to the Rasis

NOTES

Jumini has given various sources of strength and weakness to the planets in general, to the Raus or signs and to the lords of the Dasas He advises his readers to take these into careful consideration and having regard to times, circumstance and places, predict the results, so that they may turn out correct and to the point.

१५. स्युलादर्भ वैपम्याश्रयो मण्ड्कस्तिकृटः॥

Su 15 Siuladarsa vaishamyasrayo mandukasirikutah.

As the Manduka or frog jumps from place to place, the two systems of Dasas named by Jammin in the previous satras viz, Kendra, Panapara and Aupoklima, and the movable, fixed and double bodied signs, also jump from house to house and hence he calls them Manduka Dasas

NOTES

As per i structions given in the previous chapters, the Dasas both for planets and Rasis, jump from Kendras to Panaparas and from the latter to Aupoklimas Similarly they ump from Charis to Sthiras and from Sthiras to Dwis wabhayas They also jump in Shoola Dasas.

१६. निर्याणलामादि ग्रूनद्या फले ॥

Sv. 16. Niryanalabhadi shooladasa phale.

In predicting results, the 7th from the Niryanashoola Dasa should be taken into first account.

NOTES

Shoola Dasas are marked as death inflicting. Take the 7th from the most powerful of these Niryana Rasis and begin to make predictions from it. This Niryanashoola is of many kinds. Rufrashoola, Maheswarashoola and Brahmashoola

१७. पुरुषे समाः सामान्यतः ॥

Sv. 17. Purushe samah samanyatah.

 If the Arambha or commencing Dasa falls in Purusha Rasi or masculine sign then the subsequent Rasi Dasas will be counted regularly and each Dasa gets 9 years only.

NOTES

If the commencing Dasa falls in a feminine sign, then the subsequent Dasas have to be counted from the 7th sign from it. In masculine horoscop's the Arambhy Dasa commences from Lagna. In feminine horoscopes it commences from the 7th.

१८. सिद्धा उद्धदाये ॥

St. 15. Siddha ududays.

Disas counted from the constellations at birth, have to be learned and taken from Parasara, Gargi, Vyasa and other well-known writers

Jamini asys be has not given them in his work because the can be learnt from other works and the Dasa periods will be as they are given there. We have 27 constellations and they have to be counted from Erith ka

- 1-1) Dave to be counted 110m	EIIII K	
		Years.
Krithika-Ravi Dasa		6
Rohini-Chandra Dasa		10
Mrigasira-Kuja ,		7
Arıdra-Rahu "		18
Punarvasu-Guru "		16
Pushyami-Sani ,,	***	19
Auslasha—Budha ,		17
Makha-Kethu "		7
Poobna-Sukra		20
Thurst		_

Then from star Uttara repeat the same planetary Dasa with the same number of years These are called Udu Dasas, from Udu meaning a constellation or stir Jaimin has made no reference before to constellations. He mentions them only in this sutra. Thus each planet gets 3 stars, with the same number of years. He uses the word Siddha meaning ready from other works well-known in the world.

१९. जगत्तस्थुवोरर्धं योगार्धे॥

Su 19 Jagathasthushorardham yogardhe.

The extent of yogardhadasa will be half of the two Dasas combined from the Chara and Sthira Rasis

NOTES

The Yogardhadasa will have to the stronger of the two Rasis, Lagna and the Saptama or the 7th

२०. स्पुलादर्शवैषम्याश्रयमेतत् ॥

Su 20. Stuladarsa vaishamyasrayam etat.

Yogardhadasa begins either from Lagna or the 7th house which ever is stronger

NOTES

The sources of strength and weakness have been clearly explained in the previous pages Yegardhadass commences from the stronger of the two Lagna and the 7th If the Rast which commences the Dasa be odd then, take the subsequent Dasas in the regular order If it is even then count the Dasas backwards Situla = Lagna or 1—Tha 7, la 3=73 reversed 37, divided by 12, we set 1 or Lagna

२१. क्रजादिखिक्रटपदक्रमेण स्मर्था ॥

SU 21 Kujadi strikuta pada kramena drig

Drigdasis are formed commencing with the 9th from Lagna, according to thrikonarupa pada

NOTES

Jammin now speaks about Drigdasa kuja=9 Ka 1, Ja 18=reversed B1, divided by 12, we get 9 Take the 3 houses from the Arambha Rasi, or commencing Rasi viz., 2nd, 5th and 9th from the 2nd, the 4th and the 5th and 9th from the 4th, these three sets of combinations from the Arambha Dasa or the commencing a go form what is technically called Drigdata.

२२-२३. मातृषर्भयोः मामान्यं त्रिपरीतमोजक्टयोः ॥ यथा सामान्यम् ॥

Su 22 & 23. Motrudharmayoh samanyam vipareethamoja kutayoh

Yatha samanyam

Those born in even signs will have the results as described in the previous suitas about the Trikon Dasa

NOTES

Matru means 5. Dharma signifies 11 If o 5, Ta 6=56, terested it will be 65, divided by 12, we have the remainder 5. Dha 9, Ma 5 = 95, reversed, we get 59, divided by 12, we have the balance 11, counting from 5th and 11th is considered 33 samanyam or ordinary, counting from odd and even signs is called Vyukrama or special or peculiar.

२४. पितृमातृ धर्मप्राण्यादिश्चिकेःणे ॥

Su. 24 Pitrumatru dharmapranyadistrikone.

Among the Trikonas, the Rasi Dasa commences with the strongest among them

NOTES

The Thrakonas are 1, 5 and 9.

२५. तत्र द्वारबाह्याभ्यां तद्वत् ॥

Sv. 25. Tatra dwarabahyabhyam tadwat.

The results which have been ascribed to Divara Bahya Rasis should also be predicted to the Thrikona Dasas

If the Paka and Bhoga Rasis are aspect d or joined by evil plinets the person will suffer from diseases, chains imprisonments etc similar results have to be predicted for Thrikona Dasas when they have evil aspects and conjunctions. Carefully read my notes on Sutra 3 of pida four, on Paka and Bhoga Rasis and the different views. explained by the commentators. Dwara and Bahya Rasis are Paka and Bhoga Rasis respectively.

२६. धासगैरिकात्परनीकरात्कारकैः फलादेशः ॥

Su 26 Dhasagairilatpatneekarat karalaih phaladesah

Results must be predicted from the Lasakas or lords of events and also from the first, third, seventh and the 9th Rasis

NOTES

About the person himself, the results must be predicted from the Atmakarika, from the 7th about elder and younger brothers and sisters, virtue and charities. These are well known principles in the other works on Astrology

२७. ताराकोंशे मन्दाद्यो दशेशः॥

Take the constellation of the day of the birth and divide the whole duration of the star by 12. Find out in which division the phatika of birth falls from the Lagna. Then count the Dasa from that, as per rules already given in the previous sutras. The Dasas here also must be given as 9 years for each Rasi. Here the meaning is not very clear. I understand thus. Janna Lagna'falls in some Rasi as a matter of fact. Take the whole duration of the Stir, and divide it by 12. Then the birth Lagna falls in one of these 12 divisions. The lord of that Rasi becomes the lord of the commencing Dasa. These Dasas have to be counted forwards and backwards in odd and even signs. The sutra may also be interpreted like tris. A is born at 14 ghatis after Sunrise on the 20th of Kumbha. The balance of Kimbha Rasi. at Sumrise will be 14 ghatis I am only giving a rough example.

Kumbha is 12 ghatis

Meens and Mesha run for 8 ghatis. This makes 9½ ghatis. Add Vrishabha 4½ ghatis. Thus 14 ghatis will conclude Vrishabha and the person is born in the end of Vrishabha Say the full extent of the star Bharani is 60 ghatis on that day after Suntise. Divided by 12, we get for each part 5 ghatis. Janunakala ghatis fall in the 3rd division and the 3rd Rass from Lagna, viz., Kataka may be taken as the commencing Rass Dasa. This is taken with reference to Chandra and hence called Chandra Dasa. I am very diffident about this explanation.

२८. तसिनुचे नीचे वा शीमन्तः॥

Su 28 Tasminnuchhe neeche va shreemantah

If, in the example given in the above sutra, the lord of the Rasi Dasa is in exaltation or debilitation the person becomes wealthy and influential

२९. खमित्रमें किंचित ॥

Su 29 Swamitrabhe kinchit

If, in such a Lagna its lord occupies a friendly sign, the wealth will be moderate.

३०. दुगताऽपरथा।।

Su 20 Durgathoaparadha

If the lord of Lagna above mentioned is not as stated previously, the person becomes poor and wretched

NOTES

This will be when he is debilitated, combined or aspected by malefies and is found in unfriendly houses

३१. खंबेपम्ये यथास्त्रं जनव्युस्क्रमी॥

SU 81 Swavar 'ramye yathaswam krama syuthkramau

If the Karaka occupies the odd sign then proceed for the subsequent Dasas in the regular way, but when he is in an even sign, then go backwards for the page Dasas

He has repeated this idea already in several sutras and I suppose he wants to emphasize the principal point which differs from other astrological principles

३२. साम्ये विपरीतम् ॥

Su 32 Saumye vipareetam

If the Karaka Rasi falls in even signs then count backwards

NOTES

This is just opposed to the above sutra where he refers to the planet and here he refers to the Rasi

३३. तत्तरश्चनाविष वेदितव्यमित्वेके आचार्यवदन्ति ॥

Su 33 Thathatsanavapı reditavyamıtyeke ucharva radantı

Some Acharyas say that all the results which have been ascribed to planets and signs in the previous sutras may also be predicted with reference to Sani and his positi in

NOTES

If this sutra is of Jaimini it speaks elequently to some facts. Previous to Jaimini Maharishis existed and wrote works on astrology and expounded principles, with some of which Jaimini is not in agreement. Jaimini was a contemporary of Vedayyasa and hence he lived more than 5,000 years ago. This prov 5th-great autiquity of sutras and also about Indian astrology including astronomy and other

kindred sciences Crooked theories, ascribing to Indian sciences centuries after A D may safely be lodged in the perverted brains of their authors

३४. अन्तर्भुक्त्यंशयोरेतत् ॥

Su. 34 Antarbhuktyamsayoretat.

These details above mentioned in the various sutras should also be accribed to the antar Dasas or sub-penods among the major Dasas in the forward and backward countings

३५. शुभा दञ्चा शुभयुते घाम्नयुचे वा।।

Su. 35 Shubha dasa shubhayute dhamnyuch he va.

If the Rasi has beneficial aspects and conjunctions, or if its lord has similar sources of strength or is exalted, then all the results will be beneficial

NOTES

The person will prosper in every way during the portion of such Rasis or lords. But otherwise he will suffer

३६. अन्ययाऽन्यथा।।

Su. 36 Anyadhanyadha

When the above conditions are not present, the results will be quite the contrary.

When Rasis are evil, when they have evil aspects or conjunctions, when deblittated planets occupy the Rasis or when their lords are deblittated, the beneficial results will be absent, and malicious results will trouble the person.

३७. सिद्धमन्यत्।।

Sv. 37. Siddhamanyat

Jamuni says that all the principles explained in this work are truth propounded in other works and therefore they hold good in all calculations and predictions.

End of Fourth Pada of Second Adbysya

THE END

could speak and read about ten languages, and filled various posts in the Ganjam District Northern Circars, and finally

	Moon	Rabu	Budha
	RASI		Sukra Ravi
Sanı			Kuja
	Kethu	Lagne Guru	

became Manager or Dewan of Parlakimid or Chinnakimid i Zamindari as it is called now. He was an expert in Mantrasastras, and highly religious and obligition. He would never flinch from doing an obliging and brought me up with great love and care. The following is

his horoscope. His tapobala was so great that with a blade of grass he was able to stop about 1,000 cattle and about 30 or 35 cow herds under the Maha Astra of Sanmohana. All the cattle and men lost their conscicusness, and after an hour of trial they began to move as if nothing had happened, when my father threw away the blade of grass Mark the posintions of planets in all the Kendras In addition to his onerous duties, he completed the gigantic task of finishing with his own hand, one crore and twenty five lacs of Sri Ramanamas, and concluded the religious rites connected with them four months before his death. Guru in Lagua and Sukra and Ravi in the 10th made him a wonderful man in Mantrasastras and he used to perform miracles when he liked He died in his 76 year on the morning of the 27th August 1891, and was therefore 75 years and 40 days old according to English calculations.

My mother had some abortions and at the advice of a fadhu in Chicacole, after the performance of severe remedies he had four daughters and two sons, myself being the younger son. My elder brother Jagannatha Row entered the Mysore service and retired as an Amildar or Tahsildanand died in December 1915. I was born on Tuesday, Rathar saptami in Magha of the Cyclic year Rakshasa, on 12th February 1856, at about 14 ghatis after Sunrise or midnoon at Chicacole in the Ganjam District and the following is my horoscope.

	Chan dra Rahu	Lagna	Sanı
Ravi Budha Guru	RAS1 Biagram		
Sukra		Kuja	

	Lagna Guru	Rahu	
	NAVA Diag		
Budha	Kethu	RAYL SUKRA SANI KUJA	Chan dra

After my birth my father wanted to give me the name in father Vonkataramaniah, but it appears, on the fourth day I became seriously ill and in the night God Surya or the Sua appeared to my father me a dream and ordered my father to name me as Suryaparania as I was bern at midnoon on the Rathasaptamis, a day held secred to the Sun and the Moon all over India About 4 miles from Chicacole there is a village called Arasavalli, where there is a complete Temple to the Sun God and which is considered a sacred shrine by the neighbouring people. My father most gladly accepted the altered name and to his surprise and that of my good mother, I was alright on the 5th day of my birth My father was called Gopala Row. He completed 125 less of Ramanamas with his own hand and deed on Golwişatami held sacred to St K Krishna

and my mother was called Rukmini, the name of the sacred wife of Krishna At 12° clock in the noor, the Sun is most powerful and the time goes under the special name of Abhijin Mooburta, and Abhijii Sarva Doshaghnam or that noon time which cuts and cures all evil influences. A notable incident occurred to me in my 5th year, which has influenced all my life to a considerable extent. My first Aksharabhyasa or beginning of education began in my 5th year at Parlakimidi where my father was Dewan to the Raja.

On that memorable night, I slept with my father, and had a wonderful dream. I was taken to Suryaloka to the presence of the glorious Sun, and made to sit on his lap. His spouse Chavadevi gave me Payasam (wheat preparation with milk and sugar) and some fruits and milde me eat them. After showing great love and kindness Surya put his hands on my head, putted me on my back and pronounced the blessing, that I would live lo g, have many children, become a learned and great mun, would write many books and become an author, events which have been most wonderfully verified I am now in my *77th year, with a brain as clear and vigorous as it was when I was 30 or 35 years, and I have completed 67 books on various subjects, including my History of Vijayanagar, the Nevar-To-Bs-Forgotten Empire. I awoke and related my dream to my father, who had already anticipated some idea of my future greatness. In my boyish days I was extremely intelligent, and possessed an admirable memory, coupled with a strong and piercing intellect. But as it often happens with intelligent boys, I was irregular

This-was written in 1933 A D -Editor.

in attendance at school, careless of my studies, fond of running jumping and other athletic exercises, and was mischievous to a considerable extent. All the while I felt I would become a great man and a scholar, and even challenged my teachers with this idea when they found fault with my irregular attendance and want of attention to my lessons. While I was in the Senior B. A class, in the Central College at Bangalore, Mr. J. Cook, M. A., Principal, rebuked me for want of attention to studies and for not copying notes, which begave us copiously. I was ready with my impertment answer. I observed in a determined tone that conving notes forms the part of dull headed students, and superficial teachers and that bright students, like myself, need no such process. He remarked that he was a student and amanuensis of Dr. Bain of Psychological fame and that I should obey him I told him that I would become a greater man, than both of them, with the result that I was turned out of the class for a day Mr Cook was a gene rous Scotch gentleman. He sent for me next day and ques tionedme whether my behaviour was right.

I replied that his treatment of students should be different as the intelligent and spirited could not bear campy remarks which dull boys, consider as their inheritance. Both being frank the reconciliation was quick and smooth. When I met him 20 years after publishing some of my works, specially the History of Viriganagar or the Never to-B* Forgotten Empire, he had the nobility to address me as a greater man than himself, while I modestly, acknowledged his Valuable leatructions as the basis for all my scholarship is Ergilsh and Physical Sciences. I was intended to take up the legal line and finished my legal studies, and practised for about 9 years as a Lawyer in Bellity. I kept up a decent establish-

ment, and my house was open to all classes of professiona experts, the musicians, the Veena men, the learned pandits the religious yogis, the vedantists, the jugglers, buffoons and other artistes would flock to my place. For fuller details, the readers are referred to my Autobiography. My astrological institucts were stirred up by Thogaray Ramasastry at Bangalore while! was in the F. A. class.

I picked up my knowledge in this science by reading books on this subject. The details are beautifully given in my Life I had no high opinion for English astrological publications and never cared to read them There is neither depth nor inquiry, por research in them. My first work on astrology appeared in a dialect form, English and Kannada, in 1882-My collegiate studies gave me no leisure for progress in my astrological researches and my Astrological Self instructor first appeared in 1892, the second, in 1898, and the 3rd in 1900, the interval being taken up by my legal practice. Fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh, followed at longer intervals and the 8th has to be printed soon * An Ooriya astrologer, in Parlakimidi by name Brahma, soon after my birth, fore told my future greatness I feel I am under the direct grace of the glorious Sun at every important turn in my life, and his presence in the 10th house from my Lagna, and 11th from Chandra, with Budha and Guru has inspired me to hold the view that I am destined to become a great man and write valuable works, on a variety of interesting and inst ructive sub e ts.

I first married my maternal uncle's daughter by name Bhagiratamma and she bore ten children, of whom

^{*}The 8th and 9th editions have also appeared after Prof. Rao s. death. Ed.

Though my earnings have been great, my expenses have not been small I possess generous instincts and always take delight in helping others when my aid is needed. I am an admirer of all talents in any form in any man and my company is always pleasant and instructive. I may be called a jolly hearted fellow, as I never take miseries in a miserable light. I possess fluent powers of speech and writing in almost equal degrees and this rare gift I attribute to the special grace of the Goddess of learning Saraswathi I always pray to her devoutly and get my promptings through Her Divine Grace Mylfamiliarity with Western and Eastern Sciences gives me great advantage to lead the people wherever I may be Lam'a great lover of music and other fine arts, and my resi dence is generally kent in a fashionable manner. I have had audiences with Viceroys, Governors and Maharagas, and all of them were pleased with my behaviour, spirit of independence and capacity in conversation and arguments. I have had suitable khillats and presents from many Maharajas and aristocrats and the National and individual predictions, I made about wars, fammes, deaths of royal personages, plagues, epidemics and other phenomena have been remarkably fulfilled and these facts are well known to the public, who are in touch with my works. I predicted about the great Anglo German War, and the nations who would be involved in its deadly folds, six months before the war, in my March Magazine for 1914, and said, that the war would begin in August of that year. The Magazines are before the public, and they can judge of the truth of these istatements My lectures, conversations and works have been highly appreciated by the cultured public. I have been leading a Jeligious life, in this age of false allurements, of false civilisa-

Though my earnings have been great, my expenses have not been small I possess generous instincts and always take delight in helping others when my aid is needed. I am an admirer of all talents in any form in any man and my company is always pleasant and instructive I may be called a jolly hearted fellow, as I never take miseries in a miserable light. I possess fluent powers of speech and writing in almost equal degrees and this rare gift I attribute to the special grace of the Goddess of learning Saraswathi I always pray to her devoutly and get my promptings through Her Divine Grace Mylfamiliarity with Western and Eastern Sciences gives me great advantage to lead the people wherever I may be I am a great lover of music and other fine arts, and my residence is generally kept in a fashionable manner. I have had audiences with Viceroys, Governors and Maharapas, and all of them were pleased with my behaviour, spirit of independence and capacity in conversation and arguments. I have had suitable khillats and presents from many Maharajas and aristocrats and the National and individual predictions, I made about wars, fammes, deaths of royal personages, plagues, epidemics and other phenomena have been remarkably fulfilled and these facts are well known to the public, who are in touch with my works. I predicted about the great Anglo German War, and the nations who would be involved in its deadly folds, six months before the war, in my March Magazine for 1914, and said that the war would begin in August of that year The Magazines are before the public and they can judge of the truth of these istatements. My lectures, conversations and works have been highly appreciated by the cultured public. I have been leading in Jeligious life, in this age of false allurements, of false civilisation and of false professions and have felt strongly in my innermost heart that God protects all those, who entirely sincerely and honestly place their faith and confidence in Him My own independent life is a great illustration of that principle, which lays down complete devotion to God and honest and sincere life under. His gracious and omninotent guidance should be the highest ideal for human efforts. May He shower His choicest Blessings on all and make the world happy, cheerful and peaceful have been my earnest daily prayers to the Almighty The aphorism, so heaptifully and aptly ordained on every holy Brahmin after his Puias are over, deserves to be reproduced here for the benefit of my "Swasts Praighbyah Parshalayamntam Nyayena readers Margena Maheem Mahisah . Gobrahmanaubhyassubhamasiu Nitjam, lokarsamastah Sukhino bhavantu , Kalay Varshaun Parsanyah Pruhyisasyasalinee, Desoyam Kshohbharahitaah Brahmanah santu Nirbhayaha Aputrah Putrinah santut Putrinasihntu Poutrinah Adhanah saahanassantu seevanti saradossatam ' Liberally translated the verse means-let all the people live in happiness, let the rulers be just and sympathetic in their rule, let the milky cows and Brahmins be blessed everyday let all the worlds eprov perfect happiness. let seasonal rains enrich the lands. let earth be productive let the countries enjoy freedom from enidemics, let Brahmins, attend to their prayers, without any fear from evil minded people, let those who have no children beget children, let those who have no grandchildren, be blessed with grand children, let those who have no money, get money and letall people live till they are one hundred years old. This is a prayer, as tolerant, as honest, as broad minded and as sympathetic as possible and when really good men send thes prayers constantly to God with faith and devotion they will never go in vain. I shall give you here a short sketch of my ancestors and pedigree.

I am a direct descendant of the great Maharishis Vasista, Parasara and Vedayyara. The Pedigree of Vedayyasa is thus given in our daily prayers.

- I. Vasista-Brahma Man saputra or one evoyled out of the great mental energy power of Brahma.
 - 2. Sakti son of Vasista and Arundbati. 3 Farasata son of Sakts.

 - 4. Vedavyasa, Badarayana or Krishna Dwaipayana son of Parasara.
 - 5. Shuka son of Vyasa.